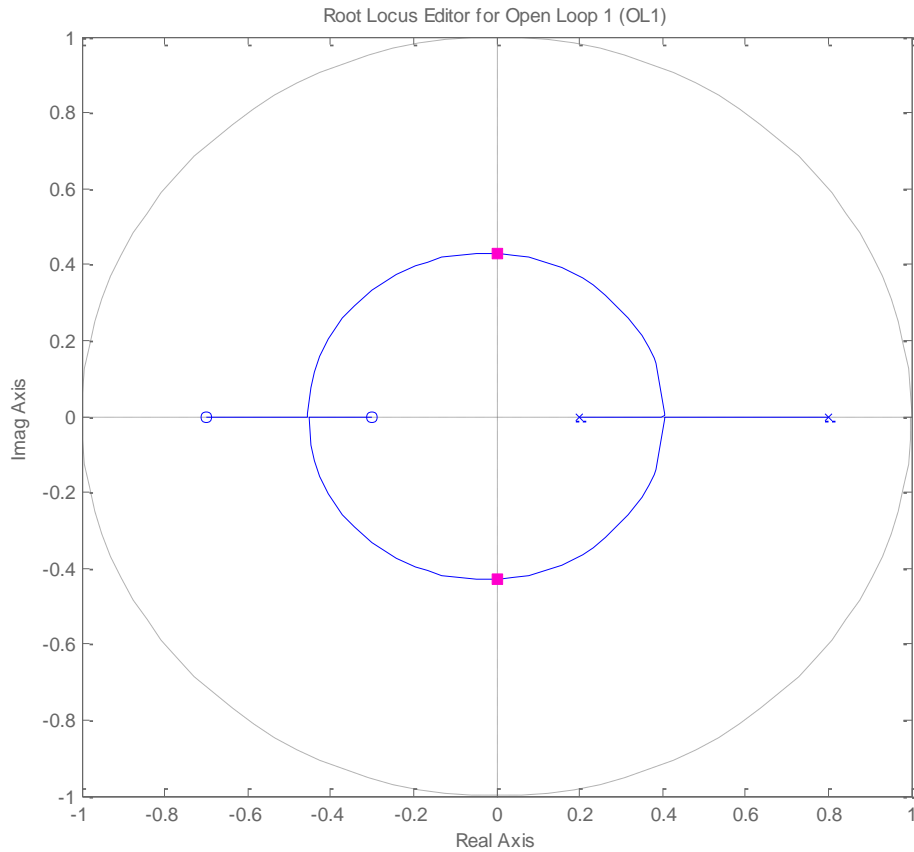


**ECE-320,  
Practice Quiz #5**

Problems 1 and 2 refer to the following root locus plot for a discrete-time system



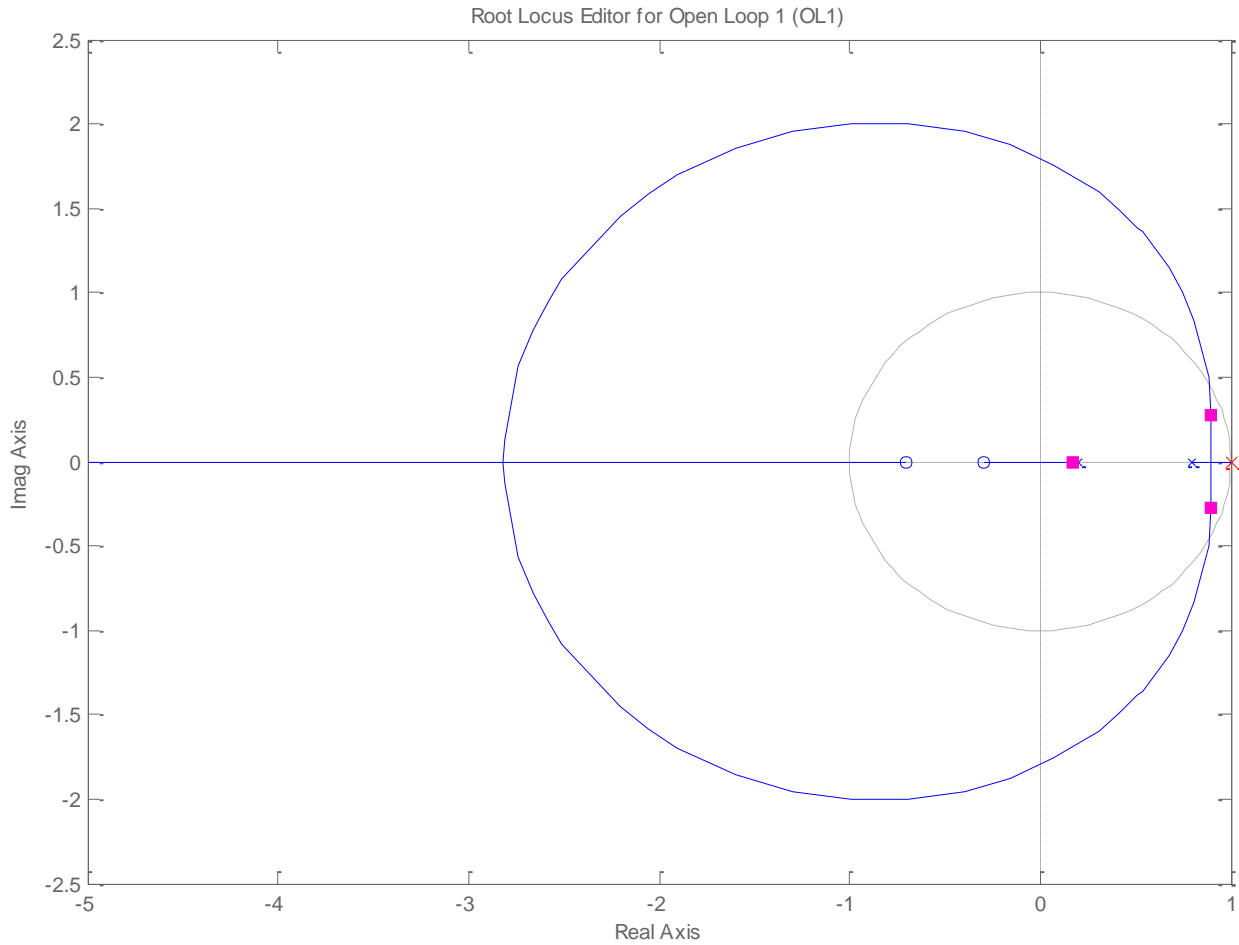
**1)** Are there any values of  $k$  (the variable parameter) for which the system is stable?

- a) yes   b) no   c) there is not enough information to answer

**2)** As  $k$  increases, the close loop poles of the system

- a) move to the left   b) move to the right   c) do not move at all

Problems 3-5 refer to the following root locus plot for a discrete-time system



**3)** With the closed loop pole locations shown in the figure, is the closed loop system stable?

a) yes b) no c) not enough information

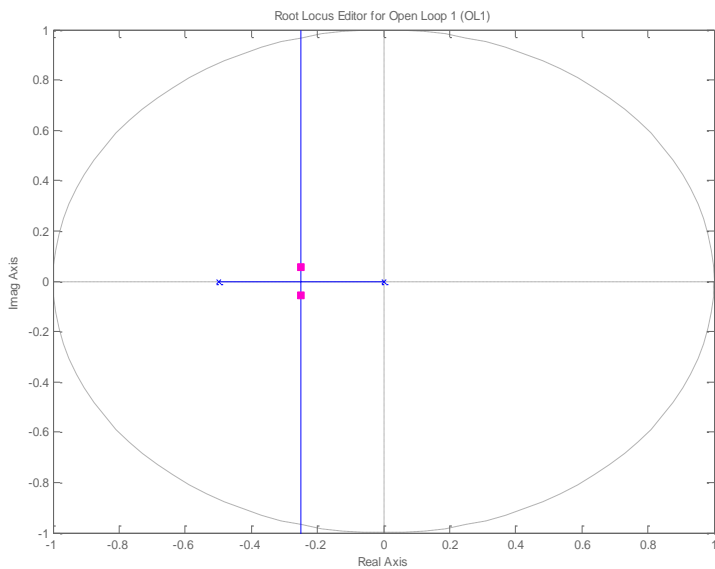
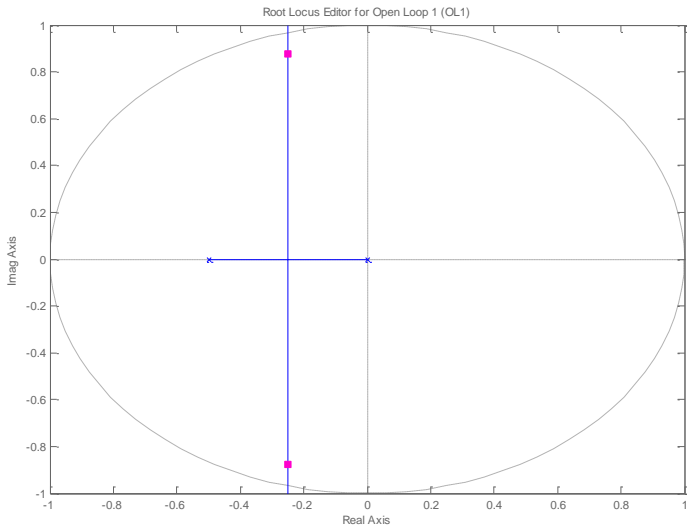
**4)** Is there any value of  $k$  for which the closed loop system is stable?

a) yes b) no c) not enough information

**5)** Is this a type one system?

a) yes b) no c) not enough information

Problems 6 and 7 refer to the following two root locus plot for a discrete-time system



6) For which system is the settling time likely to be smallest?

- a) The system on the left   b) the system on the right   c) the settling time will be the same

7) Is this a type 1 system?

- a) yes   b) no   c) not enough information

For problems 8-10, consider a closed loop system with transfer function

$$G_0(s) = \frac{s+a}{s^2+bs+k}$$

8) The sensitivity to variations in  $k$ ,  $S_k^{G_0}(s)$ , is

- a)  $\frac{k}{s^2+bs+k}$  b)  $\frac{-k}{s^2+bs+k}$  c) 1 d)  $\frac{k}{s+a} - \frac{k}{s^2+bs+k}$  e) none of these

9) The sensitivity to variations in  $b$ ,  $S_b^{G_0}(s)$ , is

- a)  $\frac{-b}{s^2+bs+k}$  b)  $\frac{-bs}{s^2+bs+k}$  c) 1 d)  $\frac{b}{s+a} - \frac{bs}{s^2+bs+k}$  e) none of these

10) The sensitivity to variations in  $a$ ,  $S_a^{G_0}(s)$ , is

- a)  $\frac{a}{s^2+bs+k}$  b)  $\frac{-a}{s^2+bs+k}$  c) 1 d)  $\frac{a}{s+a}$  e) none of these

11) Assume we compute the sensitivity of a system with nominal value  $a = 4$  to be

$$S_a^{G_0}(s) = \frac{1}{s+a}$$

For what frequencies will the sensitivity function be less than  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{32}}$ ?

- a)  $\omega < 4$  rad/sec b)  $\omega > 4$  rad/sec c)  $\omega > 16$  rad/sec d)  $\omega < 16$  rad/sec e) none of these

12) Assume we compute the sensitivity of a system with nominal value  $a = 3$

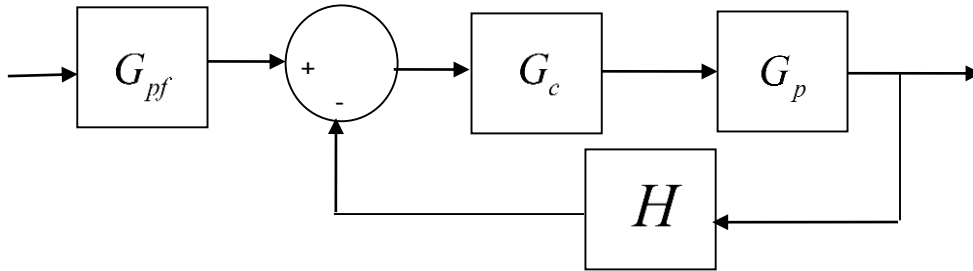
to be

$$S_a^{G_0}(s) = \frac{s+2}{s+1+a}$$

For what frequencies will the sensitivity function be less than  $\sqrt{\frac{10}{16}}$ ?

- a)  $\omega < 4$  rad/sec b)  $\omega > 4$  rad/sec c)  $\omega > 16$  rad/sec d)  $\omega < 16$  rad/sec e) none of these

Problems 13-16 refer to the following system



**13)** To reduce the sensitivity of the closed loop transfer function variations in the plant  $G_p$ , we should

- a) make  $|G_c(j\omega)G_p(j\omega)H(j\omega)|$  large
- b) make  $|G_c(j\omega)G_p(j\omega)H(j\omega)|$  small
- c) make  $G_{pf}$  large
- d) do nothing, we cannot change the sensitivity

**14)** To reduce the sensitivity of the closed loop transfer function to variations in the prefilter  $G_{pf}$ , we should

- a) make  $|G_c(j\omega)G_p(j\omega)H(j\omega)|$  large
- b) make  $|G_c(j\omega)G_p(j\omega)H(j\omega)|$  small
- c) make  $G_{pf}$  small
- d) do nothing, we cannot change the sensitivity

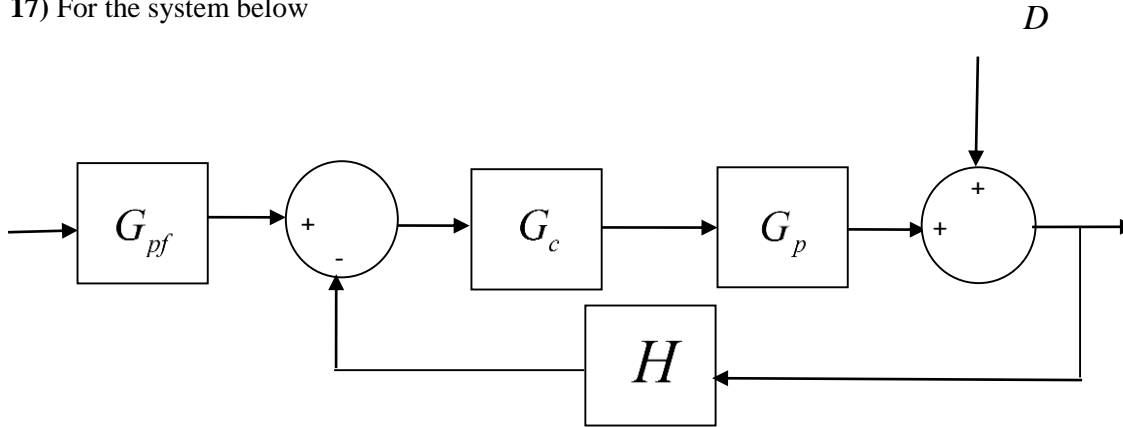
**15)** To reduce the sensitivity of the closed loop transfer function to variations in the controller  $G_c$  we should

- a) make  $|G_c(j\omega)G_p(j\omega)H(j\omega)|$  large
- b) make  $|G_c(j\omega)G_p(j\omega)H(j\omega)|$  small
- c) make  $|H(j\omega)|$  large
- d) do nothing, we cannot change the sensitivity

**16)** To reduce the sensitivity of the closed loop transfer function to variations in the sensor  $H$ , we should

- a) make  $|G_c(j\omega)G_p(j\omega)H(j\omega)|$  large
- b) make  $|G_c(j\omega)G_p(j\omega)H(j\omega)|$  small
- c) make  $G_{pf}$  large
- d) do nothing, we cannot change the sensitivity

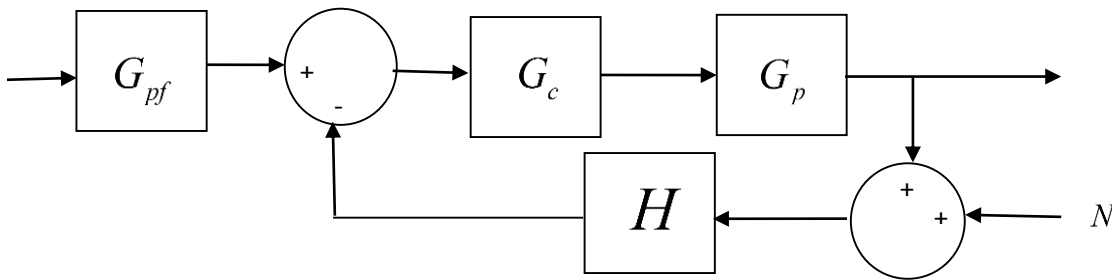
17) For the system below



to reduce the effects of the external disturbance  $D$  on the system output, we should

- a) make  $|G_c(j\omega)G_p(j\omega)H(j\omega)|$  large
- b) make  $|G_c(j\omega)G_p(j\omega)H(j\omega)|$  small
- c) make  $G_{pf}$  large
- d) do nothing, we cannot change the sensitivity

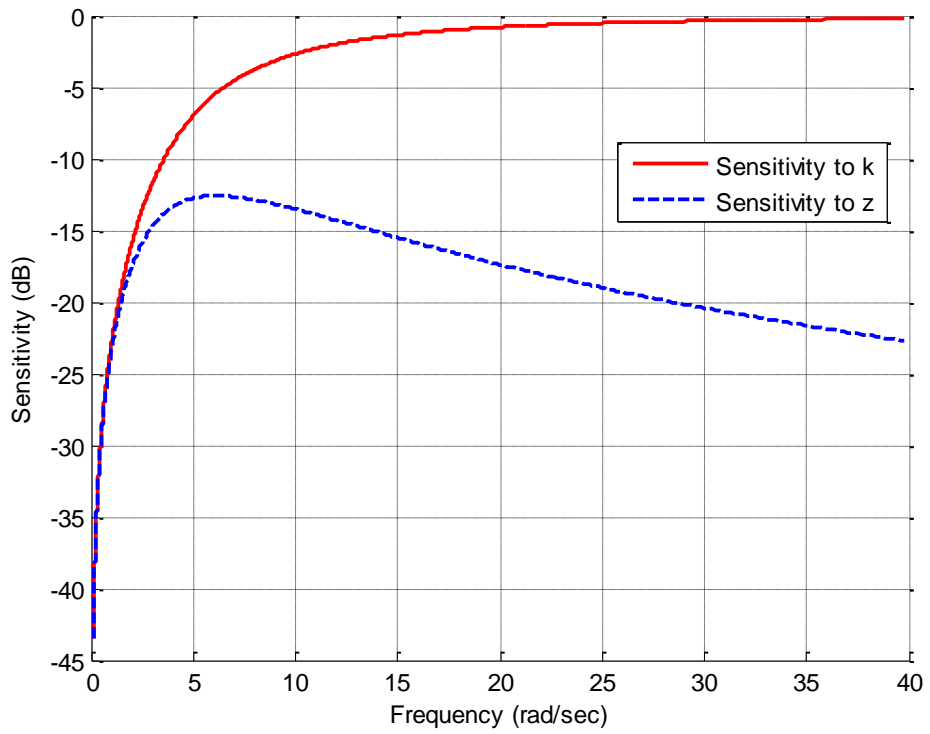
18) For the system below



to reduce the effects of sensor noise  $N$  on the closed loop system, we should

- a) make  $|G_c(j\omega)G_p(j\omega)H(j\omega)|$  large
- b) make  $|G_c(j\omega)G_p(j\omega)H(j\omega)|$  small
- c) make  $|H(j\omega)|$  large
- d) do nothing, we cannot change the sensitivity

19) The graph below shows a plot of the sensitivities to two parameters. Over this frequency range, the system is more sensitive to which parameter?



Answers: 1-a, 2-a, 3-a, 4-a, 5-a, 6-b, 7-b, 8-b, 9-b, 10-d, 11-b, 12-a, 13-a, 14-d, 15-a, 16-b, 17-a, 18-b, 19-k