

Name: KEY

## CSSE 220—Object-Oriented Software Development

Exam 2, January 30, 2014

This exam consists of two parts. Part 1 is to be solved on these pages. There is an additional blank page at the end of Part 1 if you need more room. Part 2 is to be solved using your computer. You will need network access to download template code and upload your solution for part 2. Please disable IM, email, and other such communication programs before beginning the exam.

*Resources for Part 1:* You may use a single sheet of  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$  inch paper with notes on both sides.

*Resources for Part 2:* Open book, notes, and computer. Limited network access. You may use the network only to access your own files, the course Moodle site and web pages, Piazza (though don't post/respond to questions), the textbook's site, Oracle's Java website, and Logan Library's Safari Tech Books Online. Any communication with anyone other than the instructor or a TA during the exam may result in a failing grade for the course.

Parts 1 and 2 are included in this document. You should read over all of the questions before beginning work, but...

You must turn in part 1 before accessing the resources for part 2.

Problem	Poss. Pts.	Earned
1	6	_____
2	12	_____
3	12	_____
4	4	_____
5	7	_____
6	17	_____
7	12	_____
<b>Paper Part Subtotal</b>	<b>70</b>	_____
C1. Counter	15	_____
C2. Recursion problems	15	_____
<b>Computer Part Subtotal</b>	<b>30</b>	_____
Total	100	_____

## Part 1—Paper Part

1. (6 points)

Explain (briefly, in a sentence or two at most) what it means if an object oriented system has high coupling. Is it a good or bad thing?

It means that many of the classes in this system depend heavily on each other. It's a bad thing.

Explain (briefly, in a sentence or two at most) what it means if an object has high cohesion. Is it a good or bad thing?

It means the the object represents one concept and all the fields/methods are related to that one concept. It's a good thing.

2. (12 points) This problem is a design exercise. First read the problem description below, then answer the questions.

*Design a program to track details of a soccer league. The league has players, organized onto teams, that play each other in a series of matches. Each player registers certain days they can't play, then the program creates a schedule of matches that works for all the players.*

- a. List at least **three** candidate classes that you might use in implementing a solution to the problem:

Player  
(Match)  
Team  
Schedule

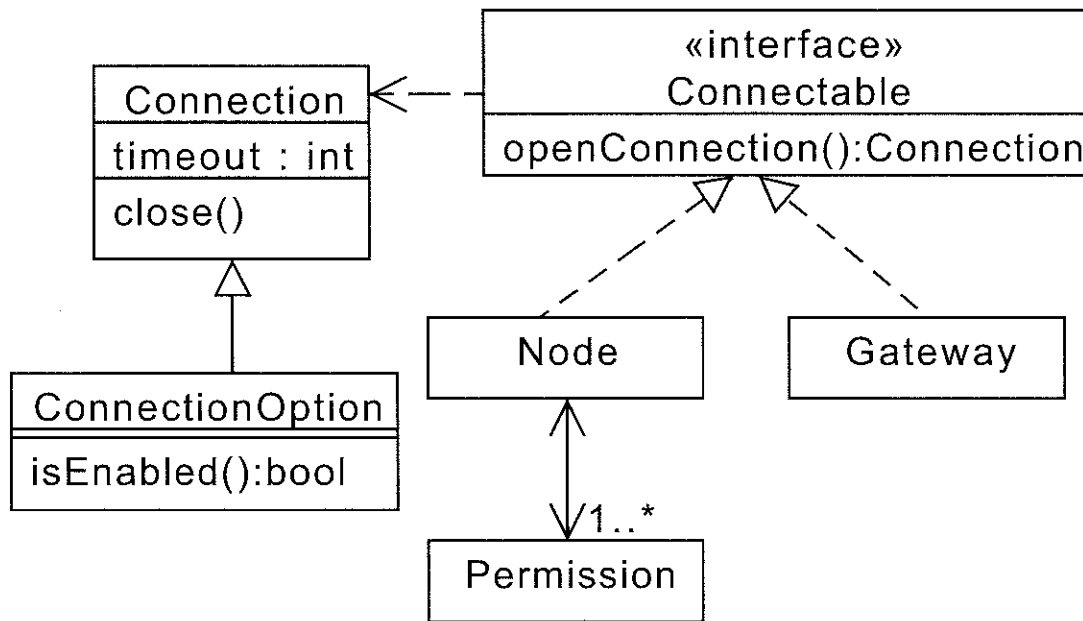
- b. Pick one of your candidate classes, **circle it above** and briefly describe three responsibilities that it might have:

- Stores which teams are in the match
- Computes if a potential day will work for all players
- Store the day of match once chosen

- c. Still considering your chosen class from part b, with what other classes might it need to collaborate?

Team, Schedule

3. (12 points) Use this UML class diagram to answer the subsequent questions.



a. Circle true or false for each of the following statements.

- ☒ T ☐ F ConnectionOption inherits the field timeout from Connection
- T ☒ F ConnectionOption contains a field of type Connection
- T ☒ F Connection inherits the method isEnabled from ConnectionOption
- ☒ T ☐ F ConnectionOption inherits the method close from Connection

b. Because of 1..\* on the line between Node and Permission, if you looked at the code you would most expect to see (circle your answer):

- (a) Permission objects have an ArrayList of Nodes
- ☒ (b) Node objects have an ArrayList of Permissions
- (c) Node objects have a single field of permission type
- (d) Node objects may inherit from Permission
- (e) None of the above statements can be true, given this diagram

- d. Given the diagram and your knowledge of objects, which of these classes must have the method `openConnection()`?

Node Gateway

4. (4 points) Consider this code. Note that the `Data` class has a field `size`.

```
class SpecialData extends Data {  
    public void setSize(int newSize) {  
        this.size = newSize;  
    }  
}
```

Under what circumstances would this code compile?

- a. This code will never compile
- b. This code would always compile
- c. This code would compile if the field `size` is declared private
- ☒ d. This code would compile if the field `size` is declared protected

5. (7 points) Imagine you came across this code in a functioning program:

```
//Adapter is an interface  
Adapter reader = new BookReader();  
reader.process(otherObject);
```

Which of the following statements are true, given that the above code compiles.

- T ☐ F BookReader might be an abstract class
- T ☐ F BookReader might be an Interface
- ☒ T F The method `process` must be listed in the Adapter interface
- ☒ T F If you had a function that took a `Adapter` as a parameter, you could pass a `BookReader` object and the code would compile
- T ☐ F If you had a function that took a `BookReader` as a parameter, you could pass a `Adapter` object and the code would compile
- ☒ T F The first place to look for the code that runs when `process` is called on the second line is in `BookReader.java`
- ☒ T F `BookReader` (or one of its superclasses) must implement the `Adapter` interface

b. Continuing the same problem, suppose we declare and initialize these variables:

```
A a1 = new A();
A a2 = new B();
B b1 = new B();
C c1 = new C();
```

(13 points) For each line of code below, **circle** what would be output. If a line would work correctly but not output anything, select nothing. If a line would give an error, then circle the type of error. Consider each line separately. That is, if a line would give an error, then assume that line doesn't affect any others.

Code	Output Choices (circle one in each line)						
b1.talk();	A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	C	A2	B2	nothing	runtime error compile error
a2.talk();	A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	C	A2	B2	nothing	runtime error compile error
a2.talk2();	A	B	C	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A2	B2	nothing	runtime error compile error
b1.talk2();	A	B	C	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A2	B2	nothing	runtime error compile error
C c2 = b1;	A	B	C	A2	B2	nothing	runtime error <input checked="" type="radio"/> compile error
a1.say();	A	B	C	A2	B2	nothing	runtime error <input checked="" type="radio"/> compile error
a2.say();	A	B	C	A2	B2	nothing	runtime error <input checked="" type="radio"/> compile error
((B) a1).say();	A	B	C	A2	B2	nothing	<input checked="" type="radio"/> runtime error compile error
((B) a2).say();	A	B	C	A2	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B2	nothing	runtime error compile error
c1.cough();	A	B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	A2	B2	nothing	runtime error compile error
b1.cough();	A	B	C	A2	B2	nothing	runtime error <input checked="" type="radio"/> compile error
A a3 = b1;	A	B	C	A2	B2	<input checked="" type="radio"/> nothing	runtime error compile error
B b2 = a2;	A	B	C	A2	B2	nothing	runtime error <input checked="" type="radio"/> compile error

7. (12 points) For this problem use the frame technique we practiced in the course and the class declaration at left. Trace the execution of the call `trans("ABCCDA")` in `main()` and answer the question at the bottom of the page. A frame template is provided for your reference.

```

1 public class Exam2Fun {
2     public static String trans(String in) {
3         if(in.length() <= 1) return in;
4         int end = in.length()-1;
5         String chopEnds = in.substring(1,end);
6         char s = in.charAt(0);
7         String result = trans(chopEnds);
8         if(s == in.charAt(end)) {
9             return s + result + s;
10        } else {
11            return result;
12        }
13    }
14 }

```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Exam2Fun obj = new Exam2Fun();
    System.out.println(obj.trans("ABCCDA"));
}

```

methodName, line number

scope box

parameters and  
local variables

`in = "ABCCDA"`  
`length <= 1 NO`  
`end = 5`  
`chopEnds = "BCCD"`  
`result = "CC"`  
`return "ACCA"`

`in = "BCCD"`  
`length <= 1 NO`  
`end = 3`  
`chopEnds = "CC"`  
`result = "CC"`  
`return "CC"`

`in = "CC"`  
`length <= 1 NO`  
`end = 1`  
`chopEnds = ""`  
`result = ""`  
`return "CC"`

`in = ""`  
`length <= 1 YES`  
`return ""`

For the code above, what would the final output be?

ACCA