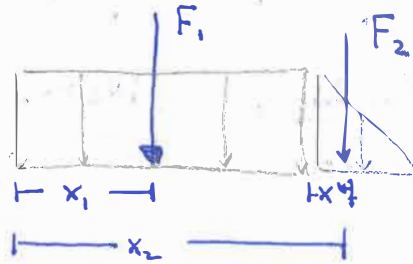
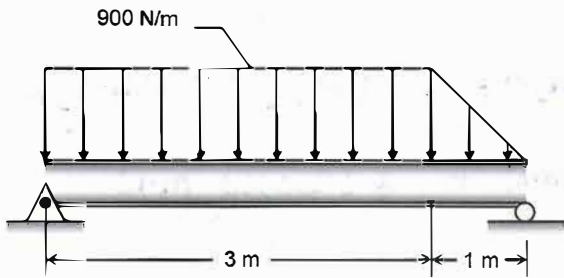


Example

For the simply supported beam below, replace the distributed load with a single force and give its location.



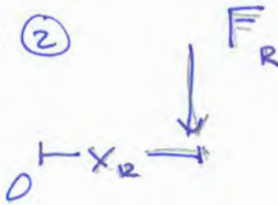
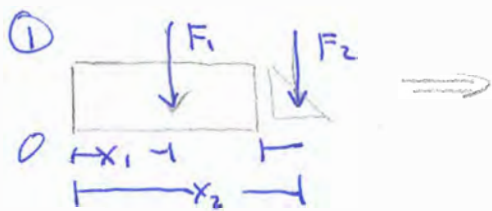
$$F_1 = (900 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}})(3\text{m}) = 2700 \text{ N}$$

$$x_1 = \text{CENTROID of RECTANGLE} = \frac{1}{2} 3\text{m} = 1.5\text{m}$$

$$F_2 = \text{AREA of } \Delta = \frac{1}{2} (900 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}})(1\text{m}) = 450 \text{ N}$$

$$x^* = \text{CENTROID of } \Delta = \frac{1}{3} (1) = \frac{1}{3}\text{m}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 = 3 + \frac{1}{3} = 3\frac{1}{3}\text{m}$$



$$F_R = F_1 + F_2 = 2700 + 450 = \boxed{3150 \text{ N}}$$

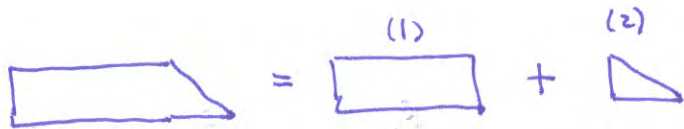
$$\circlearrowleft \sum M_{O_1} = \sum M_{O_2}$$

$$x_1 F_1 + x_2 F_2 = x_R F_R \quad x_R = \frac{x_1 F_1 + x_2 F_2}{F_R}$$

$$x_R = \frac{(1.5\text{m})(2700\text{N}) + (3\frac{1}{3}\text{m})(450\text{N})}{3150\text{N}} = \boxed{1.76\text{m}}$$

METHOD 2:

$$F_R = \text{AREA}_{\square} + \text{AREA}_{\triangle} = (900)(3) + \frac{1}{2}(900)(1) \\ = \boxed{3150 \text{ N}}$$

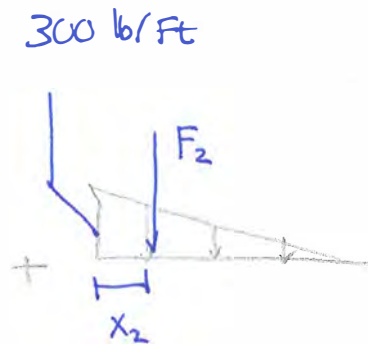
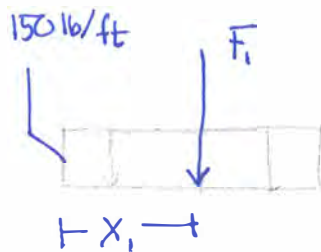
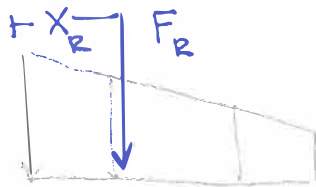
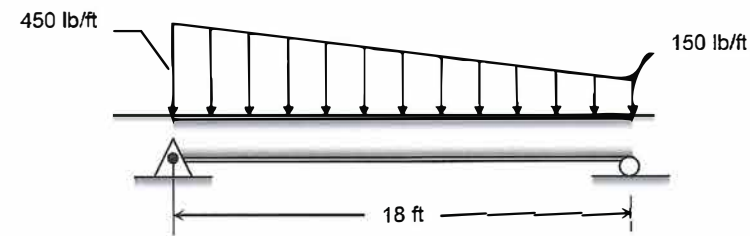


$$X_R = \frac{\sum x_i A_i}{\sum A_i} = \frac{(1\frac{1}{2} \text{ m})(3 \times 900 \text{ N}) \text{ m} + (3\frac{1}{3} \text{ m})(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 900 \text{ N} \cdot 1) \text{ m}}{(3 \times 900) \text{ m} \cdot \text{N} + \frac{1}{2}(900)(1) \text{ m} \cdot \text{N}}$$

$$= \boxed{1.76 \text{ m}}$$

Example

For the simply supported beam below, replace the distributed load with a single force and give its location.



$$F_1 = (150 \text{ lb/ft})(12 \text{ ft}) = 2700 \text{ lb}$$

$$X_1 = \frac{1}{2}(12 \text{ ft}) = 6 \text{ ft}$$

$$F_2 = \frac{1}{2}(300 \text{ lb/ft})(6 \text{ ft}) = 2700 \text{ lb}$$

$$X_2 = \frac{1}{3}(6 \text{ ft}) = 2 \text{ ft}$$

$$F_R = F_1 + F_2$$

$$= 5400 \text{ lb}$$

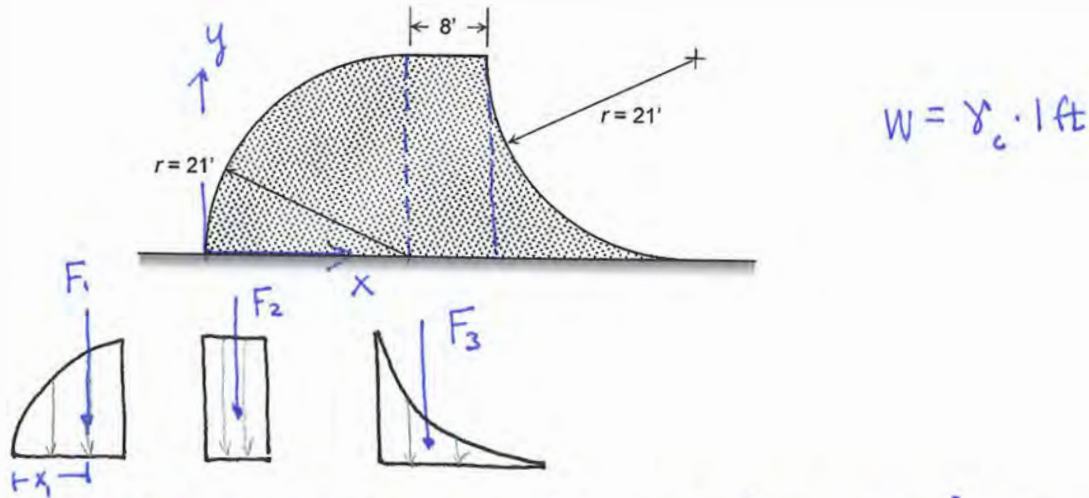
$$X_R F_R = X_1 F_1 + X_2 F_2$$

$$X_R = \frac{X_1 F_1 + X_2 F_2}{F_R} = \frac{(6')(2700 \text{ lb}) + (2')(2700 \text{ lb})}{5400 \text{ lb}}$$

$$= 7.5 \text{ ft}$$

Example

The concrete structure in the figure is suggested as a design for a dam. For a one-foot thickness, find the resultant weight of the dam and give its location. The specific weight of concrete can be taken to be $\gamma_c = 150 \text{ lb/ft}^3$.



$$W = \gamma_c \cdot 1 \text{ ft}$$

$$F_1 = (\gamma_c \cdot 1 \text{ ft}) \times A_1 = 150 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \cdot 1 \text{ ft} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \pi (21)^2 \text{ ft}^2 = 51,954 \text{ lb}$$

$$x_1 = r - \frac{4r}{3\pi} = 21 - \frac{4(21)}{3\pi} = 12.09 \text{ ft}$$

$$F_2 = (\gamma_c \cdot 1 \text{ ft}) A_2 = 150 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \cdot 1 \text{ ft} \cdot (8 \text{ ft} \times 21 \text{ ft}) = 25,200 \text{ lb}$$

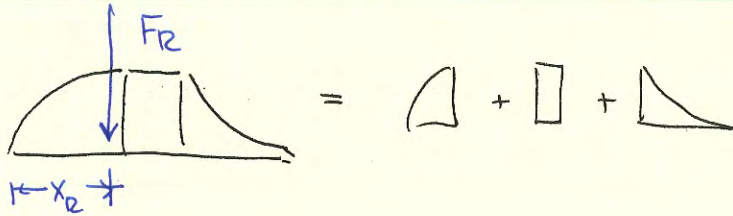
$$x_2 = r + \frac{1}{2} 8 \text{ ft} = 21 + 4 = 25 \text{ ft}$$

$$F_3 = (\gamma_c \cdot 1 \text{ ft}) * A_3 = 150 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \cdot 1 \text{ ft} \cdot \left[(21)(21) \text{ ft}^2 - \frac{1}{4} \pi (21)^2 \text{ ft}^2 \right] = 14,196 \text{ lb}$$



$$d = \frac{\sum x_i A_i}{\sum A_i} = \frac{\left(\frac{21 \text{ ft}}{2}\right) (21 \text{ ft})^2 - \left[21 \text{ ft} - \frac{4(21)}{3\pi} \text{ ft}\right] \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi (21)^2\right)}{21^2 \text{ ft}^2 - \frac{1}{4} \pi (21)^2 \text{ ft}^2} = 4.691 \text{ ft}$$

$$x_3 = 21' + 8' + 4.691 \text{ ft} = 33.691 \text{ ft}$$



$$X_R F_R = X_1 F_1 + X_2 F_2 + X_3 F_3$$

$$F_R = F_1 + F_2 + F_3$$

$$X_R = \frac{X_1 F_1 + X_2 F_2 + X_3 F_3}{F_R}$$

$$= 51,954 + 25,200 \text{ lb}$$

$$+ 14,196 \text{ lb} = \boxed{91,350 \text{ lb}}$$

$$= \frac{(12.09')(51,954 \text{ lb}) + (25')(25,200 \text{ lb}) + (33.69')(14,196 \text{ lb})}{91,350 \text{ lb}}$$

$$91,350 \text{ lb}$$

$$= \boxed{19.0 \text{ ft}}$$