1. Rewrite in CPS form (treat memq as substantial, thus we call memq-cps) (define intersection (lambda (los1 los2) (cond [(null? los1) '()] [(memq (car los1) los2) (cons (car los1) (intersection (cdr los1) los2))] [else (intersection (cdr los1) los2)]))) 2. (define free-vars-cps ; convert to CPS (lambda (exp k) (cond [(symbol? exp) ] [(eq? (1st exp) 'lambda) ] [else ]))) 3. (define union-cps (lambda (s1 s2 k) (if (null? s1)

```
4.
(define remove-cps
  (lambda (element ls k)
      (if (null? ls)
```

## 5. Succeed and fail continuations example: prod-cps

Another similar example, substitute-leftmost (you may want to annotate this:

```
(define substitute-leftmost
  (lambda (new old slist)
    (subst-left-cps
      new
      old
      slist
      (lambda (v) v)
                        ; changed continuation
      (lambda () slist); unchanged continuation
    ))))
define subst-left-cps ; changed and unchanged are continuations
 (lambda (new old slist changed unchanged)
  (let loop ([slist slist] [changed changed] [unchanged unchanged])
   (cond
    [(null? slist) (apply-k unchanged)]
    [(symbol? (car slist))
     (if (eq? (car slist) old)
         (apply-k changed (cons new (cdr slist)))
         (loop (cdr slist)
              (make-k (lambda (substituted-cdr)
                        (apply-k changed
                                 (cons (car slist) substituted-cdr))))
               unchanged))]
       [else ; car is an s-list
       (loop (car slist)
             (make-k (lambda (substituted-car)
                         (apply-k changed (cons substituted-car (cdr slist)))))
             (make-k (lambda ()
                    (loop (cdr slist)
                           (make-k (lambda (substituted-cdr)
                                     (apply-k changed
                                              (cons (car slist)
                                                     substituted-cdr))))
                           unchanged))))))))
```