Name:

CM: Section: Grade: of 10

Here (below) is a partial definition and test code for a simple **Point** class (as you saw/worked in a previous session).

| <pre># Tests the Point class p1 = Point(40, 50) p2 = Point(60, 70) print(p1, p2)</pre> | <pre>class Point(object): definit(self, x, y): self.x = x self.y = y self.total_moves =</pre> |
|--|--|
| p2.move_by(1, 2) print(p1, p2) | <pre>def move_by(self, dx, dy): # Location 1 self.x = self.x + dx self.y = self.y + dy self.total_moves = self.total_moves + 1</pre> |
| <pre>a = p1.get_number_of_moves() b = p2.get_number_of_moves() print(a, b)</pre> | <pre>defrepr(self): return "Point({}, {})".format(,)</pre> |
| | <pre>def get_number_of_moves(self): # Location 2 return total_moves</pre> |

- 1. We want the **____repr___** method to print the current **x** and **y** coordinates of its Point, formatted nicely. Fill in the blanks above in ___repr___ to make it do that.
- 2. In the space to the right, draw a box-and-point diagram that shows the values of *p1*, *p2*, and *self* when the code gets to *Location* 1.
- 3. Fill in the blank in ___init__ to set self.total_moves to its correct value.
- 4. There is a small but important bug inside the get_number_of_moves method. What is it?
- 5. When the test code runs and gets to *Location 2* the FIRST time, what is the value of *self*?

What is the value of *self* when we get to Location 2 the SECOND time?

- 6. Assume that all the code works as intended (that is, assume that the bug in *get_number_of_moves* is fixed). In the space to the right, show the output of the test code.
- 7. Are you very, very confident that you know what lines of code execute, in what order, when the test code runs? That you understand what self is and why its use ** attaches data ** to Point objects?
 - **No** (if *No*, then talk with an assistant or your instructor about this quiz). Yes