

**ECE-320,**  
**Practice Quiz #4**

For your ease, assume the form of convolution  $y(n) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{k=\infty} x(k)h(n-k)$  in all of the following problems.

- 1)** The finite summation  $S_N = \sum_{k=0}^N a^k$  is equal to

a)  $\frac{1-a^N}{1-a}$  b)  $\frac{1-a^{N-1}}{1-a}$  c)  $\frac{1-a^{N+1}}{1-a}$  d)  $\frac{1+a^{N+1}}{1-a}$  e) none of these

- 2)** The finite summation  $S = \sum_{k=2}^{N-3} a^k$  is equal to

a)  $\frac{1-a^{N-4}}{1-a}$  b)  $a^2 \left( \frac{1-a^{N-4}}{1-a} \right)$  c)  $a^2 \left( \frac{1-a^{N+4}}{1-a} \right)$  d)  $a^2 \left( \frac{1-a^{N-1}}{1-a} \right)$  e) none of these

- 3)** For a discrete time system,  $\delta(0)$  is equal to

a) 0 b) 1 c)  $\infty$  d) it is not defined

- 4)** If an LTI system with impulse response  $h(n) = 4^n u(n)$  has input  $x(n) = \delta(n)$ , the output of the system is

a)  $y(n) = 4^n u(n)\delta(n)$  b)  $y(n) = 4^n \delta(n)$  c)  $y(n) = 4^n u(n)$  d) none of these

- 5)** If an LTI system with impulse response  $h(n) = 3^n u(n)$  has input  $x(n) = 3\delta(n-1)$ , the output of the system is

a)  $y(n) = 3^{n+1} u(n-1)$  b)  $y(n) = 3^n u(n-1)$  c)  $y(n) = 3^n u(n)$  d) none of these

- 6)** If an LTI system with impulse response  $h(n) = 2^n u(n-1)$  has input  $x(n) = 2\delta(n-1)$ , the output of the system is

a)  $y(n) = 2^{n-1} u(n-2)$  b)  $y(n) = 2^n u(n-2)$  c)  $y(n) = 2^{n-1} u(n-2)$  d) none of these

**7)** If an LTI system with impulse response  $h(n) = 3\delta(n-1)$  has input  $x(n) = 2^n u(n-1)$ , the output of the system is

- a)  $y(n) = 3 \times 2^{n-1} u(n-2)$    b)  $y(n) = 3 \times 2^n u(n-1)$    c)  $y(n) = 3 \times 2^n u(n-2)$    d) none of these

**8)** If an LTI system with impulse response  $h(n) = 3^n u(n)$  has input  $x(n) = u(n)$ , the output of the system is

- a)  $y(n) = 3^n u(n)$    b)  $y(n) = 3^{n+1} u(n)$    c)  $y(n) = \frac{1-3^{n+1}}{1-3} u(n)$    d)  $y(n) = \frac{1-3^{n-1}}{1-3} u(n)$    e) none of these

**9)** If an LTI system with impulse response  $h(n) = 3^n u(n)$  has input  $x(n) = 2^n u(n)$ , the output of the system is

$$\text{a) } y(n) = 3^n 2^n u(n) \quad \text{b) } y(n) = 3^n \frac{1 - \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{n+1}}{1 - \frac{2}{3}} u(n) \quad \text{c) } y(n) = 2^n \frac{1 - \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{n+1}}{1 - \frac{3}{2}} u(n)$$

$$\text{d) } y(n) = \left[ \frac{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} \right] \left[ \frac{1 - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n+1}}{1 - \frac{1}{3}} \right] u(n) \quad \text{e) none of these}$$

**10)** The sum  $S = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a^k$  will converge provided

- a)  $|a| > 1$    b)  $|a| < 1$

**11)** If the sum  $S = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a^k$  converges, it is equal to

- a)  $\frac{1}{1+a}$    b)  $\frac{1}{1-a}$    c)  $\frac{a}{1-a}$    d)  $\frac{a}{1+a}$    e) none of these

*Answers: 1-c, 2-b, 3-b, 4-c, 5-b, 6-b, 7-a, 8-c, 9-b, 10-b, 11-b*