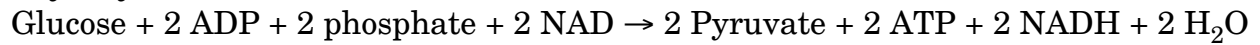
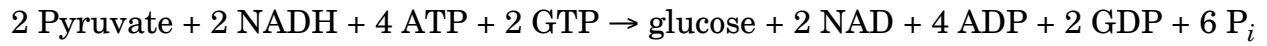


Gluconeogenesis

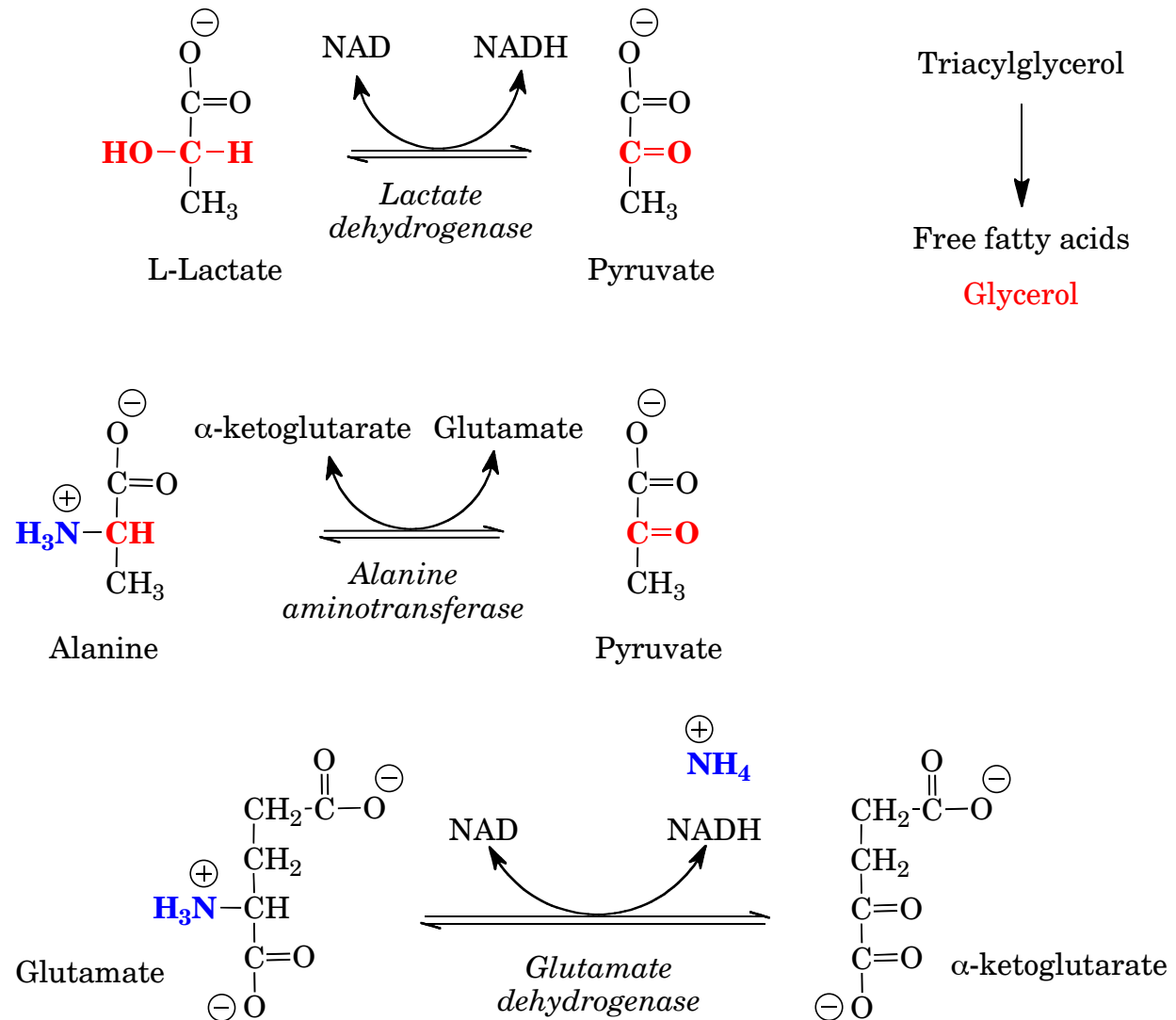
Glycolysis (aerobic)

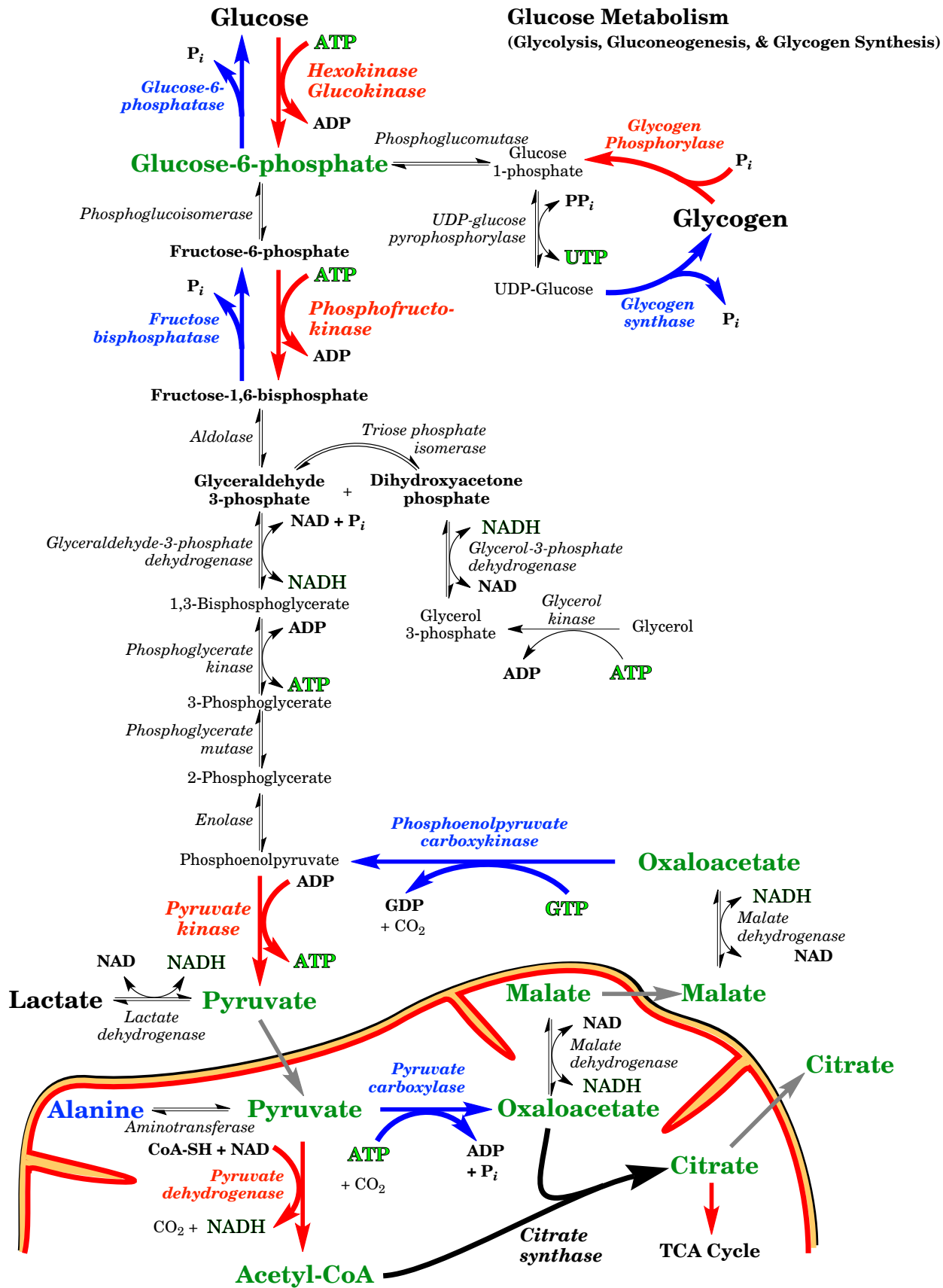


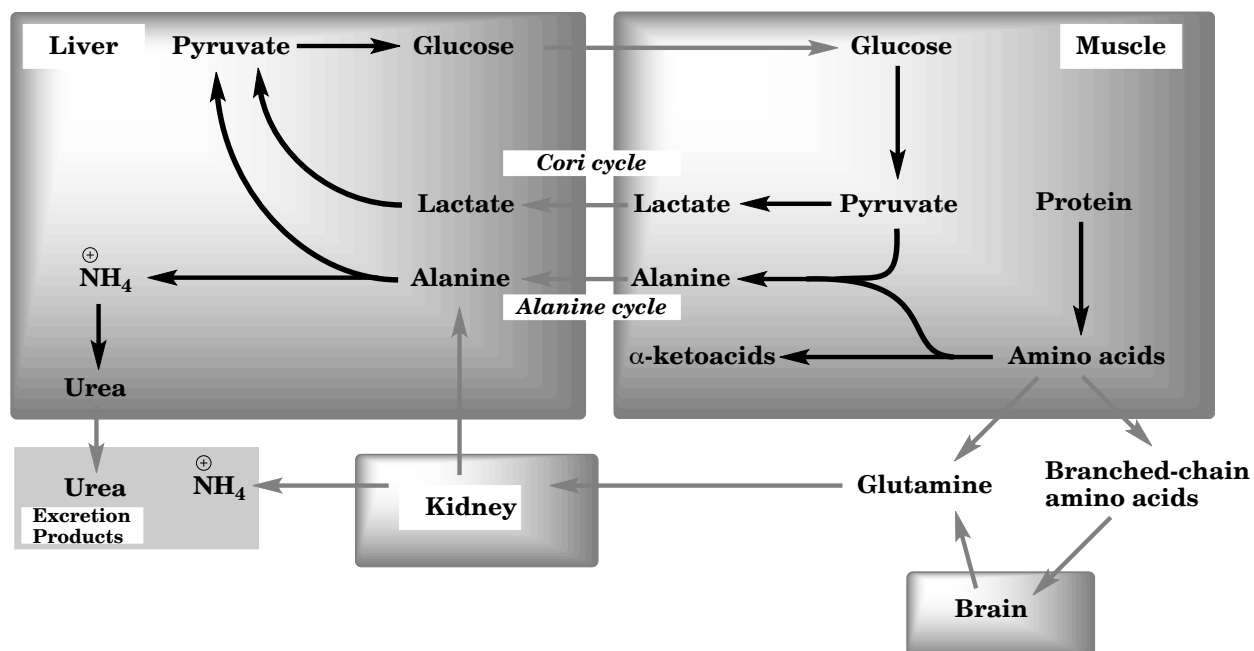
Gluconeogenesis



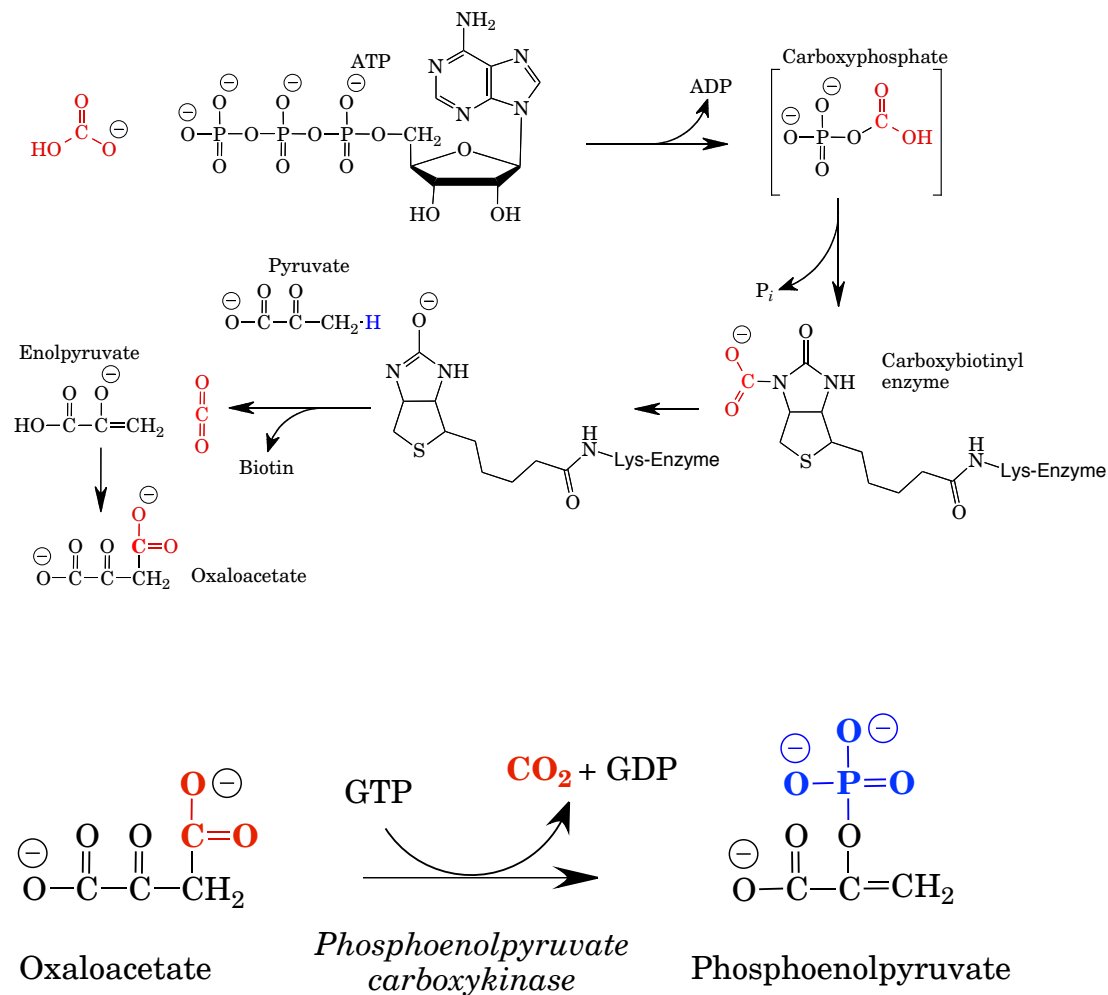
Substrates



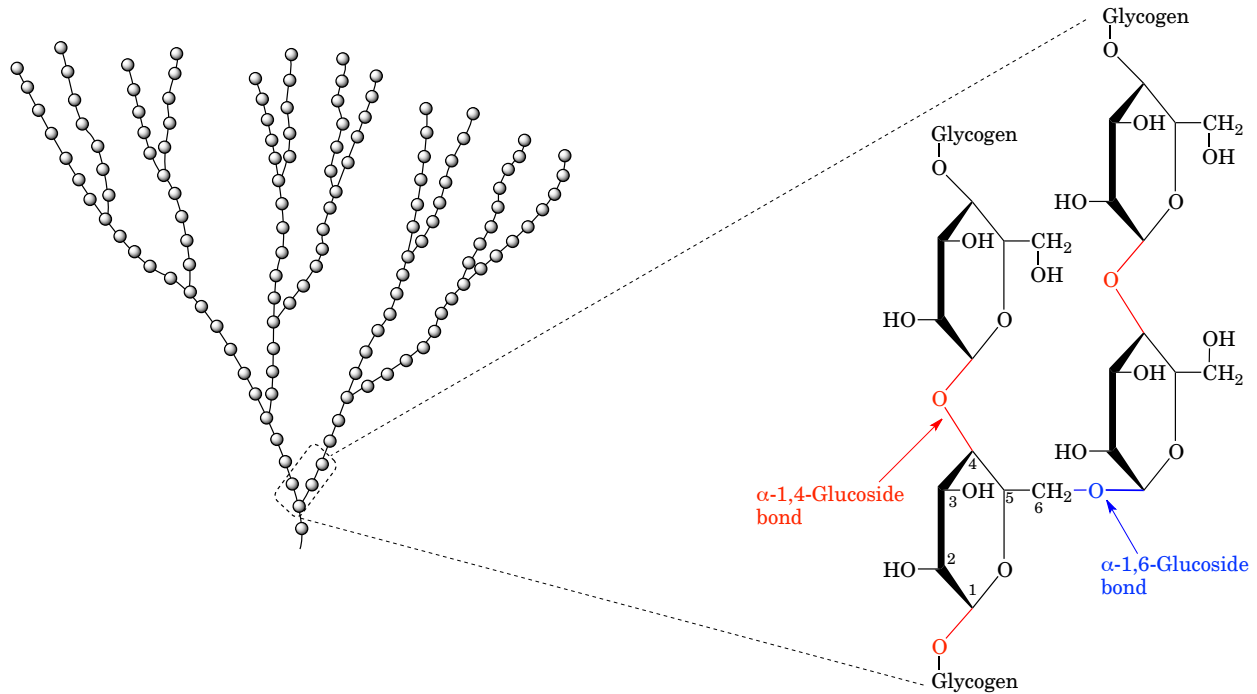




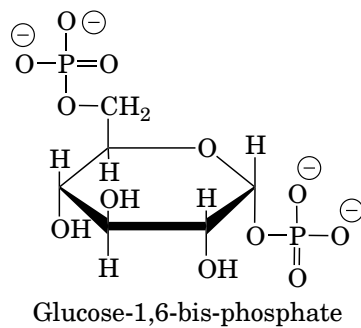
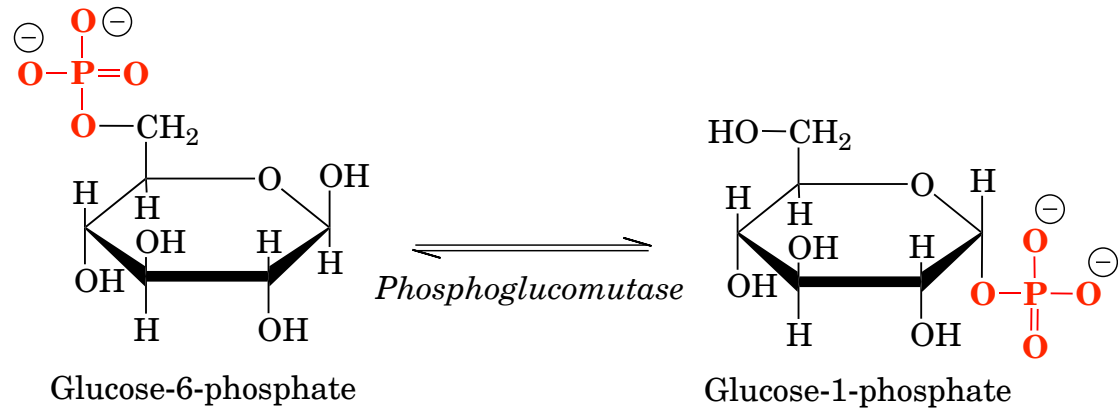
Synthesis of phosphoenolpyruvate from pyruvate



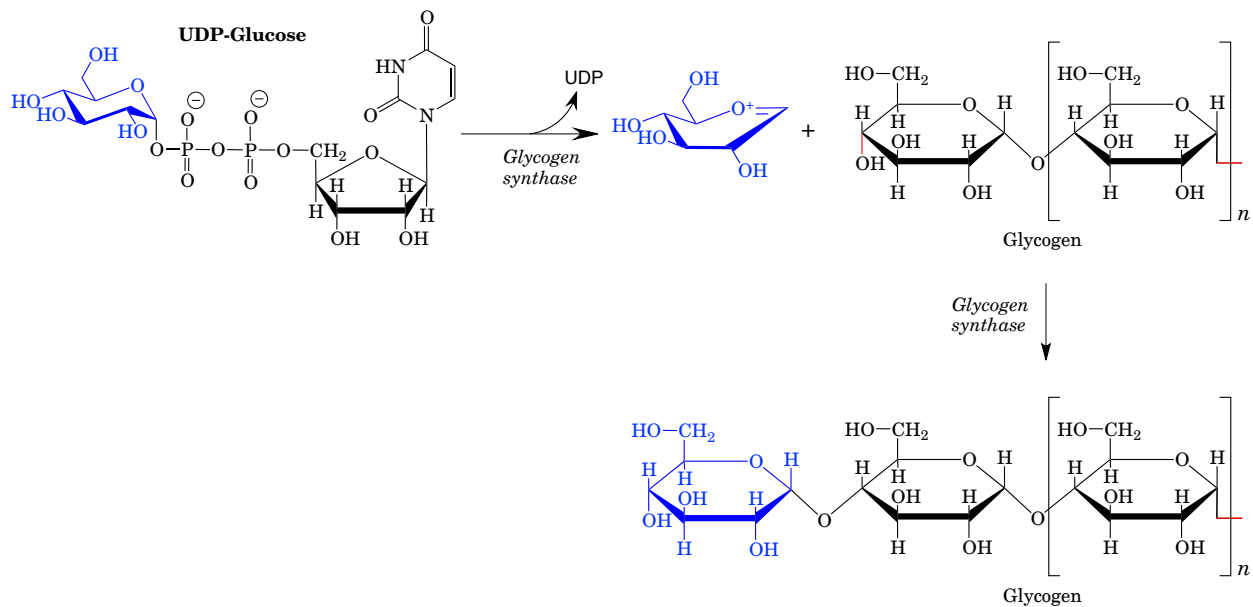
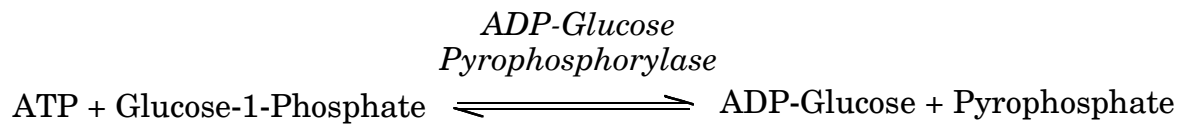
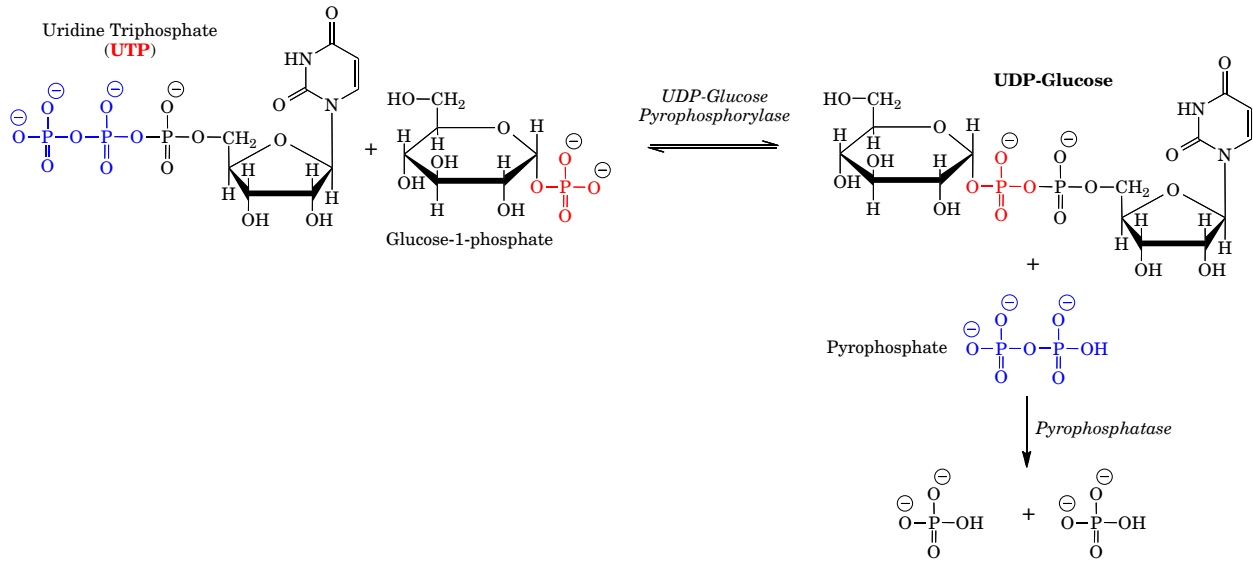
Glycogen



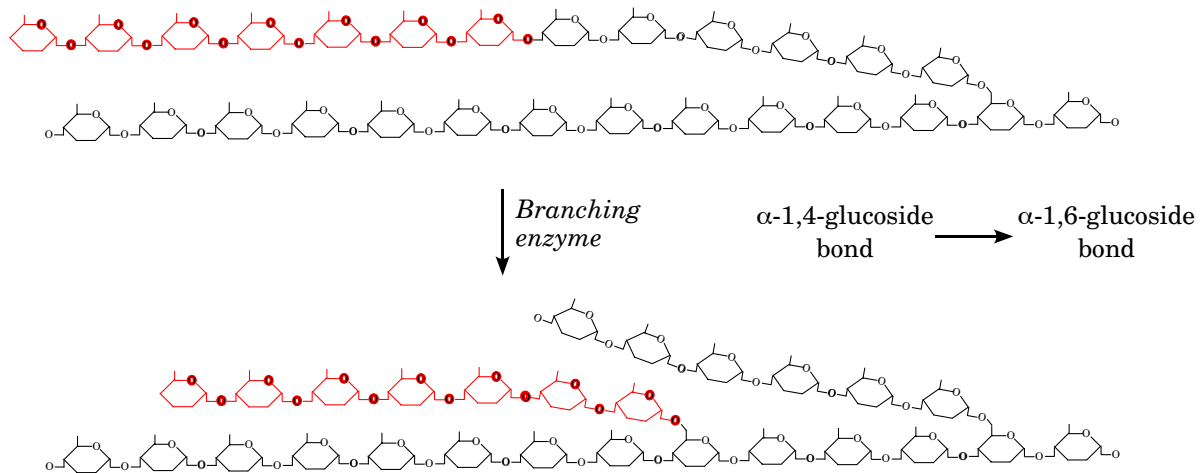
Glucose phosphate interconversion



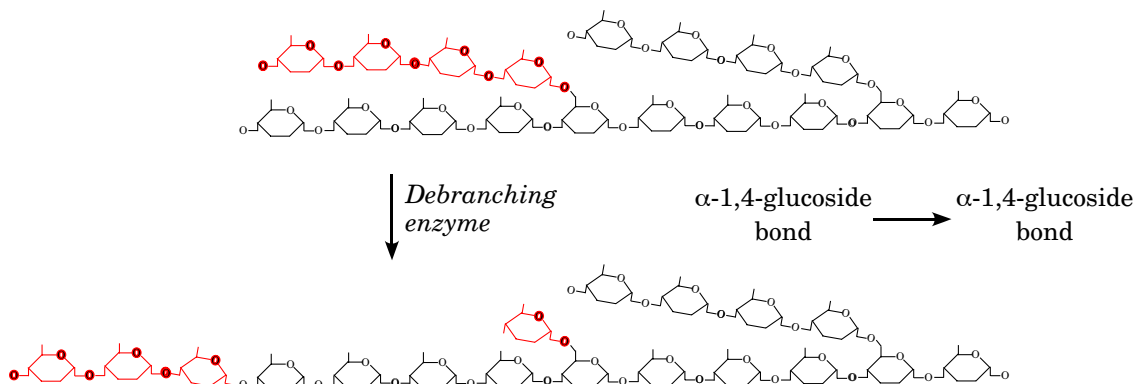
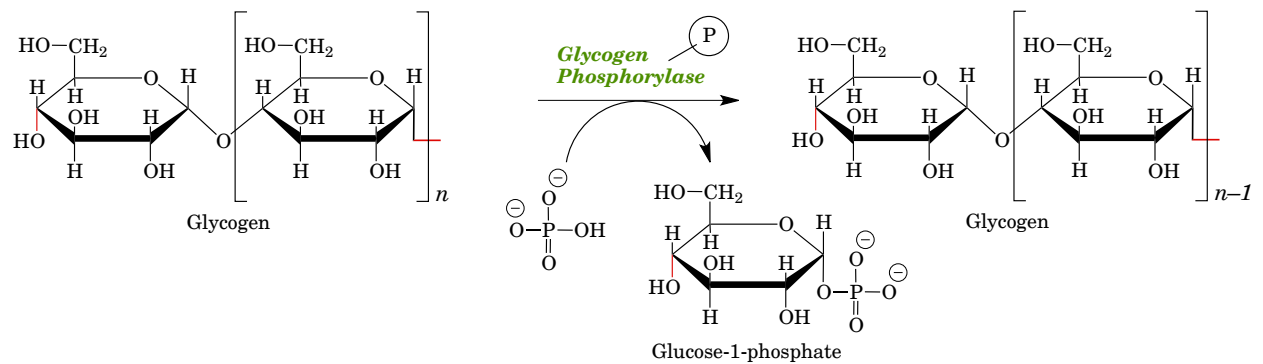
Glycogen Synthesis



Branching



Glycogen Breakdown



Thermodynamic Considerations

Reaction	ΔG° (kJ/mol)	ΔG (kJ/mol)
$G-1-P + \text{glycogen}_n \rightarrow \text{glycogen}_{n+1} + P_i$	-3.1	+5 to +8 because $[P_i] \gg [G1P]$
UDP-Glucose pyrophosphorylase $G-1-P + \text{UTP} \rightarrow \text{UDPG} + PP_i$	0	
Pyrophosphatase $PP_i \rightarrow 2 P_i$	-33.5	
Glycogen synthase $\text{UDP} + \text{glycogen}_n \rightarrow \text{glycogen}_{n+1} + P_i$	-13.4	
Glycogen phosphorylase $\text{glycogen}_n + P_i \rightarrow G-1-P + \text{glycogen}_{n-1}$	+3.1	-5 to -8 because $[P_i] \gg [G1P]$
Hydrolysis of $\alpha(1 \rightarrow 4)$	-15.5	
Hydrolysis of $\alpha(1 \rightarrow 6)$	-7.1	

