

MA 439 - Math of Image Processing

Assignment #5

Professor Broughton

Due Date: Tuesday October 15

Name: _____

Box #: _____

- Let X denote a monochrome $m \times n$ image and let M be the maximum value of $|\widehat{X}(k, l)|$ $0 \leq k < m$ and $0 \leq l < n$. Define X_c and \widehat{X}_c by:

$$\widehat{X}_c(k, l) = 0, \text{ if } \widehat{X}(k, l) < \frac{c}{100}M,$$

$$\widehat{X}_c(k, l) = \widehat{X}(k, l), \text{ otherwise}$$

$$X_c = \mathcal{F}^{-1}(\widehat{X}_c).$$

Observe that $X_0 = X$ and that $X_{100+\varepsilon} = 0$, for positive ε . Pick an image X and construct the following table for a variety of values of c , measured in percent, for at least at least 10 values. Some sample values c that you might try are shown. The quantities PRC and D are the percentage of retained coefficients and distortion expressed as percents:

$$PRC = 100 \frac{mn - \#\{(k, l) : \widehat{X}_c(k, l) = 0\}}{mn}$$

$$D = 100 \frac{\|X - X_c\|^2}{\|X\|^2}$$

c	PRC	PD
.01		
.02		
.1		
.2		

Note that the second Matlab assignment has an example showing how to form X_c .

- Construct a rate distortion curve by plotting PRC against PD .

3. For three different images, find the largest c so that X_c looks like a natural image. Can you devise a rule of thumb for a maximal acceptable percentage distortion.
4. Progressive resolution. Pick any image. Show five progressively finer resolutions of the image as follows.
 - Pick an X .
 - Construct \hat{X} .
 - Construct \hat{X}_n by selecting a set of coefficients in the center of the shifted *DFT*. As n get larger the set of coefficients gets larger, and $\hat{X}_5 = \hat{X}$
 - construct and show $X_n = \mathcal{F}^{-1}\hat{X}_n$.

Send your Matlab script (question 4 only) electronically.