CSSE 230 Day 1

Brief Course Intro Math Review Growable Array Analysis

Pick up an in-class quiz from the table near the door

In-class Quizzes: what and why?

Agenda

- Roll Call (Now)
 - Please tell me
 - · What name you prefer to be called
 - · How to pronounce your name if I don't get it right.
- A few administrative details
- Brief tour of course materials
- Review: Algorithm Analysis/math formulas
- Growable Arrays exercise

A Few Instructor Facts

- Degrees: Caltech, Illinois, Indiana (MA, MA, CS)
- ▶ This is my 24th year at Rose
- Have taught about 20 different courses; favorites are ...
- ▶ I have 9 children, ages 10-30, 4 grandchildren
- I live very close to campus
- Summer 2010 I was diagnosed with a very rare connective tissue disease, scleromyxedema
 - Thanks to God's grace and a miracle drug, IVIG, it is under control
 - I may have to miss a day's class for treatment
- I *really* like it when you include 230 as part (but not all) of the subject line in emails to me

Contact Info

- Claude's Office: F210
 - MTR 2:30-5:00 PM (except when I have meetings*)
 - WF all day (except when I have meetings*)
 - * See my schedule, linked from course Syllabus
 - I try to keep it up-to-date
- Lab assistant(s) in F217:
 - Times and staff to be determined
 - If you know of someone who did well in 230 who is looking for a Work-study or work-opportunity job, send him/her to me.
- Phone: x8331
- Email: anderson@rose-hulman.edu
- ▶ Better: <u>csse230-staff@rose-hulman.edu</u>
- Best (for many questions): Discussion forums on ANGEL.

Q1-3

Email Subject Lines

- Please include 230 somewhere in your subject line
- And also include a real subject
- Examples:
 - Bad: When's WarmupAndStretching due?
 - Bad: CSSE 230
 - Good: CSSE 230: When's WarmupAndStretching due?



A quick tour of the online course materials

- Syllabus
 - Attendance required!
- Schedule page
 - Look at imminent due dates
 - Posted schedule is preliminary; may change as we go along.
 - But the date for Exam 1 is fixed.
 (Wednesday March 28, 7-9 PM)
- ANGEL Discussion Forums and Drop Boxes

Q6-8

Major themes of the course

- Data structures and algorithms
- Efficient programming
- Calculating running times
- Proving properties of data structures and algorithms

Weiss Textbook

- Good mix of theory and practice, design and implementation.
- Lots of interesting language issues. He talks about Java, but applicable to other languages.
- Challenging problems, a good place to go as you review for exams.
- Read it!
- ▶ This week: Chapters 1-6.
 - Most should be review, so you can skim those parts.
 - Make notes of things to ask about or to focus on later.

Bonus points for reporting bugs

- In the textbook
- In any of my materials.
- Use the Bug Report Forum on ANGEL
- More details in the Syllabus.

Programming is not a spectator sport

And neither is this course.

Ask, evaluate, respond, comment!

Is it better to ask a question and risk revealing your ignorance, or to remain silent and perpetuate your ignorance?

Feel free to interrupt during class discussions

Learning trumps politeness in this course!

Assistance and Assistants!

- I want to help those who are working hard and need help
 - And so do the student assistants
 - Please feel free to come to us for help
- ▶ But we're not your mother ...
 - YOU must take charge of your education
 - Don't procrastinate!
 - Ask questions!



CSSE 230 Grading scale:

Grading Scale

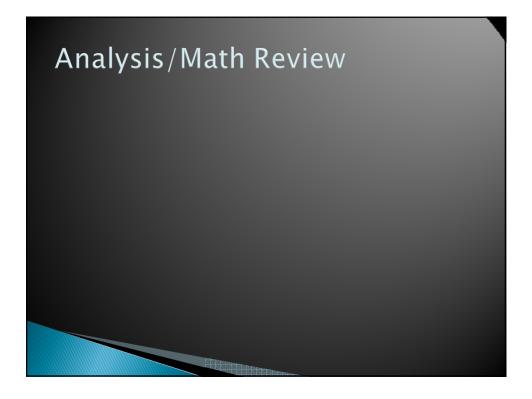
Label	Minimum Percent	
Α	87.5	Edit Delete
B+	82.5	Edit Delete
В	77.5	Edit Delete
C+	72.5	Edit Delete
С	67.5	Edit Delete
F	0	Edit Delete

- Why the lower numbers for grade cut-offs?
- Why no D grades?

Something due almost every day this week!

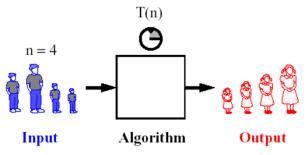
- Lots of reading (skim, slow down on parts that are new)
- Introduce Yourself discussion forum on ANGEL (due Tuesday at 8 AM)
- ANGEL diagnostic quizzes (due Tuesday 8AM and Wednesday 8AM)
- First written assignment (due Thursday 8 AM),
- Multi-part programming assignment
 - WarmUpAndStretching, due Monday at 8 AM.
 - 5 days, 5 programs (start today!)
- Read the schedule page carefully as you prepare for each day.





Credit where credit is due...

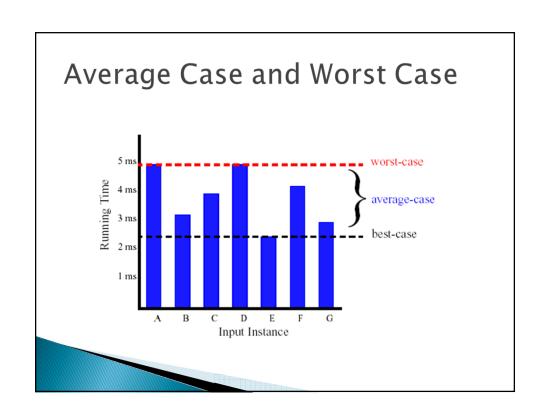
Images like this one:



are from Data Structures and Algorithms in JAVA by Michael Goodrich and Roberto Tomassia

Running Times

- Algorithms may have different time complexity on different data sets
- What do we mean by "Worst Case" time complexity?
- What do we mean by "Average Case" time complexity?
- What are some application domains where knowing the Worst Case time complexity would be important?



You Floor Me

• Floor

 $\lfloor x \rfloor$ = the largest integer $\leq x$

Ceiling

 $\lceil x \rceil$ = the smallest integer $\geq x$

• java.lang.Math, provides the static methods floor() and ceil()

Yes, yes. Sum of the time.

- Summations
 - general definition:

$$\sum_{i=s}^{t} f(i) = f(s) + f(s+1) + f(s+2) + \dots + f(t)$$

- where f is a function, s is the start index, and t is the end index

You call this progress?

- Geometric progression: $f(i) = a^i$
 - given an integer $n \ge 0$ and a real number $0 \le a \ne 1$

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} a^{i} = 1 + a + a^{2} + \dots + a^{n} = \frac{1 - a^{n+1}}{1 - a}$$
 Memorize this formula!

- geometric progressions exhibit exponential growth

Exercise: What is $\sum_{i=2}^{6} 3^i$?

This will be useful for today's Growable Arrays exercise!

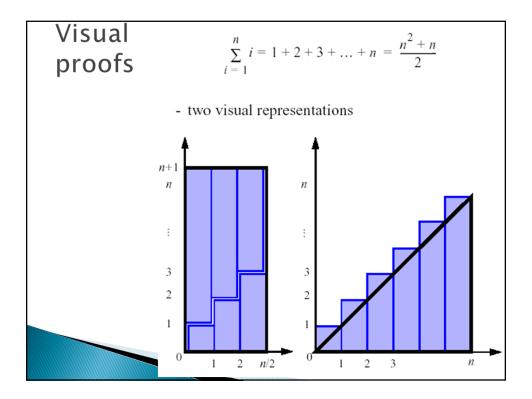
Q9,10

If the opposite of pro is con, what's the opposite of progress?

- Arithmetic progressions:
 - An example

this formula!
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i = 1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n = \frac{n^2 + n}{2}$$

Q11,12



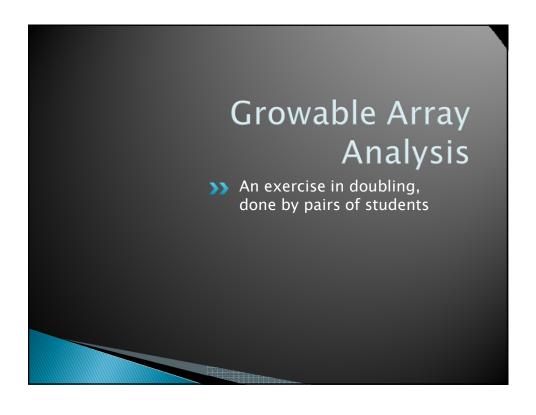
Example: Selection Sort

```
for (i=n-1; i>0; i--) {
  find the largest element among a[0] ... a[i];
  exchange the largest element with a[i];
}
```

- •How many comparisons of array elements are done?
- •How many times are array elements copied?

(When you think you have the answers, compare with a partner)

Q13, 14, turn in the quiz



Growable Arrays // Read an unlimited number of String; return a String [] public static String [] getStrings() { Scanner in = new Scanner (System.in); String [] array = new String[5]; Original array size = 5 int itemsRead = 0; System.out.println("Enter any number of strings, one per line; " System.out.println("Terminate with empty line: "); We don't know in advance how many while(in.hasNextLine()) { String oneLine = in.nextLine(); strings there will be if(oneLine.equals("")) Grow when if(itemsRead == array.length) necessary array = resize(array, array.length * 2); array[itemsRead++] = oneLine; System.out.println("Done reading"); return resize(array, itemsRead); How does resize () work? What is the main "overhead cost" of resizing?

Work on Growable Array Exercise

- Work with a partner
- Hand in the document before you leave today
- Get help as needed form me and the students assistants.