

Boyer Moore Intro

- When determining how far to shift after a mismatch
 - Horspool only uses the text character corresponding to the rightmost pattern character
 - Can we do better?
- Often there is a partial match (on the right end of the pattern) before a mismatch occurs
- Boyer-Moore takes into account k, the number of matched characters before a mismatch occurs.
- If k=0, same shift as Horspool. So we consider
 0 < k < m (if k = m, it is a match).

Boyer-Moore Algorithm

- Based on two main ideas:
- compare pattern characters to text characters from right to left
- precompute the shift amounts in two tables
 - bad-symbol table indicates how much to shift based on the text's character that causes a mismatch
 - good-suffix table indicates how much to shift based on matched part (suffix) of the pattern



Bad-symbol shift in Boyer-Moore

- If the rightmost character of the pattern does not match, Boyer-Moore algorithm acts much like Horspool's
- If the rightmost character of the pattern does match, BM compares preceding characters right to left until either
 - all pattern's characters match, or
 - a mismatch on text's character c is encountered after k > 0 matches

text c c ≠ k matches pattern

 $d_1 = \max\{t_1(c) - k, 1\}$, where $t_1(c)$ is the value from the Horspool shift table.

bad-symbol shift: How much should we shift by?

Boyer-Moore Algorithm

After successfully matching 0 < k < m characters, with a mismatch at character k from the end (the character in the text is c), the algorithm shifts the pattern right by

$$d = \max \{d_1, d_2\}$$

where $d_1 = \max\{t_1(c) - k, 1\}$ is the bad-symbol shift $d_2(k)$ is the good-suffix shift

Remaining question:

How to compute good-suffix shift table?

$$d_2[k] = ???$$



Boyer-Moore Recap 2

- n length of text
- m length of pattern
- j position in text that we are trying to match with rightmost pattern character
- k number of characters (from the right) successfully matched before a mismatch

After successfully matching $0 \le k < m$ characters, the algorithm shifts the pattern right by

$$d = \max \{d_1, d_2\}$$

where $d_1 = \max\{t_1[c] - k, 1\}$ is the *bad-symbol* shift $(t_1[c] \text{ is from Horspool table})$

d₂[k] is the good-suffix shift

(next we explore how to compute it)

Good-suffix Shift in Boyer-Moore

- Good-suffix shift d₂ is applied after the k last characters of the pattern are successfully matched
 - -0 < k < m
- How can we take advantage of this?
- As in the bad suffix table, we want to pre-compute some information based on the characters in the suffix.
- We create a good suffix table whose indices are k = 1...m-1, and whose values are how far we can shift after matching a k-character suffix (from the right).
- Spend some time talking with one or two other students. Try to come up with criteria for how far we can shift.
- Example patterns: CABABA AWOWWOW WOWWOW ABRACADABRA



Can you figure these out?

- 4. For each given string, fill in the good-suffix table from the Boyer-Moore algorithm.
 - 1. banana

	k	shift	
	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		

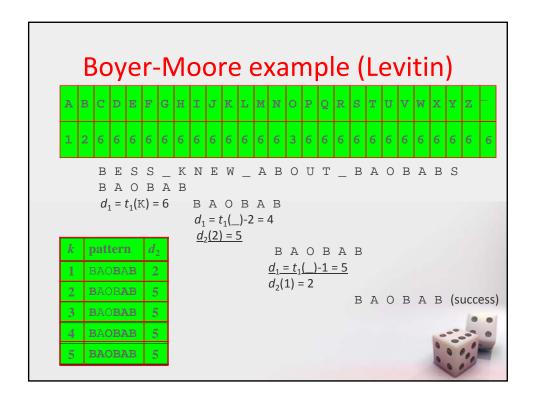
2. wowwow

k	shift		
1			
2			
3			
4			
Е			

3. abcdcbcabcabc

k	shift
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	





Boyer-Moore Example (mine)

```
pattern = abracadabra
abracadabt abracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabr
m = 11, n = 67
badCharacterTable: a3 b2 r1 a3 c6 x11
GoodSuffixTable: (1,3) (2,10) (3,10) (4,7) (5,7) (6,7) (7,7) (8,7)
 (9,7) (10,7)
abracadabtabradabracadabcadaxbrabbracadabraxxxxxxabracadabracadabra
abracadabra
 i = 10 k = 1
                                                                                                                                      t1 = 11 d1 = 10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  d2 = 3
abracadabtabradabracadabcadaxbrabbracadabraxxxxxxabracadabracadabra
                                                                k = 1
                                                                                                                                                     t1 = 6 d1 = 5 d2 = 3
abracadab tabradab racadab cadax brabbracadab raxxxxxx abracadab racadab raxxxxxx abracadab raxxxxxx abracadab raxxxxxx abracadab raxxxxxx abracadab raxxxxx abracadab raxxxxx abracadab raxxxxx abracadab raxxxxx abracadab raxxxxx abracadab raxxxx abracadab raxxxx abracadab raxxxx abracadab raxxxx abracadab raxxxx abracadab raxxx ab
                                                                                            abracadabra
                                                                    k = 1 t1 = 6 d1 = 5 d2 = 3
abracadabtabradabracadabcadaxbrabbracadabraxxxxxxabracadabracadabra
                                                                                                                        abracadabra
                                                                  k = 0 t1 = 1 d1 = 1
```

Boyer-Moore Example (mine)

First step is a repeat from the previous slide

```
abracadabtabradabracadabcadaxbrabbracadabraxxxxxxabracadabracadabra
                                                             abracadabra
i = 30  k = 0  t1 = 1  d1 = 1
abracadabtabradabracadabcadaxbrabbracadabraxxxxxxabracadabracadabra
                                                                abracadabra
i = 31  k = 3  t1 = 11  d1 = 8  d2 = 10
abracadabtabradabracadabcadaxbrabbracadabraxxxxxxabracadabracadabra
                                                                                  abracadabra
i = 41  k = 0  t1 = 1  d1 = 1
abracadabtabradabracadabcadaxbrabbracadabraxxxxxxabracadabracadabra
abracadabra i = 42 k = 10 t1 = 2 d1 = 1
abracadabtabradabracadabcadaxbrabbracadabraxxxxxxabracadabracadabra
                                                                                                                            abracadabra
                                  abracadabra k = 1 t1 = 11 d1 = 10 d2 = 3
abracadabtabradabracadabcadax brabbracadabrax xxxxxx abracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabracadabr
                 Brute force took 50 times through the outer
                 loop; Horspool took 13; Boyer-Moore 9 times.
```

Boyer-Moore Example

- On Moore's home page
- http://www.cs.utexas.edu/users/moore/best-ideas/string-searching/fstrpos-example.html