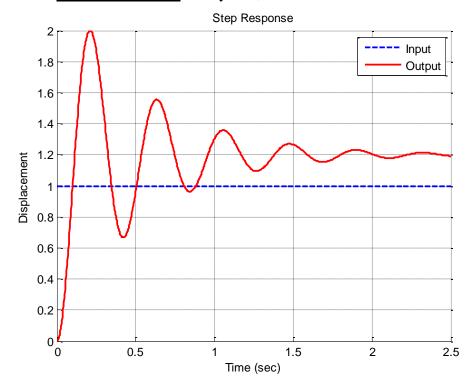
## ECE-320, Practice Quiz #2

Problems 1 and 2 refer to a system with poles at -2+5j. -2-5j. -10+j, -10-j, and -20

- 1) The best estimate of the <u>settling time</u> for this system is
- a) 2 seconds b) 0.4 seconds c) 4/5 seconds d) 0.2 seconds
- 2) The <u>dominant pole(s)</u> of this system are a) -2+5j and -2-5j b) -10+j and -10-j c) -20

Problems 3 and 4 refer to the **unit step response** of a system, shown below



- 3) The best estimate of the steady state error for a unit step input is a) 0.2 b) -0.2 c) 1.0 d) -0.0
- 4) The best estimate of the **percent overshoot** is a) 200% b) 100% c) 67% d) 20%
- 5) The unit step response of a system is given by  $y(t) = 0.5u(t) tu(t) t^4 e^{-t} u(t) + e^{-t} u(t)$

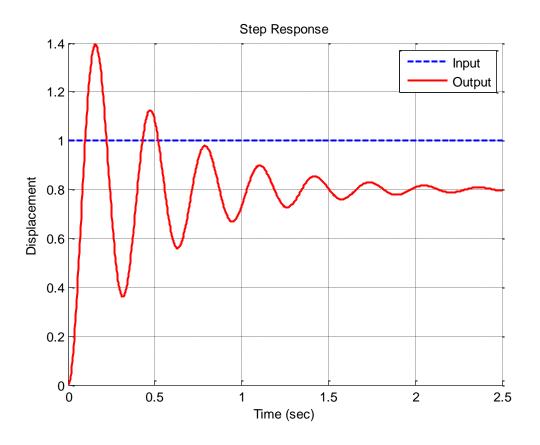
The **steady state error** for a unit step input for this system is best estimated as

- a)  $\infty$  b) 0.5 c) 2.0 d) -0.5 e) impossible to determine
- **6)** The unit step response of a system is given by  $y(t) = 0.5u(t) t^4 e^{-t} u(t) + e^{-t} u(t)$

The steady state error for a unit step input for this system is best estimated as

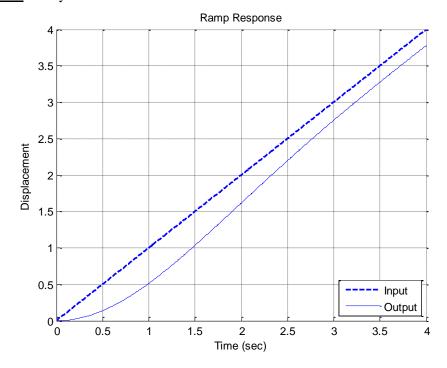
a)  $\infty$  b) 0.5 c) 2.0 d) -0.5 e) impossible to determine

Problems 7 and 8 refer to the <u>unit step response</u> of a system, shown below



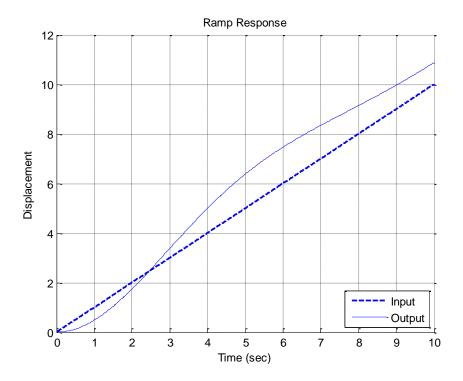
- 7) The best estimate of the steady state error for a unit step input is
- a) 0.2 b) -0.2 c) 0.3 d) 0.0 e) impossible to determine
- **8)** The best estimate of the **percent overshoot** is a) 75% b) 50% c) 40% d) 25%

## 9) The <u>unit ramp response</u> of a system is shown below:



The best estimate of the **steady state error** is a) 0.3 b) -0.3 c) 0 d) 0.5 e) -0.5

## **10)** The <u>unit ramp response</u> of a system is shown below:



The best estimate of the **steady state error** is a) 0.75 b) -0.75 c) 1.5 d) -0.5

11) The <u>unit ramp response</u> of a system is given by  $y(t) = -0.5u(t) + tu(t) + e^{-t}u(t)$ .

The best estimate of the steady state error is

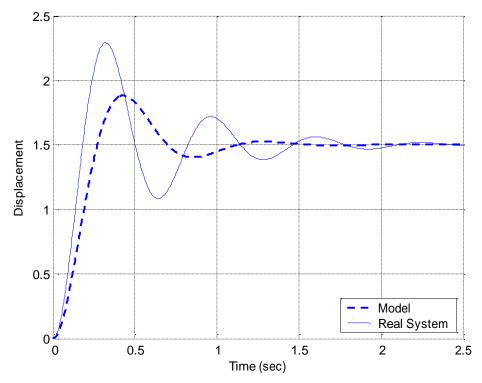
a) 0.5 b) 2.0 c) 1.0 d)  $\infty$  e) -0.5

12) The <u>unit ramp response</u> of a system is given by  $y(t) = -0.5u(t) - 2tu(t) + e^{-t}u(t)$ 

The best estimate of the steady state error is

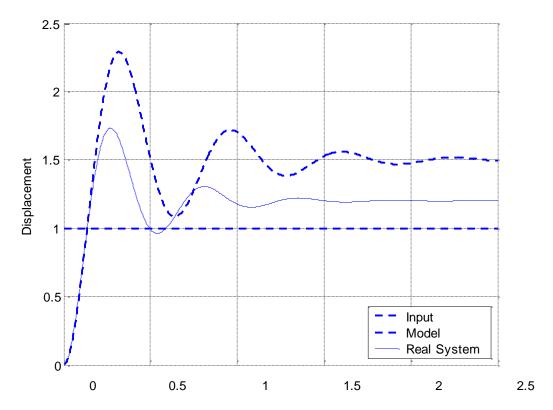
a) 0.5 b) 2.0 c) 1.0 d)  $\infty$  e) -0.5

Problems 13 and 14 refer to the figure below, which shows the unit step response of a real 2nd order system and the unit step response of a second order model we are trying to match to the real system.



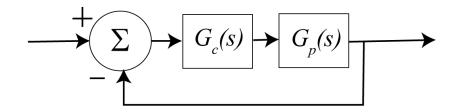
- 13) In order to make the model better match the real system, the *damping ratio* of the *model* should be
- a) increased
- b) decreased
- c) left alone
- d) impossible to determine
- 14) In order to make the model better match the real system, the *natural frequency* of the *model* should be
- a) increased
- b) decreased
- c) left alone d) impossible to determine

Problems 15-17 refer to the figure below, which shows the unit step response of a real 2nd order system and the unit step response of a second order model we are trying to match to the real system.



- 15) In order to make the model better match the real system, the **damping ratio** of the *model* should be
- a) increased
- b) decreased
- c) left alone
- d) impossible to determine
- **16**) In order to make the model better match the real system, the **natural frequency** of the **model** should be
- a) increased
- b) decreased
- c) left alone d) impossible to determine
- 17) In order to make the model better match the real system, the **static gain** of the **model** should be
- a) increased
- b) decreased
- c) left alone d) impossible to determine

## 18) For the following system

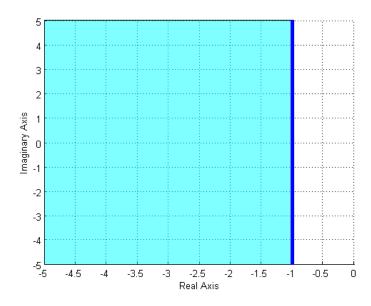


the pole of the controller  $G_c(s)$  is at -15 the poles of the plant  $G_p(s)$  are at -1 and -2 the poles of the closed loop system are at -7.1, -5.43 +3.98j, -5.43 -3.98j

The best estimate of the settling time of the closed loop system is

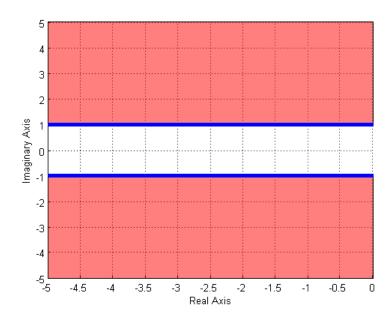
a) 4 seconds b) 4/15 seconds c) 4/7.1 seconds d) 4/5.r3 seconds

- 19) The (dark) shaded area in the s-plane figure below shows the possible pole location for an ideal second order system that meets which of the following constraints?
- a)  $T_s \le 1$  b)  $T_s \ge 1$  c)  $T_s \ge 4$  d)  $T_s \le 4$  e) none of these



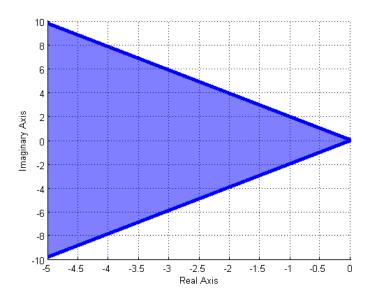
- 20) The (dark) shaded area in the s-plane figure below shows the possible pole location for an ideal second order system that meets which of the following constraints?

- a)  $T_p \le 1$  b)  $T_p \ge 1$  c)  $T_p \ge \pi$  d)  $T_p \le \pi$  e) none of these



21) The (dark) shaded area in the s-plane figure below shows the possible pole location for an ideal second order system that meets which of the following constraints?

a) 
$$PO \ge 20\%$$
 b)  $PO \le 20\%$ 

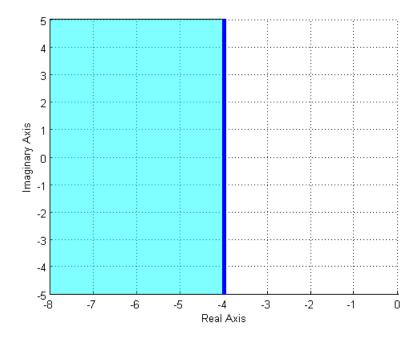


22) The (dark) shaded area in the s-plane figure below shows the possible pole location for an ideal second order system that meets which of the following constraints?

a) 
$$T_s \le 1$$
 b)  $T_s \ge 1$  c)  $T_s \ge 4$  d)  $T_s \le 4$  e) none of these

c) 
$$T_s \ge 4$$

d) 
$$T_s \leq 4$$



- **23**) Assuming we are allowed to place our poles only in the (dark) shaded areas, which of the following two shaded regions will in general result in a **smaller settling time** for our system?
- a) the region in the top figure b) the region in the bottom figure

-4

-5 ' -8

-6

-5

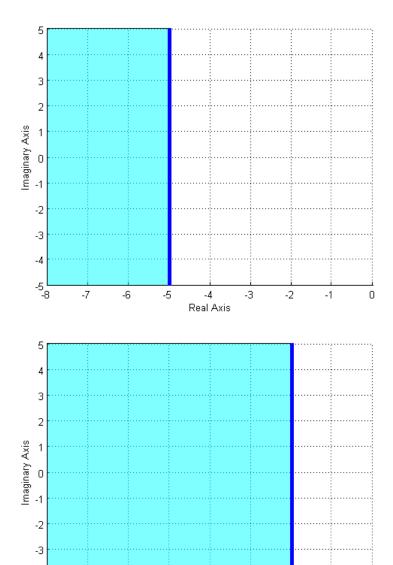
-4

Real Axis

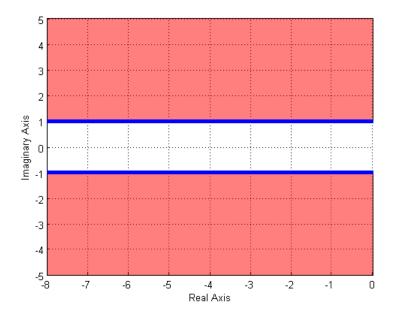
-3

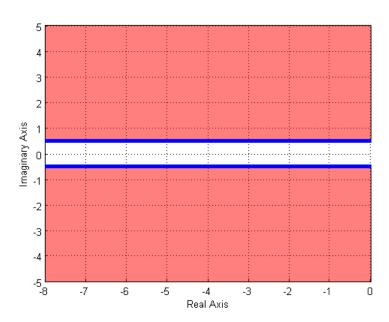
-2

-1



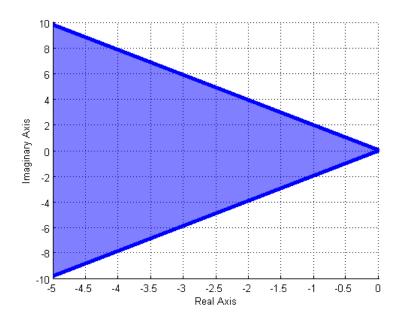
- **24)** Assuming we are allowed to place our poles only in the (dark) shaded areas, which of the following two shaded regions will in general result in a **smaller time to peak** for our system?
- a) the region in the top figure b) the region in the bottom figure

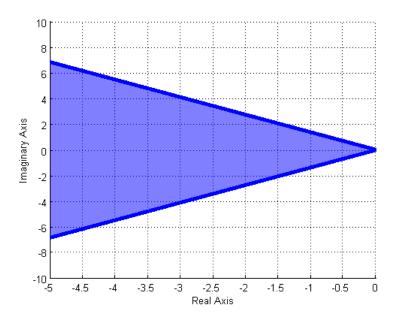




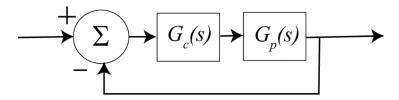
25) One of the shaded regions below shows the possible pole locations for a percent overshoot less than 10%, and the other shows the possible pole locations for a percent overshoot less than 20%. Which of the two graphs shows the possible pole locations for a percent overshoot less than 20%?

a) the region in the top figure b) the region in the bottom figure





Problems 26-28 refer to the following system, where  $G_p(s) = \frac{2}{s+3}$  and  $G_c(s) = k$ 



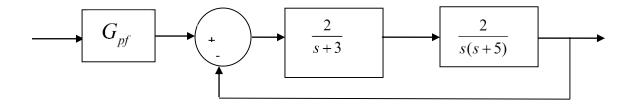
- **26)** For this system, the position error constant,  $K_p$ , is
- a) k b)  $\frac{k}{3}$  c)  $\frac{2k}{3}$  d) none of these
- 27) The steady state error for a unit step input is

a) 
$$e_{ss} = 0$$
 b)  $e_{ss} = \frac{1}{k}$  c)  $e_{ss} = \frac{1}{1+k}$  d)  $e_{ss} = \frac{3}{k}$  e)  $e_{ss} = \frac{3}{3+k}$  f)  $e_{ss} = \frac{3}{2k}$  g) none of these

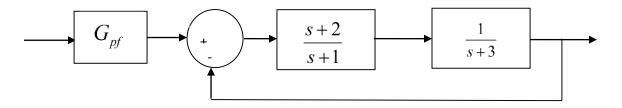
28) The (2%) settling time for this system is

a) 
$$T_s = \frac{4}{1+2k}$$
 b)  $T_s = \frac{4}{3+2k}$  c)  $T_s = \frac{4}{2+3k}$  d) none of these

- **29)** For the block diagram below, the value of the prefilter  $G_{pf}$  that produces zero **steady state error** for a unit step input is:
- a) 1 b) 3/2 c) 3 d) 1/3

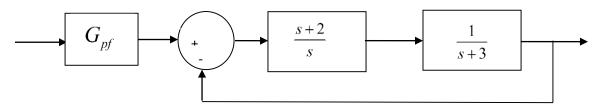


Problems 30-32 refer to the following system:



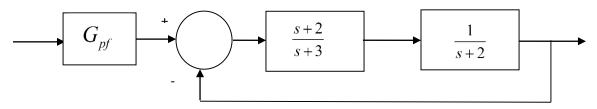
- **30)** Assuming the prefilter  $G_{pf}$  is 1, the **position error constant**  $K_p$  is best approximated as
- a) 2/3 b) 2/5 c) 1 d) 0
- 31) Assuming the prefilter  $G_{pf}$  is 1, the steady state error for a unit step is best approximated as
- a) 1/3 b) 3/2 c) 3/5 d) 2/5
- 32) The value of the prefilter  $G_{pf}$  that produces a steady state error of zero is:
- a) 1 b) 3/2 c) 5/2 d) 1/3

Problems 33-35 refer to the following system



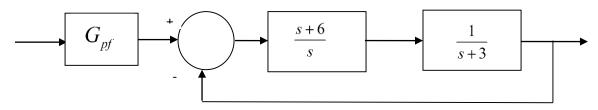
- 33) Assuming the prefilter  $G_{pf}$  is 1, the velocity error constant  $K_{v}$  is best approximated as
- a) 2/3 b) 2/5 c) 1 d) 0
- 34) Assuming the prefilter  $G_{pf}$  is 1, the steady state error for a unit ramp input is best approximated as
- a) 1/3 b) 3/2 c) 3/5 d) 2/5
- 35) Assuming the prefilter  $G_{pf}$  is 1, the steady state error for a unit step input is best approximated as
- a)  $\infty$  b) 0 c) 3/5 d) 2/5

Problems 36-38 refer to the following system:



- **36)** Assuming the prefilter  $G_{pf}$  is 1, the **position error constant**  $K_p$  is best approximated as
- a) 2/3 b) 1/3 c) 1 d) 0
- 37) Assuming the prefilter  $G_{pf}$  is 1, the steady state error for a unit step is best approximated as
- a) 1/3 b) 2/3 c) 3/4 d) 4/3
- 38) The value of the prefilter  $G_{pf}$  that produces a steady state error of zero is:
- a) 1 b) 3/2 c) 4 d) 1/3

Problems 39-41 refer to the following system



- **39)** Assuming the prefilter  $G_{pf}$  is 1, the **velocity error constant**  $K_{v}$  is best approximated as
- a) 2/3 b) 2 c) 1 d) 0
- **40**) Assuming the prefilter  $G_{pf}$  is 1, the **steady state error** for a unit ramp input is best approximated as
- a) 1/2 b) 3/2 c) 2 d) 2/5
- 41) Assuming the prefilter  $G_{pf}$  is 1, the steady state error for a unit step input is best approximated as
- a)  $\infty$  b) 0 c) 3/5 d) 2

Answers: 1-a, 2-a, 3-b, 4-c, 5-a, 6-b, 7-a, 8-a, 9-a, 10-b, 11-a, 12-d, 13-b, 14-a, 15-a, 16-a, 17-b, 18-d, 19-d, 20-d, 21-b, 22-a, 23-a, 24-a, 25-a, 26-c, 27-g, 28-b, 29-a, 30-a, 31-c, 32-c, 33-a, 34-b, 35-b, 36-b, 37-c, 38-c, 39-b, 40-a, 41-b