ECE-205 Quiz #8

Problems 1 and 2 refer to a system with poles at -2+j. -2-j. -4, -1+2j, -1-2j, and -20

- 1) The best estimate of the **settling time** for this system is
- a) 4 seconds b) 2 seconds c) 1 second d) 0.2 seconds
- 2) The dominant pole(s) of this system are
- a) -2+j and -2-j b) -1+2j and -1-2j c) -4 d) -20
- 3) How many terms will there be in the partial fraction expansion of $H(s) = \frac{(s+1)^2}{s^2(s+2)^2}$?
- a) 2 b) 3 c) 4 d) 6
- 4) How many terms will there be in the partial fraction expansion of $H(s) = \frac{s}{(s^2 + 1)(s + 2)}$?
- a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3
- **5**) An impulse response h(t) is composed of the terms $1, e^{-t}, te^{-t}$

A possible corresponding transfer function (for some constant value A) is

a)
$$H(s) = \frac{A}{s(s+1)}$$
 b) $H(s) = \frac{A}{s^2(s+1)}$ c) $H(s) = \frac{As}{(s+1)}$ d) $H(s) = \frac{A}{s(s+1)^2}$

b)
$$H(s) = \frac{A}{s^2(s+1)}$$

c)
$$H(s) = \frac{As}{(s+1)}$$

d)
$$H(s) = \frac{A}{s(s+1)^2}$$

Problems 6 and 7 refer to the following transfer function

$$H(s) = \frac{2s+1}{(s+2)^2+1}$$

- **6)** For this transfer function, the corresponding impulse response h(t) is composed of which terms?
- a) $e^{-t}\cos(2t)$, $e^{-t}\sin(2t)$ b) $e^{-2t}\cos(t)$, $e^{-2t}\sin(t)$
- c) $e^{-t}\cos(4t)$, $e^{-t}\sin(4t)$ d) $e^{-4t}\cos(t)$, $e^{-4t}\sin(t)$
- 7) The **poles** of the transfer function are

- a) $2 \pm j$ b) $-2 \pm j$ c) $-1 \pm 2j$ d) $-1 \pm 4j$

Problems 8 and 9 refer to the impulse responses of six different systems given below:

$$h_1(t) = [t + e^{-t}]u(t)$$

$$h_2(t) = e^{-2t}u(t)$$

$$h_3(t) = [2 + \sin(t)]u(t)$$

$$h_4(t) = [1 - t^3 e^{-0.1t}]u(t)$$

$$h_5(t) = [1 + t + e^{-t}]u(t)$$

$$h_6(t) = [te^{-t}\cos(5t) + e^{-2t}\sin(3t)]u(t)$$

- 8) The number of stable systems is
- a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3
- **9)** The number of **unstable systems** is
- a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3
- **10)** Which of the following transfer functions represents a **stable** system?

$$G_a(s) = \frac{s-1}{s+1} \qquad G_b(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+1)} \qquad G_c(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 - 1}$$

$$G_d(s) = \frac{s+1}{(s+1+j)(s+1-j)} \qquad G_e(s) = \frac{(s-1-j)(s-1+j)}{s} \qquad G_f(s) = \frac{(s-1-j)(s-1+j)}{(s+1-j)(s+1+j)}$$

- a) all but $\,G_{\!c}\,\,$ b) only $\,G_{\!a}\,,\,\,G_{\!b}\,,$ and $\,G_{\!d}\,\,$ c) only $\,G_{\!a}\,,\,\,G_{\!d}\,,$ and $\,G_{\!f}\,$
- d) only G_d and G_f

- e) only G_a and G_a
- 11) For the transfer function

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{s^2(s+2)}$$

the corresponding impulse response h(t) is composed of which terms?

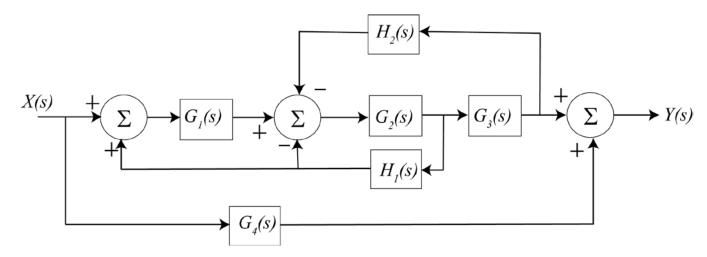
- a) $t^2 e^{-2t}$
- b) t and te^{-2t}
- c) 1, t, te^{-2t}

- d) $t^2 \cdot e^{-2t}$
- e) none of these
- 12) The Laplace transform of x(t) = u(t) u(t-2) is
- a) $X(s) = 1 e^{-2s}$ b) $X(s) = 1 e^{+2s}$ c) $X(s) = \frac{1}{s} \frac{e^{-2s}}{s}$ d) none of these
- **13)** The Laplace transform of $x(t) = te^{-3t}u(t)$ is a) $X(s) = \frac{1}{s+3}$ b) $X(s) = \frac{1}{s+3}$ c) $X(s) = \frac{1}{(s+3)^2}$
- d) $X(s) = \frac{2}{(s+3)^2}$

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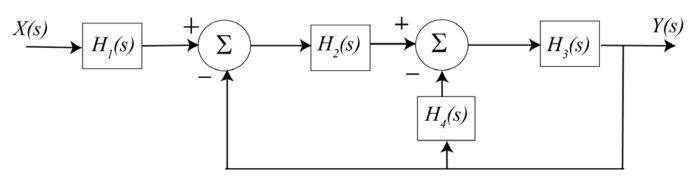
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Problems 14 – 16 refer to the signal flow graph representation of the following block diagram.



- **14)** How many **paths** are there? a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3 e) 4
- **15**) How man **loops** are there? a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3 e) 4
- **16)** Are any of the **cofactors** equal to 1? a) yes b) no

For problems 17 - 20 consider the signal flow graph representation of the following block diagram.



- **17**) How many **paths** are there? a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3 e) 4
- **18)** How many **loops** are there? a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3 e) 4
- **19)** The **determinant** (Δ) is a) 1 b) $1 H_2H_3 H_3H_4$ c) $1 + H_2H_3 + H_3H_4$ d) none of these
- **20)** The **transfer function** is a) 1 b) $\frac{H_1H_2H_3}{1-H_2H_3-H_3H_4}$ c) $\frac{H_1H_2H_3}{1+H_2H_3+H_3H_4}$