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## ECE-420 Exam 1 Fall 2012

Calculators can only be used for simple calculations. Solving integrals, differential equations, systems of equations, etc. does not count as a simple calculation.

You must show your work to receive credit.

Problem 1	/25
Problem 2	/25
Problem 3	/10
Problem 4	/20
Problem 5	/20

**Total** \_\_\_\_\_

- 1) For impulse response  $h(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} u(n-2)$  and input  $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n+1} u(n)$
- a) Determine H(z)
- b) Determine X(z)
- c) Assume  $Y(z) = z^{-1}G(z)$ , determine g(n) and then y(n)

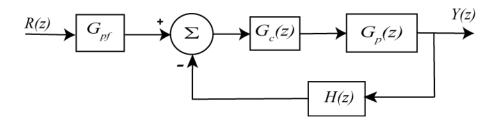
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- 2) Consider the difference equation y(n+1) 2y(n) = x(n) with the initial condition  $y(0) = \frac{1}{2}$
- a) Assuming the input is a unit step function, determine the zero input response (ZIR) and the zero state response (ZSR)
- b) Determine an expression for the system output
- c) Use the difference equation to compute y(0), y(1), and y(2)
- d) Compare the values from part c with the values you compute from your answer to part b

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3) Use long division to determine the first three nonzero terms in the impulse response for the following transfer function  $H(z) = \frac{z+1}{z^2+2z+2}$ 

4) Assume the following feedback configuration



If  $H(z) = z^{-1}$ ,  $G_c(z) = \frac{az - b}{z - 1}$ ,  $G_p(z) = 2$  determine the parameters a and b so all of the closed loop poles are at 0.5.

5) For impulse response  $h(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} u(n-1)$  and input  $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{1-n} u(1-n)$ , the system output can be written as A(n)u(n-3)+B(n)u(2-n). Determine an expression for A(n) or B(n). You do not need to simplify your expression.

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