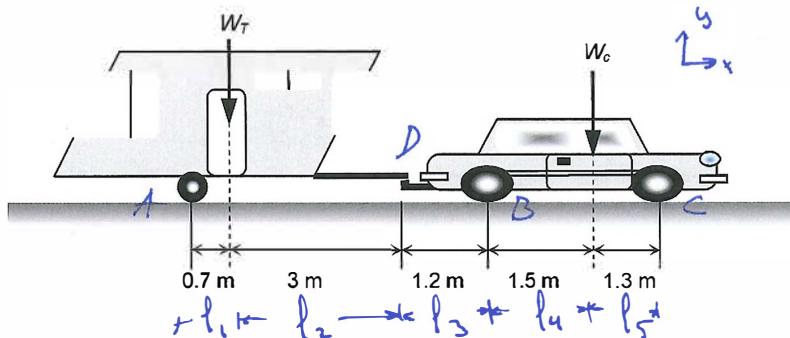
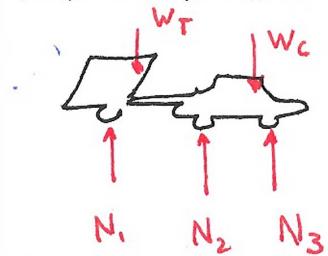


Example

The mass of the car in the figure is 1250 kg and the mass of the trailer is 100 kg. The trailer hitch connecting the car to the trailer is a ball and socket. Find the reactions at the wheels.



FBD WHOLE THING



$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad \text{USELESS}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$N_1 + N_2 + N_3 - W_t - W_c = 0 \quad (1)$$

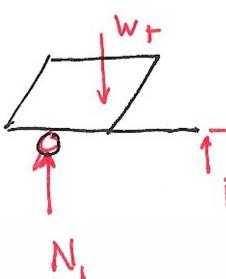
$$(l_1 + l_2 + l_3 + l_4 + l_5) N_3 = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\textcircled{A} \quad \sum M_A = 0$$

$$-\frac{l_1 W_t}{0.7} + \underbrace{(l_1 + l_2 + l_3)}_{4.9} N_B - \underbrace{(l_1 + l_2 + l_3 + l_4)}_{6.4} W_c + \underbrace{(l_1 + l_2 + l_3 + l_4 + l_5)}_{7.7} N_3 = 0 \quad (2)$$

2 EQUATIONS, 3 UNKNOWN! NEEDS A NEW FBD.

FBD TRAILER



$$\textcircled{A} \quad \sum M_D = 0$$

$$-(l_1 + l_2) N_1 + l_2 W_t = 0 \quad (3)$$

SOLVE \Rightarrow

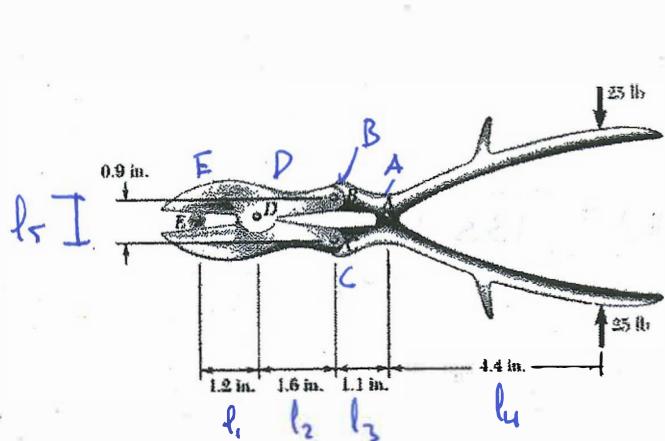
$$N_1 = 795 \text{ N}$$

$$N_2 = 8345 \text{ N}$$

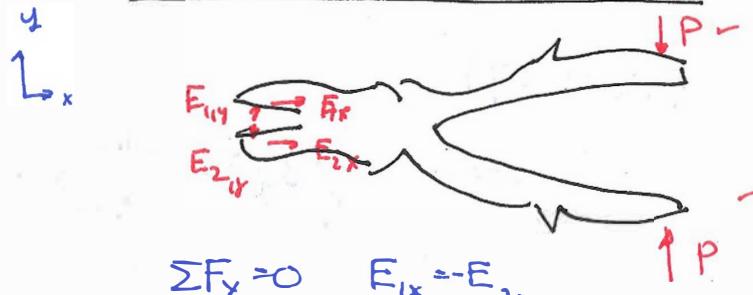
$$N_3 = 5774 \text{ N}$$

Example

The device shown in the figure is called a bone rongeur and is used in surgical procedures to cut small bones. For the 25-lb forces applied to the instrument at the locations shown, find the force applied to the bone at E.



FBD WHOLE THINNING BONE



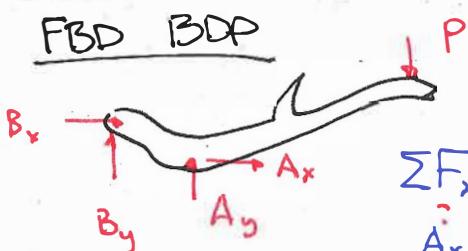
$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad E_{1y} = -E_{2x}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad P - E_{1y} - E_{2x} = 0$$

$$E_{1y} = -P + E_{2x}$$

$$\Delta \sum M_E = 0 \quad -E_{1x} d + d E_{2x} = 0$$

$$E_{1x} = E_{2x} \therefore = 0$$



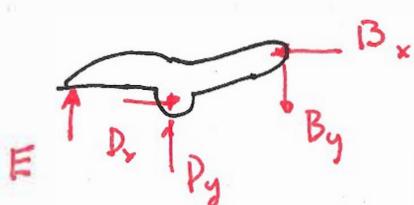
$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad A_x + B_x = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad B_y + A_y - P = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} 3 \text{ EQ } 5 \text{ UNK} \\ A_x, B_x, B_y, P \\ E \end{array}$$

$$\sum M_A = 0 \quad -l_4 P - \frac{d_5}{2} B_x - l_3 B_y = 0 \quad (3)$$

FBD EDB



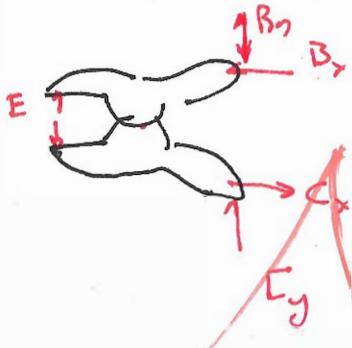
$$\sum M_D = 0 \quad -l_1 E + \frac{l_5}{2} B_x - l_2 B_y = 0 \quad (4) \text{ BLECH!}$$

ADDED 1 EQN.

X EQ ADD MORE

UNKNOWNS!

FBD EOB TOP & BOTTOM



$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad -B_x + C_x = 0 \quad C_x = B_x$$

$$\sum M_D = 0 \quad -l_1 E + l_1 E + \frac{l_5}{2} B_x + \frac{l_5}{2} C_x = 0$$

AH-AH-AH!

$$C_x = -B_x \Rightarrow C_x = B_x = 0!!$$

$$B_x = 0 \quad (5)$$

NOW I CAN SOLVE.

FROM (3)

$$B_y = -\frac{l_4}{l_3} P = -\frac{4.4}{1.1} (25 \text{ lb}) = \underline{-100 \text{ lb}}$$

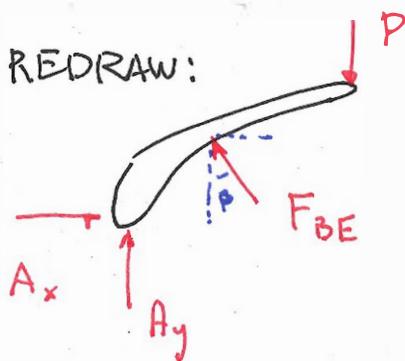
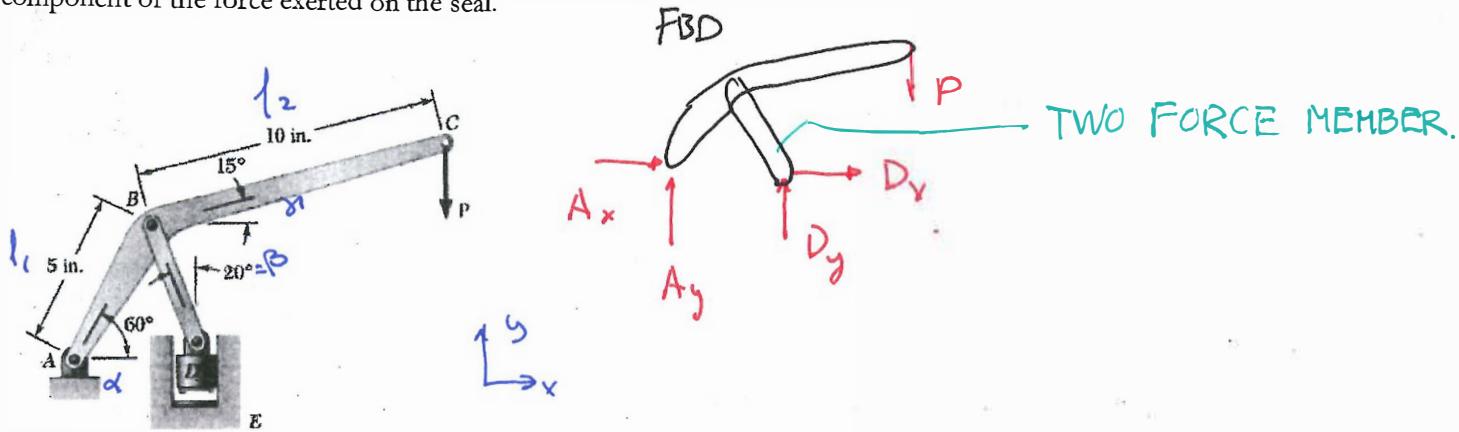
FROM (4)

$$F = -\frac{l_2}{l_1} B_y = -\frac{1.6}{1.2} (-100 \text{ lb}) = \boxed{133 \text{ lb}}$$

Example

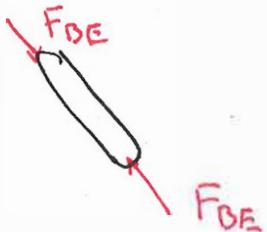
ASSUME WEIGHTLESS
MEMBERS

The figure shows a press used to emboss a seal at E. If the force $P = 60 \text{ lb}$, find the reaction at A and the vertical component of the force exerted on the seal.

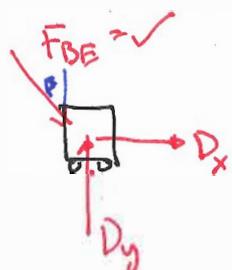


$$\begin{aligned} & \sum M_A = 0 \\ & - (l_1 \cos \alpha + l_2 \cos \gamma) P \\ & + (l_1 \sin \alpha) F_{BE} \sin \beta + (l_1 \cos \alpha) (F_{D_E} \cos \beta) = 0 \\ \therefore & F_{BE} = 3.175 P = \boxed{191 \text{ lb}} \end{aligned}$$

FBD BD



FBD D



$$\sum F_y = 0$$

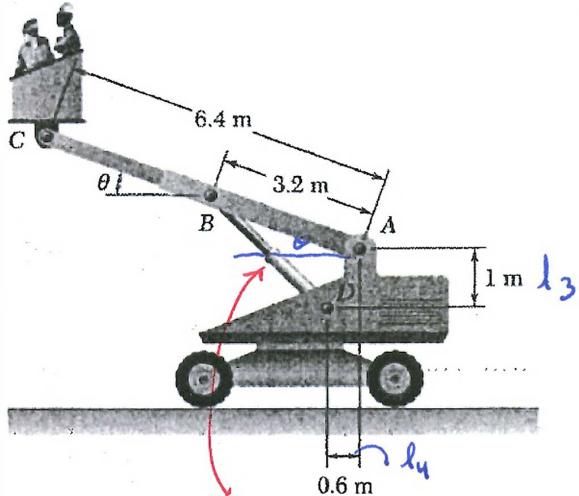
$$-F_{BE} \cos \beta + D_y = 0$$

$$D_y = F_{BE} \cos \beta$$

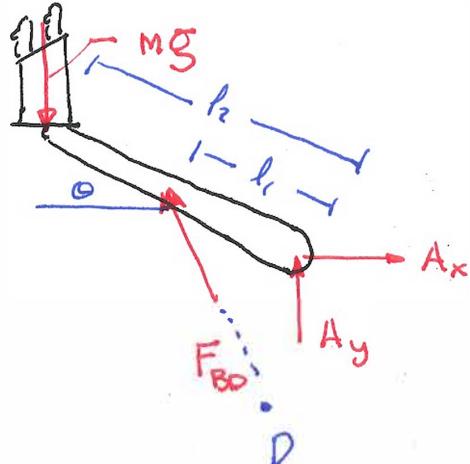
$$= \dots = \boxed{179 \text{ lb}}$$

Example

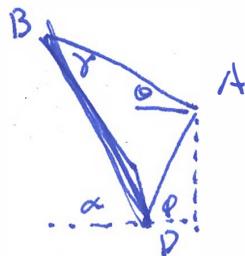
The telescoping arm ABC is used to elevate workers on a platform. The combined mass of the platform and the workers is 240 kg with a combined center of gravity at C. If the angle $\theta = 24^\circ$, find the force exerted by the hydraulic cylinder BD on the arm and the reaction at A.



TWO-FORCE MEMBER!



GEOMETRY!



$$\phi = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{l_3}{l_4}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{0.6}\right) = 59.0^\circ$$

$$AD = \sqrt{l_3^2 + l_4^2} = \sqrt{(1^2 + 0.6^2)} = 1.166 \text{ m}$$

LAW of COSINES

$$BD = \sqrt{AB^2 + AD^2 - 2(AB)(AD)\cos(\phi + \theta)}^{1/2}$$

$$= \sqrt{3.2^2 + (1.166)^2 - 2(3.2)(1.166)}$$

$$\times \cos(59^\circ + 24^\circ)^{1/2}$$

$$= 3.2696 \text{ m}$$

LAW of SINES

$$\frac{BD}{\sin(\theta + \phi)} = \frac{AD}{\sin \gamma}$$

$$\sin \gamma = \frac{AD}{BD} \sin(\theta + \phi)$$

$$= \frac{1.166}{3.2696} \sin(59^\circ + 24^\circ) = 0.3540$$

$$\gamma = 20.73^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 44.73$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \sum M_A = 0$$

$$(l_2 \cos\theta)mg - l_1 F_{BD} \sin\gamma = 0$$

$$F_{BD} = \frac{l_2 \cos\theta mg}{l_1 \sin\gamma} = \frac{(6.4 \text{ m}) \cos 240^\circ (240 \text{ kg}) (9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)}{(3.2 \text{ m}) \sin 20.73^\circ}$$
$$= \boxed{12,150 \text{ N}}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$F_{BD} \cos\alpha + A_x = 0$$

$$A_x = -F_{BD} \cos\alpha$$

$$= \boxed{-8632 \text{ N}}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$A_y - mg + F_{BD} \sin\alpha = 0$$

$$A_y = mg - F_{BD} \sin\alpha$$

$$= (240 \text{ kg})(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2) - (12,150 \text{ N}) (\sin 44.73)$$

$$= \boxed{6,196 \text{ N}}$$