

Name: _____ Section: 1 2

1 = Mutchler, 2nd-3rd periods. 2 = Mutchler, 4th-5th periods.

Use this quiz to help make sure you understand the videos/reading. **Answer all questions.** Make additional notes as desired. **Not sure of an answer?** Ask your instructor to explain in class and revise as needed then. **Please print two-sided if practical.**

Throughout, where you are asked to “circle your choice”, you can circle or underline it (whichever you prefer).

From the Course Home Page: Test 1

1. Regarding Test 1: What are the **day of the week and date** of that test?

The **time**? _____ The room for your section? _____

Video: The Accumulator Pattern – Part 2 [9:36 minutes]

2. What is the value of **x** after the following code executes: ____

```
x = 2
x = x + 1
x = x + 2
x = x + 3
```

3. What is the value of **y** after the following code executes: ____

```
y = 2
y = y * 2
y = y * 3
```

4. What are the values of **x**, **y** and **z** after the following code executes:

```
x = 1
y = 2
z = x + y

x = x + 2
y = y * 2
z = z + x + y

x = x + 3
y = y * 3
z = z + x + y
```

x is _____ **y** is _____ **z** is _____

5. Implement the following function (here, on paper – it is fine to make small errors):

```
def add_them(n):  
    """ Returns 2 + 4 + 6 + 8 + 10 + ... + 2n """
```

6. Implement the following function (here, on paper – it is fine to make small errors):

```
def multiply_them(n):  
    """ Returns 2 * 4 * 6 * 8 * 10 * ... * 2n """
```

7. If you are doing a **counting** problem, what is a good choice for the name of the variable that does the counting: _____
(Hint: **x** or non-descriptive names like it are poor choices.)
8. If you are doing a **summing** problem, what is a good choice for the name of the variable that does the summing: _____
(Hint: **x** or non-descriptive names like it are poor choices. Also, **sum** is a poor choice because it happens to be the name of a built-in function.)
9. Suppose you wanted to count the number of integers from 3 to 40,000 that are prime. What **for ... in range ...** statement would you use? You do NOT have to provide the **body** of the **for** loop – JUST the **for ... in range ...** part. (Hint: There are at least two natural approaches to solving this problem; one of those runs twice as fast as the other.)

10. Implement the following function (here, on paper – it is fine to make small errors):

```
def count_them(m, n):  
    """  
    Returns the number of integers from m to n, inclusive,  
    whose cosine is less than 0.5.  
    Preconditions: m and n are integers with n >= m.  
    """
```

Textbook Reading: Sections 3.3 – Nested Branches (pages 106 - 109) and 3.4 – Multiple Alternatives (pages 109 - 112)

11. In a game program, the scores of players A and B are stored in variables **scoreA** and **scoreB**. Assuming that the player with the larger score wins, write an **if/elif** sequence that prints out **'A won'** or **'B won'** or **'Game tied'**.

12. Beginners sometimes write statements such as the following:

```
if price > 100:  
    discounted_price = price - 20  
elif price <= 100:  
    discounted_price = price - 10
```

Explain how this code can be improved.

13. Suppose that the following (**very silly!**) situation were true:

- For any boy whose age is greater than 18, his favorite ice cream flavor is chocolate.
- For any other boy, his favorite ice cream flavor is pistachio.
- For any girl whose age is greater than 50, her favorite ice cream flavor is mint chocolate chip.
- For any girl whose age is between 16 and 50 (including both 16 and 50), her favorite ice cream flavor is banana.
- For any other girl, her favorite ice cream flavor is Oreo.

Suppose that for person, the variable **gender** has been set to either '**boy**' or '**girl**' (to indicate the person's gender) and the variable **age** has been set to the person's age. Write a **nested** set of **IF** statements that print this person's favorite ice cream flavor.

14. **Think about it:** You do not have to write anything for this problem – just:

- a. **Read** self-check **#28** and **#30** on page **117**.
- b. **Think** about them a bit (so that you have a solution or part of a solution in mind).
- c. **Check** your thoughts by reading the answers at the end of the Chapter (on page 153).