

**ECE-597: Probability, Random Processes, and Estimation**  
*Homework # 5*

Due: Friday April 24, 2015

1) Consider the following Bernoulli Process

$$X[n] = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for success in } n^{\text{th}} \text{ trial} \\ 0 & \text{for failure in } n^{\text{th}} \text{ trial} \end{cases}$$

with  $P(X[n] = 1) = p$ , and the  $X[n]$  are i.i.d.

For this random sequence,

- a) show that  $\mu_X[n] = p$
- b) show that  $K_{XX}[k, l] = p(1 - p)\delta[k - l]$ , where  $\delta[k - l] = 1$  for  $k = l$  and 0 for  $k \neq l$ .
- c) Is this process WSS?

2) Consider the following Bernoulli Counting process

$$Y[n] = \sum_{i=1}^n X[i]$$

for the  $X[i]$  defined in the previous problem.

- a) Show that  $\mu_Y[k] = kp$
- b) Show that  $K_{YY}[k, l] = p(1 - p) \min(k, l)$
- c) Is this process WSS?

3) Consider the following random sequence.

$$Z[n] = \begin{cases} +1 & \text{for success in } n^{\text{th}} \text{ trial} \\ -1 & \text{for failure in } n^{\text{th}} \text{ trial} \end{cases}$$

where  $P(Z[n] = 1) = p$ , and the  $Z[i]$  are i.i.d.

- a) Show that  $\mu_Z[n] = 2p - 1$
- b) Show that  $K_{ZZ}[k, l] = 4p(1 - p)\delta[k - l]$
- c) Is this process WSS?

4) Consider the following random walk process

$$W[n] = \sum_{i=1}^n Z[i]$$

where the  $Z[i]$  are defined in the previous problem.

- a) Show that  $\mu_W[n] = n(2p - 1)$
- b) Show that  $K_{WW}[k, l] = 4p(1 - p) \min(k, l)$
- c) Is this process WSS?

5) Let  $Z[n]$  be a one sided Bernoulli process with  $p = 1/2$ . This means that  $Z[n]$  is an i.i.d. sequence with  $P(Z[n] = 0) = P(Z[n] = 1) = 1/2$ . Let

$$\begin{aligned} X[n] &= (-1)^{Z[n]} \\ Y[n] &= \sum_{i=0}^{i=n} 2^{-i} X[i] \\ V[n] &= \sum_{i=0}^{i=\infty} 2^{-i} X[n-i] \end{aligned}$$

Compute the mean and autocovariance functions of  $X[n]$ ,  $Y[n]$ , and  $Z[n]$ . Are any of these WSS sequences?

*Answer:*  $\mu_X[n] = 0$ ,  $K_{XX}[n, m] = \delta[n - m]$ ,  $\mu_Y[n] = 0$ ,  $K_{YY}[n, m] = \frac{4}{3} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{\min(n, m)+1}\right)$ ,  $\mu_V[n] = 0$ ,  $K_{VV}[n, m] = \frac{4}{3} 2^{-|n-m|}$