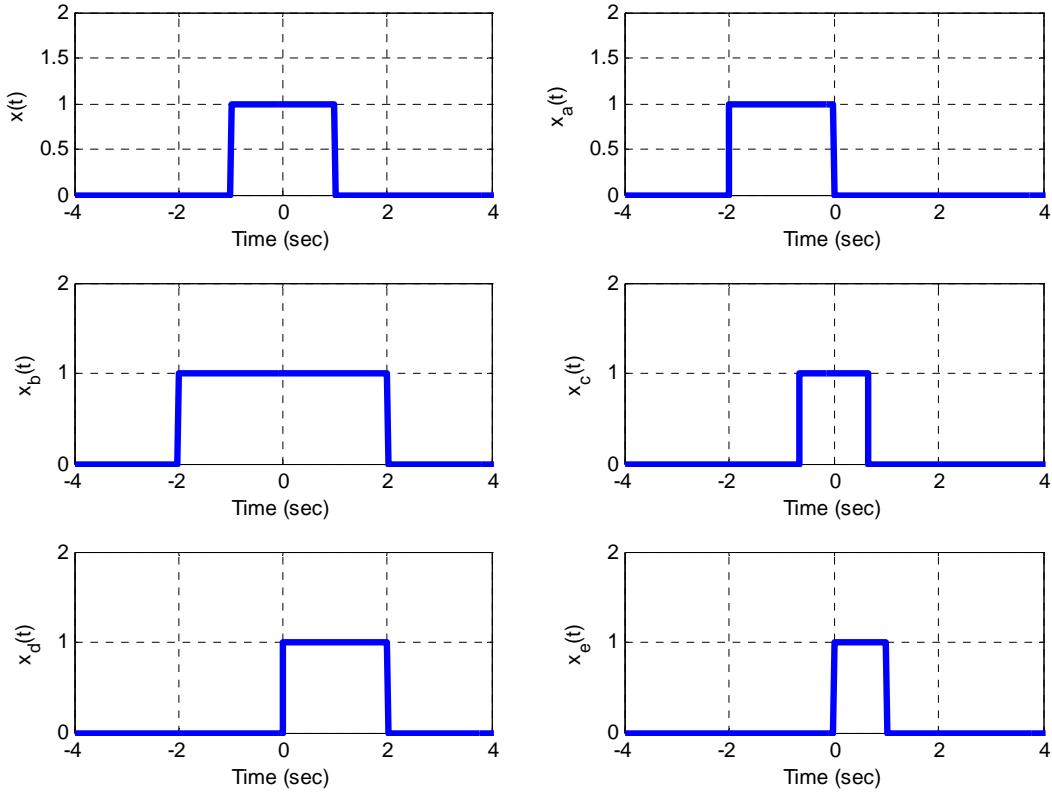


Practice Quiz 2

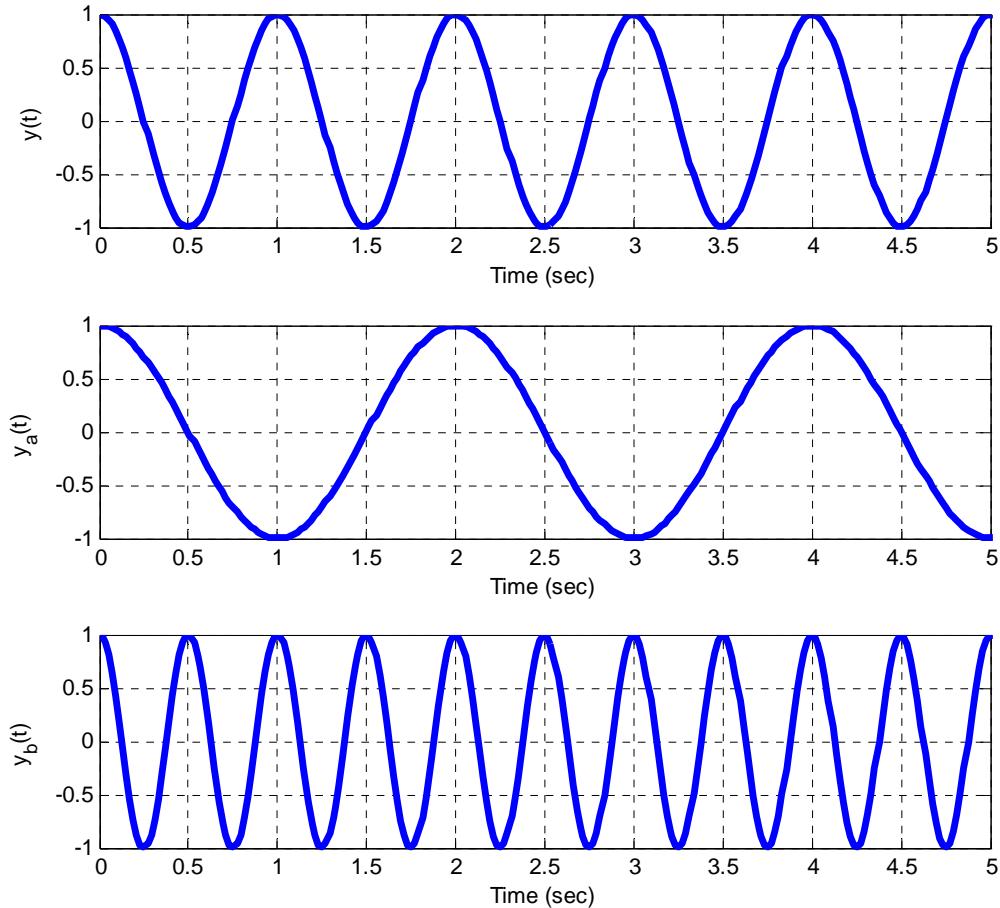
(no calculators allowed)

In the figure below, $x(t)$ is the original signal (in the upper left corner)



- 1) Which signal represents $x\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)$? $x_a(t)$ $x_b(t)$ $x_c(t)$ $x_d(t)$ $x_e(t)$
- 2) Which signal represents $x(2t-1)$? $x_a(t)$ $x_b(t)$ $x_c(t)$ $x_d(t)$ $x_e(t)$
- 3) Which signal represents $x(t+1)$? $x_a(t)$ $x_b(t)$ $x_c(t)$ $x_d(t)$ $x_e(t)$
- 4) Which signal represents $x(1.5t)$? $x_a(t)$ $x_b(t)$ $x_c(t)$ $x_d(t)$ $x_e(t)$
- 5) Which signal represents $x(t-1)$? $x_a(t)$ $x_b(t)$ $x_c(t)$ $x_d(t)$ $x_e(t)$
- 6) Which signal represents a compressed $x(t)$? $x_a(t)$ $x_b(t)$ $x_c(t)$ $x_d(t)$ $x_e(t)$
- 7) Which signal represents an expanded $x(t)$? $x_a(t)$ $x_b(t)$ $x_c(t)$ $x_d(t)$ $x_e(t)$

In the following figure, the original signal $y(t)$ is in the top panel



8) Which signal has the highest frequency? $y(t)$ $y_a(t)$ $y_b(t)$

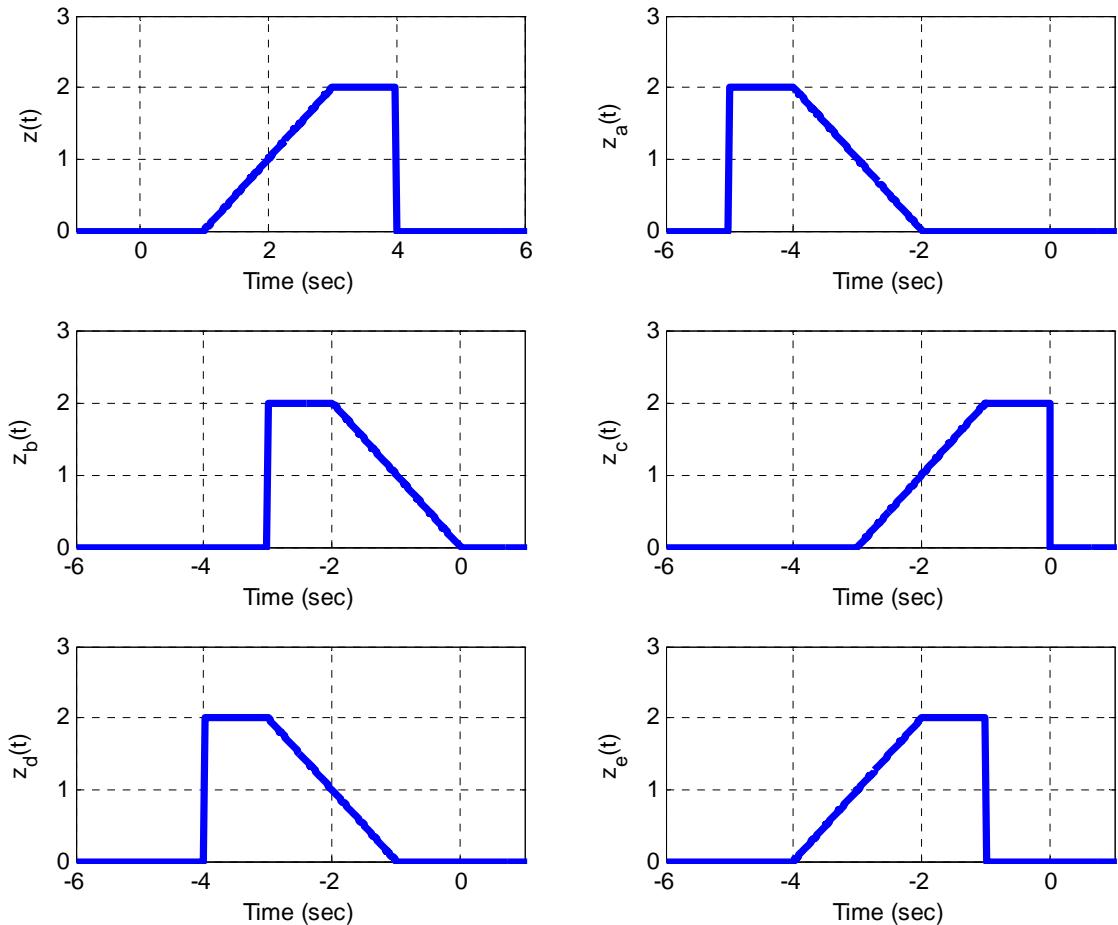
9) Which signal has the lowest frequency? $y(t)$ $y_a(t)$ $y_b(t)$

10) $y(t) = y_a(ct)$ for what value of c ? $c = 0.5$ $c = 1.0$ $c = 1.5$ $c = 2.0$

11) $y(t) = y_b(ct)$ for what value of c ? $c = 0.5$ $c = 1.0$ $c = 1.5$ $c = 2.0$

12) Which signal is a compressed version of $y(t)$? $y_a(t)$ $y_b(t)$

The original signal $z(t)$ is in the top left panel.



13) Which of the above signals represents $z(-t)$? $z_a(t)$ $z_b(t)$ $z_c(t)$ $z_d(t)$ $z_e(t)$

14) Which of the above signals represents $z(-t+1)$? $z_a(t)$ $z_b(t)$ $z_c(t)$ $z_d(t)$ $z_e(t)$

15) The integral $\int_{-t+2}^{\infty} \delta(\lambda+5)d\lambda$ is equal to

- a) $u(t)$ b) $u(t+5)$ c) $u(t-7)$ d) $u(-t+2)$ e) none of these

16) The integral $\int_{-\infty}^{t-3} \delta(\lambda-2)d\lambda$ is equal to

- a) $u(t)$ b) $u(t-3)$ c) $u(t-2)$ d) $u(t+5)$ e) $u(t-5)$ f) none of these

17) The integral $\int_{-\infty}^t e^{-\lambda} \delta(\lambda - 2) d\lambda$ is equal to
 a) $e^{-2}u(t-2)$ b) $e^{-2}u(t)$ c) $e^{-t}u(t)$ d) $e^{-t}u(t-2)$ e) $e^2u(t-2)$ f) none of these

18) The function $x(t) = e^{t-1} \delta(t-2)$ can be simplified as

- a) $x(t) = e^1$ b) $x(t) = e^1 \delta(t-2)$ c) $x(t) = e^1 u(t-2)$ d) none of these

19) The integral $\int_{-\infty}^t u(\lambda - 1) \delta(\lambda + 2) d\lambda$ can be simplified as

- a) $u(t+2)$ b) $u(t-1)$ c) $u(t)$ d) none of these

20) The integral $\int_2^t \delta(\lambda - 1) d\lambda$ is equal to

- a) 0 b) $u(t)$ c) $-u(1-t)$ d) $u(t-2)$ e) none of these

21) The integral $\int_{-5}^5 u(1-\lambda) u(\lambda+1) d\lambda$ is equal to

- a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 10 e) none of these

22) The integral $\int_{-3}^t u(\lambda - 1) d\lambda$ is equal to

- a) 0 b) $t+3$ c) $(t+3)u(t+3)$ d) $t-1$ e) $(t-1)u(t-1)$

23) The function $x(t) = e^{j1.5t} + 3e^{j3t}$ is

- | | |
|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| a) not periodic | b) periodic with period 2π |
| c) periodic with period $\frac{4\pi}{3}$ | d) periodic with period 2 |

24) The function $x(t) = \cos(3t + 45^\circ) + \sin(\pi t)$ is

- | | |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| a) not periodic | b) periodic with period 2π |
| c) periodic with period $\frac{\pi}{3}$ | d) periodic with period $\frac{3}{\pi}$ |

25) The function $x(t) = 2\cos(\pi t) + 3j\sin(2\pi t + 30^\circ)$ is

- a) not periodic
 - b) periodic with period 1
 - c) periodic with period 2
 - d) periodic with period 2π

26) If $z = \frac{j}{1-j}$, the **magnitude** of z , $|z|$ is

- a) 1 b) $\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}$ c) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ d) none of these

27) If, $z = \frac{1+j}{1-j}$ the **phase** of z , $\angle z$, is

- a) 45° b) -45° c) 90° d) -90° e) none of these

28) If we made the variable substitution $\sigma = 1 - \frac{\lambda}{2}$ in the integral $\int_2^6 e^\lambda x \left(1 - \frac{\lambda}{2}\right) d\lambda$, the new integral is

- a) $\int_2^6 e^{2-2\sigma} x(\sigma) d\sigma$ b) $\frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^0 e^{2-2\sigma} x(\sigma) d\sigma$ c) $\int_{-2}^0 e^{2-2\sigma} x(\sigma) d\sigma$ d) none of these

Answer Key

1) xb 2) xe 3) xa 4) xc 5) xd 6) xc (xe is compressed and shifted) 7) xb

8) yb 9) ya 10) c=2 11) c=0.5 12)yb

13) zd 14) zb 15) c 16) e

17) a 18) b 19) d 20) c 21) c 22) e 23) c 24) a

25) c 26) c 27) c 28) c