

CSSE 230 Day 9

Binary Search Tree intro BST with order properties

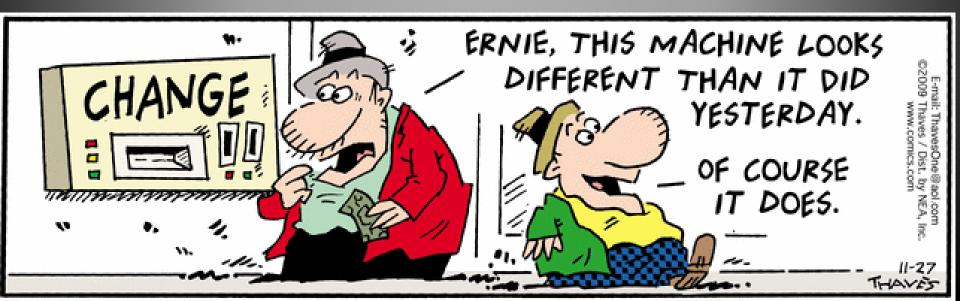
After today, you should be able to... ... implement deletion from a BST

Announcements

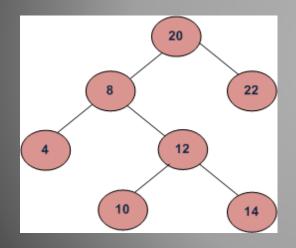
- Partner Evaluation done?
- How was SOA Hack Night?

Q/A and Work time today, 2nd hour

Questions?



Binary Search Trees



Binary Trees that store elements in increasing order A Binary Search Tree (BST) allows easy and fast lookup of its items because it keeps them ordered

Draw a "birthday BST"

01 - 2

- A BST is a Binary Tree T with these properties:
 - 1. Elements are Comparable, and non-null
 - 2. No duplicate elements
 - 3. All elements in T's left subtree are less than the root element
 - 4. All elements in T's right subtree are greater than the root element
 - 5. Both subtrees are BSTs
- Advantage: Lookup of items is O(height(T))
- What does the inorder traversal of a BST yield?

BST insert, contains, and delete are different Q3-7 than in a regular binary tree

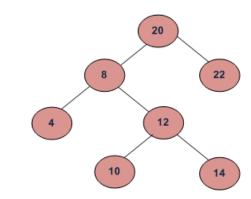
public class BinarySearchTree<T extends Comparable<T>> {

```
private BinaryNode root;
```

```
public BinarySearchTree() {
   this.root = NULL_NODE; // or null;
}
```

// insert obj. If already there, return false
public boolean insert(T obj)// yesterday

// Does this tree contain obj?
public boolean contains(T obj)



Implementation issues, part 1 (notes from spec)

- The recursive BinaryNode insert() and delete() in the text return BinaryNodes. So how do the BinarySearchTree methods return Booleans?
- Can you return 2 things?
 - Create a simple composite class to hold both a boolean and a BinaryNode?
- Can you pass and mutate a parameter?
 - Parameters are call-by-value, so primitives can be mutated.
 - Pass a simple BooleanContainer object so you can mutate the Boolean inside?

Implementation issues, part 2

- Modifying (inserting/deleting) from a tree should cause any current iterators to fail (throw a ConcurrentModificationException).
 • How do you detect this?
- How do you remove from an iterator?
 - Just call BST remove().
 - But throw exceptions if next() hasn't been called, or if remove is called twice in a row. (Javadoc for TreeSet iterator has details.)