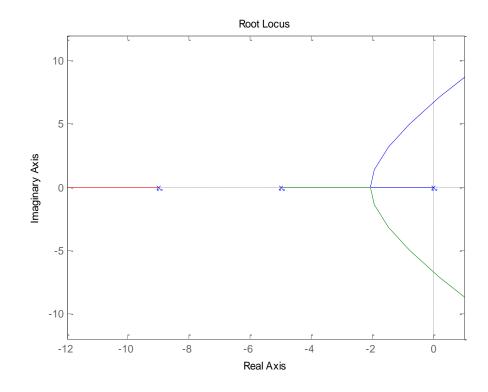
ECE-320, Practice Quiz #3



Problems 1-5 refer to the following root locus plot for a unity feedback system.

1) Is it possible to find a value of k so that -6 is a closed loop pole? a) Yes b) No

2) When k = 623 two poles of the closed loop system are purely imaginary. In order for the system to remain stable

a) 0 < k < 623 b) k > 623 c) k > 0 d) k < 0

3) Is it possible to choose k so the system becomes unstable?

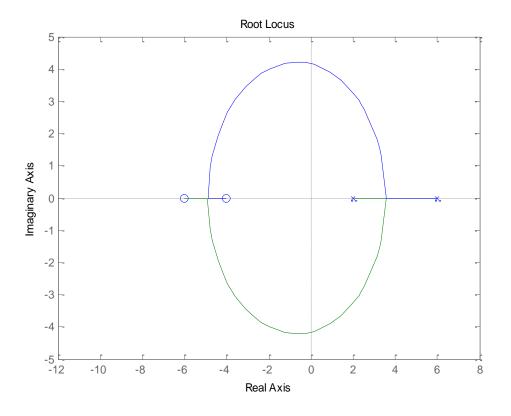
a) Yes b) No c) It is not possible to determine given this root locus plot

4) What type of system is this?

a) Type 0 b) Type 1 c) Type 2 d) Type 3 e) It is not possible to determine given this root locus plot

5) Is it possible to choose the poles so there is no overshoot (assuming the zeros do not affect the answer)?

a) Yes b) No c) It is not possible to determine given this root locus plot



Problems 6-10 refer to the following root locus plot for a unity feedback system.

6) Is it possible to find a value of k so that -5 is a closed loop pole? a) Yes b) No

7) When k = 0.795 two poles of the closed loop system are purely imaginary. In order for the system to remain stable

a) 0 < k < 0.795 b) k > 0.795 c) k > 0 d) k < 0

8) Is it possible to choose k so the system becomes unstable?

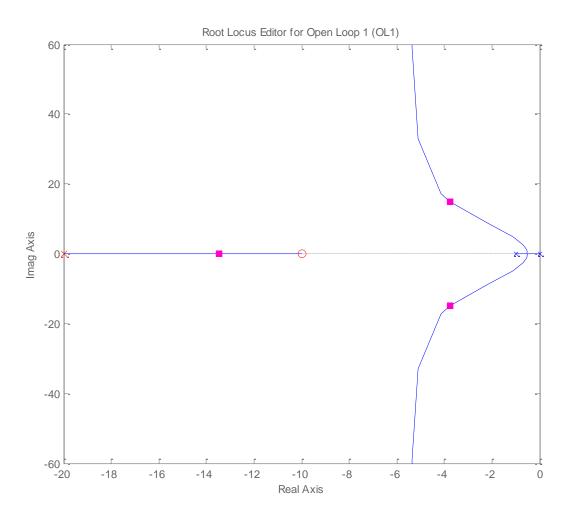
a) Yes b) No c) It is not possible to determine given this root locus plot

9) What type of system is this?

a) Type 0 b) Type 1 c) Type 2 d) Type 3 e) It is not possible to determine given this root locus plot

10) Is it possible to choose the poles so there is no overshoot (assuming the zeros do not affect the answer)?

a) Yes b) No c) It is not possible to determine given this root locus plot



Problems 11-13 refer to the following root locus plot for a unity feedback system.

11) Based on this root locus plot, the best estimate of the poles of the closed loop system are

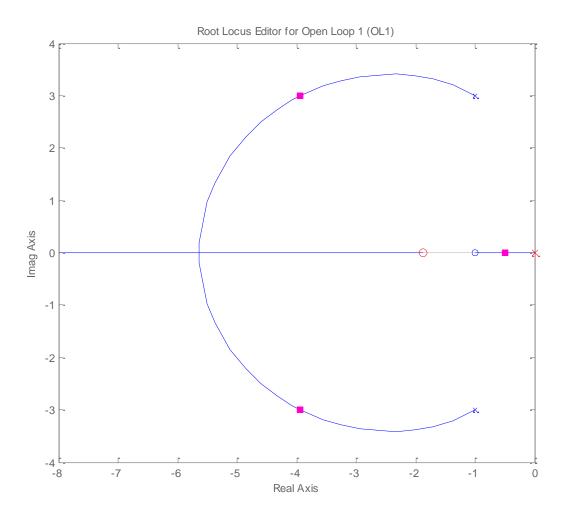
a) 0, -2, and -20 b) -4+18j, -4-18j, -14

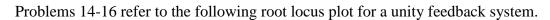
12) Is this a type one system?

a) yes b) no

13) Is this a stable system?

a) yes b) no





14) Based on this root locus plot, the best estimate of the poles of the closed loop system are

a) -1+j3, -1-3j b) -4+3j, -4-3j, -0.5

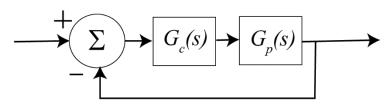
15) Is this a type one system?

a) yes b) no

16) Is this a stable system?

a) yes b) no

Problems 17-19 refer to the following system, where $G_p(s) = \frac{2}{s+3}$ and $G_c(s) = k$



17) For this system, the position error constant, K_p , is

a) k b) $\frac{k}{3}$ c) $\frac{2k}{3}$ d) none of these

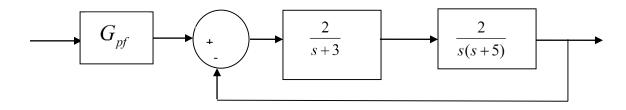
18) The steady state error for a unit step input is

a)
$$e_{ss} = 0$$
 b) $e_{ss} = \frac{1}{k}$ c) $e_{ss} = \frac{1}{1+k}$ d) $e_{ss} = \frac{3}{k}$ e) $e_{ss} = \frac{3}{3+k}$ f) $e_{ss} = \frac{3}{2k}$ g) none of these

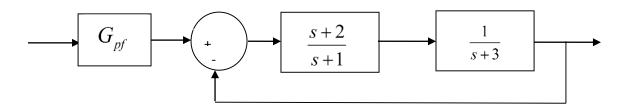
19) The (2%) settling time for this system is

a)
$$T_s = \frac{4}{1+2k}$$
 b) $T_s = \frac{4}{3+2k}$ c) $T_s = \frac{4}{2+3k}$ d) none of these

20) For the block diagram below, the value of the prefilter G_{pf} that produces zero **<u>steady state error</u>** for a unit step input is:



Problems 21-23 refer to the following system:



21) Assuming the prefilter G_{pf} is 1, the **position error constant** K_p is best approximated as

a) 2/3 b) 2/5 c) 1 d) 0

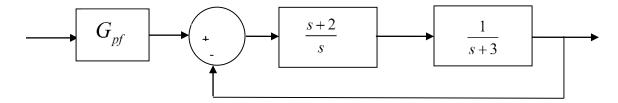
22) Assuming the prefilter G_{pf} is 1, the steady state error for a unit step is best approximated as

a) 1/3 b) 3/2 c) 3/5 d) 2/5

23) The value of the prefilter G_{pf} that produces a steady state error of zero is:

a) 1 b) 3/2 c) 5/2 d) 1/3

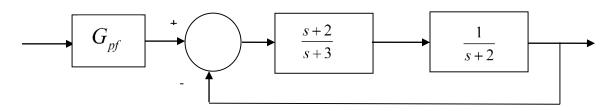
Problems 24-26 refer to the following system



24) Assuming the prefilter G_{pf} is 1, the **velocity error constant** K_v is best approximated as a) 2/3 b) 2/5 c) 1 d) 0

25) Assuming the prefilter G_{pf} is 1, the **steady state error** for a unit ramp input is best approximated as a) 1/3 b) 3/2 c) 3/5 d) 2/5

26) Assuming the prefilter G_{pf} is 1, the **steady state error** for a unit step input is best approximated as a) ∞ b) 0 c) 3/5 d) 2/5 Problems 27-29 refer to the following system:



27) Assuming the prefilter G_{pf} is 1, the **position error constant** K_p is best approximated as a) 2/3 b) 1/3 c) 1 d) 0

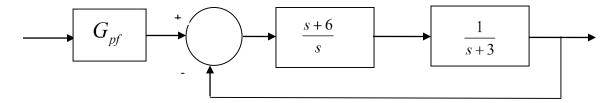
28) Assuming the prefilter G_{pf} is 1, the steady state error for a unit step is best approximated as

a) 1/3 b) 2/3 c) 3/4 d) 4/3

29) The value of the prefilter G_{pf} that produces a steady state error of zero is:

a) 1 b) 3/2 c) 4 d) 1/3

Problems 30-32 refer to the following system



30) Assuming the prefilter G_{pf} is 1, the velocity error constant K_{v} is best approximated as

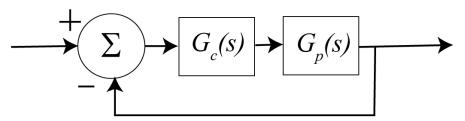
a) 2/3 b) 2 c) 1 d) 0

31) Assuming the prefilter G_{pf} is 1, the steady state error for a unit ramp input is best approximated as

32) Assuming the prefilter G_{pf} is 1, the steady state error for a unit step input is best approximated as

a) ∞ b) 0 c) 3/5 d) 2

Problems 33-38 refer to the following feedback system with plant $G_p(s) = \frac{1}{s+3}$



33) If we use a proportional controller $G_c(s) = k_p$ will the system remain stable for all positive values of k_p ?

a) yes b) no

34) If we use a proportional controller $G_c(s) = k_p$ is there any value of k_p for which the settling time is less than 0.5 seconds?

a) yes b) no

35) If we use an integral controller $G_c(s) = \frac{k_i}{s}$ will the system remain stable for all positive values of k_i ?

a) yes b) no

36) If we use an integral controller $G_c(s) = \frac{k_i}{s}$ is there any value of k_i for which the settling time is less than 0.5 seconds?

a) yes b) no

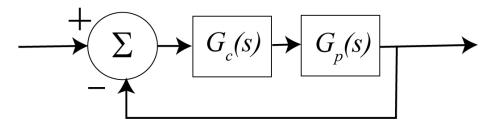
37) For which of the following PI controllers will the settling time be smaller as $k \rightarrow \infty$

a)
$$G_c(s) = \frac{k(s+2)}{s}$$
 b) $G_c(s) = \frac{k(s+6)}{s}$ c) the results will be the same

38) For which of the following PD controllers will the settling time be smaller as $k \rightarrow \infty$

a) $G_c(s) = k(s+5)$ b) $G_c(s) = k(s+10)$ c) the results will be the same

Problems 39-44 refer to the following feedback system with plant $G_p(s) = \frac{1}{(s+2+3j)(s+2-3j)}$



39) If we use a proportional controller $G_c(s) = k_p$ will the system remain stable for all positive values of k_p ?

a) yes b) no

40) If we use a proportional controller $G_c(s) = k_p$ is there any value of k_p for which the settling time is less than 0.5 seconds?

a) yes b) no

41) If we use an integral controller $G_c(s) = \frac{k_i}{s}$ will the system remain stable for all positive values of k_i ?

a) yes b) no

42) If we use an integral controller $G_c(s) = \frac{k_i}{s}$ is there any value of k_i for which the settling time is less than 0.5 seconds?

a) yes b) no

43) For which of the following PI controllers will the settling time be smaller as $k \rightarrow \infty$

a) $G_c(s) = \frac{k(s+4)}{s}$ b) $G_c(s) = \frac{k(s+6)}{s}$ c) the results will be the same

44) For which of the following PD controllers will the settling time be smaller as $k \rightarrow \infty$

a) $G_c(s) = k(s+5)$ b) $G_c(s) = k(s+10)$ c) the results will be the same

Answers: 1-b, 2-a, 3-a, 4-b, 5-a, 6-a, 7-b, 8-a, 9-a, 10-a, 11-b, 12-a, 13-a, 14-b, 15-a, 16-a, 17-c, 18-g, 19-b, 20-a, 21-a, 22-c, 23-c, 24-a, 25-b, 26-b, 27-b, 28-c, 29-c, 30-b, 31-a, 32-b, 33-a, 34-a, 35-a, 36-b, 37-b, 38-b, 39-a, 40-b, 41-b, 42-b, 43-c, 44-b