

# ode\_solve\_test

June 7, 2021

```
[1]: #First define the function f(t,u) in the ODE u' = f(t,u). Here u is treated  
#as a vector (u[0],u[1],...) so for a scalar ODE use u[0].
```

```
def f(t,u):  
    return [t+u[0]]
```

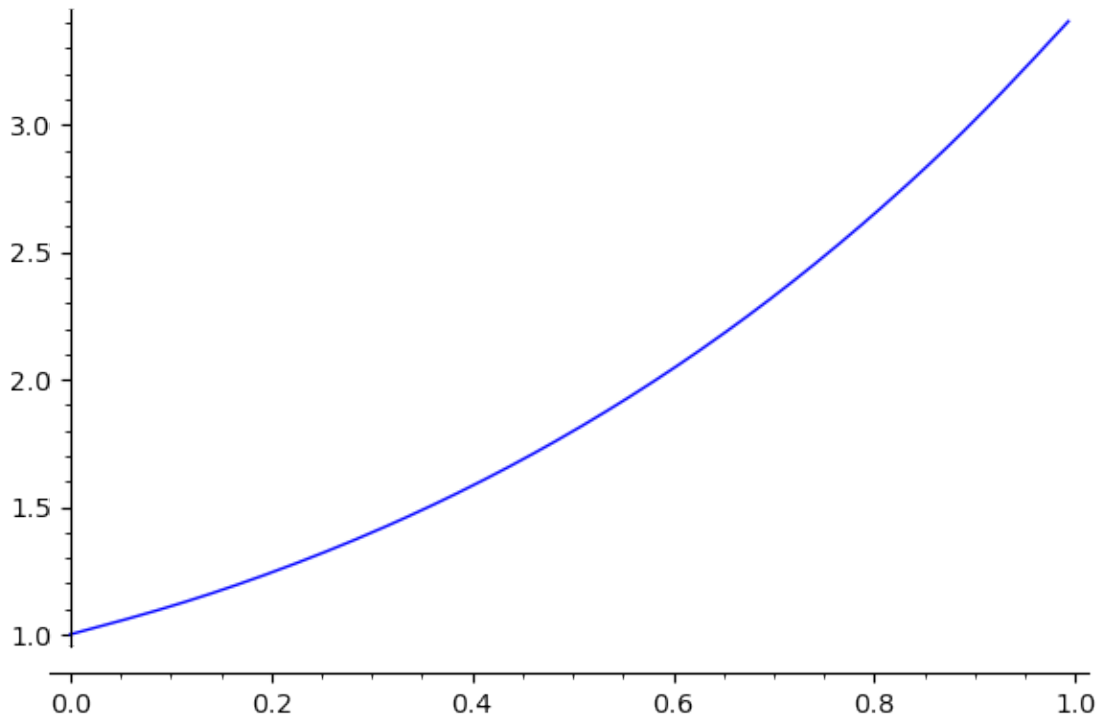
```
[2]: T = ode_solver() #Set up data structure "T" for handling solution process
```

```
[3]: T.function = f #Define the right side of the ODE
```

```
[4]: T.ode_solve(y_0=[1],t_span=[0,1],num_points=10) #Call the solver with initial  
↪condition u(0)=1 (must label "y0")
```

```
[5]: usol = T.interpolate_solution() #Set up a function "usol" to interpolate the  
↪solution
```

```
[6]: plot(usol,0,1).show() #Plot the solution
```



[7]: `usol(0.5) #Evaluate the solution at a certain time`

[7]: 1.7974425413610653

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