MA/CSSE 473 – Design and Analysis of Algorithms

Homework 2 – (10 problems, 82 points total) Updated for Winter, 2016-17

These are to be turned in to a drop box on Moodle. You may write your solutions by hand and scan them if you wish. When a problem is listed by number, it is from Levitin. 1.1.2 means "Exercise 2 from section 1.1".

Timing suggestion: This is a very long assignment; HW 1 is not quite as long. I recommend that you do part of this assignment *before* the due date for HW1. Because some students will take a while to "get into" this course, I chose to make HW 1 shorter and HW2 longer. If you want to make the workload more even, schedule you time pretending that a couple of HW2 problems are really in HW1.

Problems for enlightenment/practice/review (not to turn in, but you should at least think about them):

How many of them you need to do serious work on depends on you and your background. I do not want to make everyone do one of them for the sake of the (possibly) few who need it. You can hopefully figure out which ones you need to do.

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2.1.7 [2.1.7]
                    (and 2.1.8. Effect of changing problem size on runtime)
2.1.10a [2.1.10]
                    (chess-board doubling)
                    (efficiency of sequential search)
2.2.1 [2.2.1]
                    (informal definitions of asymptotic notations)
2.2.2 [2.2.2]
                    (orders of growth for polynomials and exponentials)
2.2.6 [2.2.6]
                    (effect of presorting on running time)
2.2.9 [2.2.9]
2.3.1 [2.3.1]
                    (summation practice)
                    (Secret algorithm)
2.3.5 [2.3.5]
                    (Enigma algorithm)
2.3.6 [2.3.6]
2.3.12 [2.3.11]
                    (von Neumann's Neighborhood)
2.3.13 [not in 2<sup>nd</sup> ed] (Page numbering).
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13. Page numbering Find the total number of decimal digits needed for numbering pages in a book of 1000 pages. Assume that the pages are numbered consecutively starting with 1.

2.4.13[not in 2nd ed] (Frying Hamburgers)

- 13. Frying hamburgers There are n hamburgers to be fried on a small grill that can hold only two hamburgers at a time. Each hamburger has to be fried on both sides; frying one side of a hamburger takes one minute, regardless of whether one or two hamburgers are fried at the same time. Consider the following recursive algorithm for executing this task. If $n \leq 2$, fry the hamburger (or the two hamburgers together if n=2) on each side. If n>2, fry two hamburgers together on each side and then fry the remaining n-2 hamburgers by the same algorithm.
 - a. Set up and solve the recurrence for the amount of time this algorithm needs to fry n hamburgers.
 - b. Explain why this algorithm does *not* fry the hamburgers in the minimum amount of time for all n>0.
 - c. Give a correct recursive algorithm that executes the task in the minimum amount of time for all n>0 and find a closed-form formula for the minimum amount of time.

2.5.3 [2.5.4] (Climbing stairs)

Another good practice problem to prepare for this assignment: The "growable array" exercise from 230. See the three files from days 01 and 02 in the 230-materials folder.

Problems to write up and turn in:

1.	2.1.4	(6 points)	(socks and gloves) Note that a "selection" does not mean choosing a single glove. It means choosing all of the gloves or socks that you are going to choose. You don't look at any of them until you havre chosen all of them.
2.	2.1.5	(9 points)	(number of digits in the representation of a positive integer) Note that there are four parts of this problem. If you have the 2 nd edition of Levitin, see the "Problems" document. Points: (3, 3, 1, 2)
3.	2.2.3	(10 points)	(big-theta of specific functions with proofs) For parts a&b, use limits; for e, use formal definitions of O and Ω ; you should probably find specific values for the c and n_0 in the formulas on pages 53-55. for c & d, you can use the theorem on p 56.
4.	2.2.7a,d	(4 points)	(proof or disproof of properties using the formal definition)
5.	2.2.12 [2.2.10]	(6 points)	(door in a wall). Show that your algorithm is actually O(N).
6.	2.3.2	(8 points)	(big-theta for various summations).
7.	2.3.11 [2.3.10]	(10 points)	(GE Algorithm – yeah, it's a big secret what GE stands for \odot) Include a quantitative indication of how much time is gained by removing the glaring inefficiency.

- 8. 2.4.14 [5.3.10] (10 points) (Celebrity identification) **be sure to start this one early!** "Efficient" in this case means making the number of questions for N people as small as you can, and you should say how many questions (as a function of N) are required by your approach in the worst case.
- 9. Master Theorem Proof (8 points). These questions refer to the proof of the Master Theorem in Weiss section 7.5.3 (available on Moodle). Later we will have homework problems that use the Master Theorem.

This proof is sometimes part of CSSE 230, but it happens during the time of the big team project, so many students don't focus on it enough to really understand it. Here is your chance to do so! If you do not already feel comfortable with telescoping as a method of solving recurrence relations, read the early parts of section 7.5.3 carefully. If you do, you can start with the page before the proof. Levitin also has a proof of a stronger version of the Master Theorem in Appendix B.

You'll probably find one or more of the formulas from Levitin's Appendix A to be helpful here.

- (a) (5 points) (7.11) Why is it $O(A^M)$? Why is the second equation true ()? (b) (3 points) Sentence after (7.11). Why does the sum contain that many terms? Why does $A = \mathbb{R}^k$ imply A^M .
- (b) (3 points) Sentence after (7.11). Why does the sum contain that many terms? Why does $A = B^k$ imply $A^M = N^k$?
- 10. Dasgupta questions (6 points, 2 for each part). Refers to an excerpt from Dasgupta's book (on Moodle)
 - (a) What does Dasgupta say are the two main ideas that changed the world? Do you agree? What else might you include in the list?
 - (b)Why is the simple Fibonacci algorithm at the bottom of page 4 (of the Dasgupta book) actually not O(n)?
 - (c) Show how to use al-Khwarizmi's technique to multiply 9 (first column) by 15 (second column).

Note on problem 10. These are easy "did you read this?" questions. On later assignments, there will be "real" problems based on the Dasgupta excerpt.

11. 3.1.7(b) (5 points) Stack of fake coins. Minimum # of weighings. Explain your answer. [Not in 2nd edition. See the problems and hints document for details].