ERROR HANDLING IN CONCURRENT ERLANG

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SVN Update ErlangInClass/lifts

GETTING DOWN WITH LIFTS

- Time-limits for receive
- Multiple processes

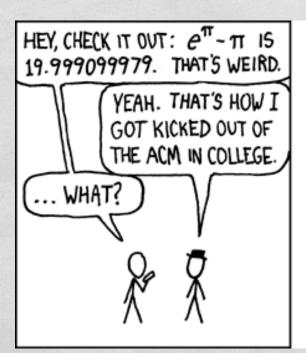
USING TIME-OUTS TO CREATE PERIODIC EVENTS

- Open lifts_v3.erl
- Notice:
 - monitor_car function
 - car_hardware and car_loop interaction

REGISTERED PROCESSES

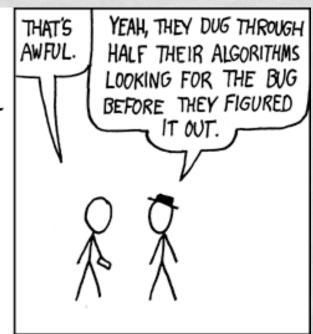
- Some processes are intended to handle messages from throughout the system
- Can register these so we don't have to pass around their PIDs
- Four BIFs for this:
 - register(AnAtom, Pid), unregister(AnAtom)
 - whereIs(AnAtom), registered()

ETO PI MINUS PI



DURING A COMPETITION, I TOLD THE PROGRAMMERS ON OUR TEAM THAT $e^{2T} - 1T$ WAS A STANDARD TEST OF FLOATING-POINT HANDLERS -- IT WOULD COME OUT TO 20 UNLESS THEY HAD ROUNDING ERRORS.





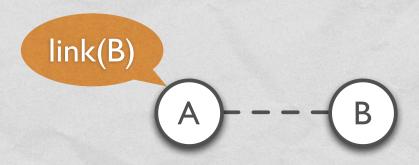
Also, I hear that the fourth root of $(9^2 + 19^2/22)$ is π

CONCURRENT ERROR HANDLING

- Relies on:
 - Linked processes
 - Exit signals
 - System processes

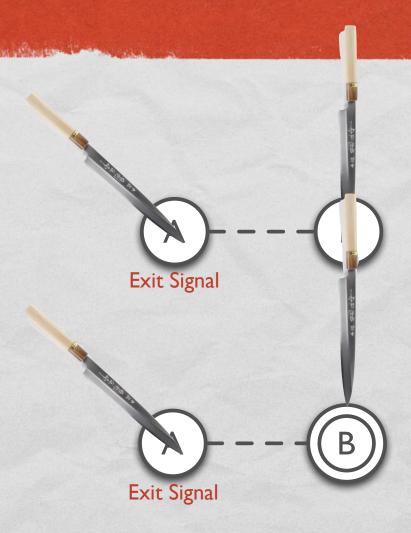
FORMING LINKS

- Any process can link with another using link(Pid)
- Link is symmetric
- If either dies, the other receives an exit signal



EFFECTS OF EXIT SIGNALS

- Regular process:
 - Dies too
- System process:
 - Traps signal and handles it



SYSTEM PROCESS EXAMPLE

Could refer to a remote process

```
create_exit_handler(ForPID, WhyFun) ->
    spawn(fun() ->

Makes newly spawned
process a system process

link(ForPID), Links newly spawned
process to given one

{'EXIT', ForPID, Why} ->
    WhyFun(Why)
end
end
end).
Waits for and
```

handles exit signal

LINK SETS

- A process P can be linked to several other processes
- Those processes are called the link set of P
- An exit signal generated by P is broadcast to all processes in P's link set

GENERATING EXIT SIGNALS

- Explicitly: exit(Reason)
- Implicitly: when uncaught error occurs
- Normally: when process runs off the end
- For insurance purposes: exit(Pid2, Reason)

HANDLING DIFFERENT EXITS SIGNALS

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Exit Signal Received	trap_exit Setting	Action Taken
kill	true	Die, broadcasting killed to link set
killed	true	Continue, adding {'EXIT', Pid, killed} to mailbox
Msg	true	Continue, adding {'EXIT', Pid, Msg} to mailbox
normal	false	Continue, ignoring the signal
kill	false	Die, broadcasting killed to link set
Msg	false	Die, broadcasting Msg to link set

EXIT TRAPPING IDIOMS

- Heartless: I don't care if you die
 - Just spawn new process
- Romeo: I want to die if you die
 - Don't trap exits
 - Use spawn_link to simultaneously spawn and link to new process
- Executor: I'll handle your affairs if you die
 - Trap exits and use spawn_link for new process