

### The Greek Alphabet

$\alpha$ <i>A</i> alpha	$\nu$ <i>N</i> nu
$\beta$ <i>B</i> beta	$\xi$ $\Xi$ xi
$\gamma$ $\Gamma$ gamma	$o$ <i>O</i> omicron
$\delta$ $\Delta$ delta	$\pi$ <i>P</i> pi
$\epsilon$ <i>E</i> epsilon	$\rho$ <i>P</i> rho
$\zeta$ <i>Z</i> zeta	$\sigma$ $\Sigma$ sigma
$\eta$ <i>H</i> eta	$\tau$ <i>T</i> tau
$\theta$ $\Theta$ theta	$\upsilon$ $\Upsilon$ upsilon
$\iota$ <i>I</i> iota	$\phi$ $\Phi$ phi
$\kappa$ <i>K</i> kappa	$\chi$ <i>X</i> chi
$\lambda$ $\Lambda$ lambda	$\psi$ $\Psi$ psi
$\mu$ <i>M</i> mu	$\omega$ $\Omega$ Omega

Please be sure to distinguish your Greek letters from your Roman letters. Letters that seem to give people the most difficulty are

- $\rho$ , which is rho, not *p*.
- $\kappa$ , which is kappa, not *k*.
- $\omega$ , which is omega, not *w*.
- $\tau$ , which is tau, not *t*.
- $\chi$ , which is chi, not *x*.
- $\nu$ , which is nu, not *v*.