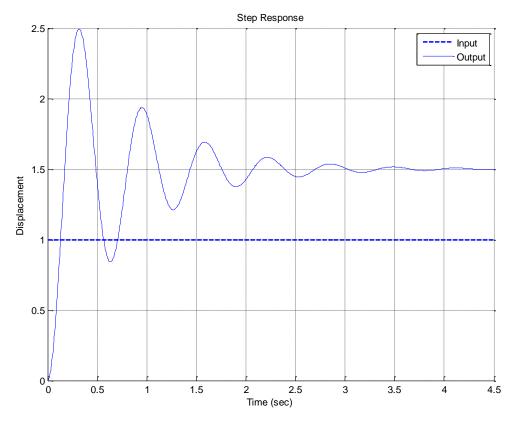
## ECE-320, Quiz #2

Problems 1 and 2 refer to a system with poles at -2+j. -2-j. -4, -1+2j, -1-2j, and -20

- 1) The best estimate of the settling time for this system is

- a) 4 seconds b) 2 seconds c) 1 second d) 0.2 seconds
- 2) The **dominant pole(s)** of this system are
- a) -2+j and -2-j b) -1+2j and -1-2j c) -4 d) -20

Problems 3 and 4 refer to the unit step response of a system, shown below

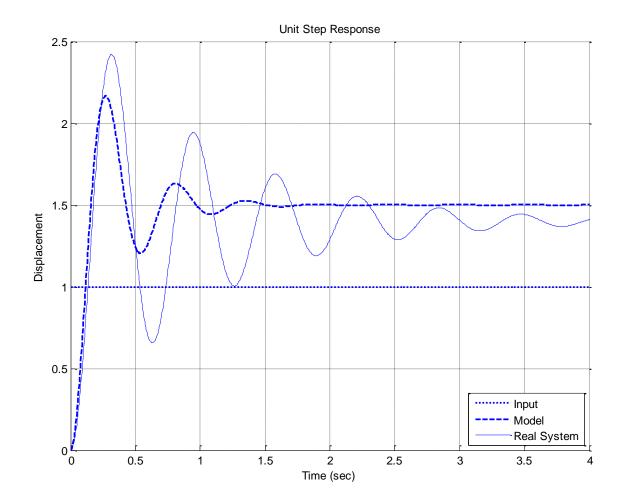


- 3) The best estimate of the steady state error for a unit step input is

- a) 0.5 b) -0.5 c) 1.5 d) -1.5 e) none of these
- 4) The best estimate of the **percent overshoot** is

- a) 200% b) 100% c) 67% d) 50% e) none of these

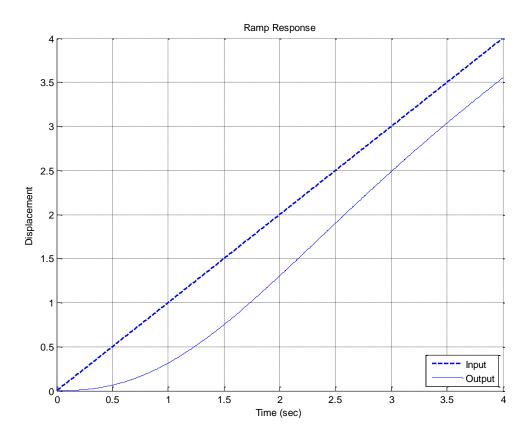
Problems 5-7 refer to the figure below, which shows the unit step response of a real 2nd order system and the unit step response of a second order model we are trying to match to the real system.



- 5) In order to make the model better match the real system, the *damping ratio* of the *model* should be
- a) increased
- b) decreased
- c) left alone d) impossible to determine
- 6) In order to make the model better match the real system, the *natural frequency* of the *model* should be
- a) increased
- b) decreased
- c) left alone d) impossible to determine
- 7) In order to make the model better match the real system, the *static gain* of the *model* should be
- a) increased

- b) decreased c) left alone d) impossible to determine

Problem 8 refers to the **unit ramp response** of a system, shown below:



- 8) The best estimate of the steady state error is
- a) 0.5 b) -0.5 c) 0.8 d) -0.8 e) 0.0

Problems 9 and 10 refer to the impulse responses of six different systems given below:

$$h_1(t) = [t + e^{-t}]u(t)$$

$$h_2(t) = e^{-2t}u(t)$$

$$h_3(t) = [2 + \sin(t)]u(t)$$

$$h_4(t) = [1 - t^3 e^{-0.1t}]u(t)$$

$$h_5(t) = [1 + t + e^{-t}]u(t)$$

$$h_6(t) = [te^{-t}\cos(5t) + e^{-2t}\sin(3t)]u(t)$$

- 9) The number of stable systems is
- a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3
- 10) The number of unstable systems is
- a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3

11) The unit step response of a system is given by  $y(t) = -u(t) - t^4 e^{-t} u(t) + e^{-2t} u(t)$ 

The **steady state error** for a unit step input for this system is best estimated as

- a)  $\infty$  b) 0.5 c) 2.0 d) impossible to determine
- 12) The <u>unit ramp response</u> of a system is given by  $y(t) = -2u(t) + tu(t) + e^{-t}u(t)$ .

The best estimate of the steady state error is

- a) 0.5 b) 2.0 c) 1.0 d)  $\infty$
- 13) Which of the following transfer functions represents a stable system?

$$G_a(s) = \frac{s-1}{s+1}$$

$$G_a(s) = \frac{s-1}{s+1}$$
  $G_b(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+1)}$   $G_c(s) = \frac{s}{s^2-1}$ 

$$G_c(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 - 1}$$

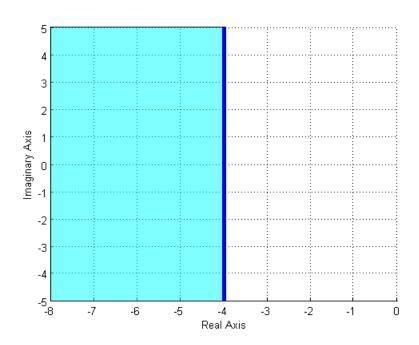
$$G_d(s) = \frac{s+1}{(s+1+j)(s+1-j)}$$

$$G_e(s) = \frac{(s-1-j)(s-1+j)}{s}$$

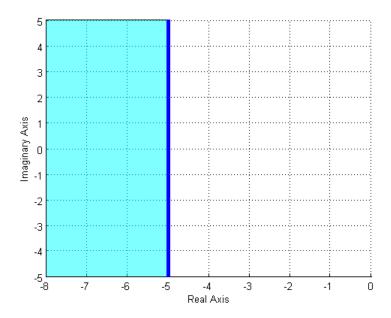
$$G_d(s) = \frac{s+1}{(s+1+j)(s+1-j)} \quad G_e(s) = \frac{(s-1-j)(s-1+j)}{s} \quad G_f(s) = \frac{(s-1-j)(s-1+j)}{(s+1-j)(s+1+j)}$$

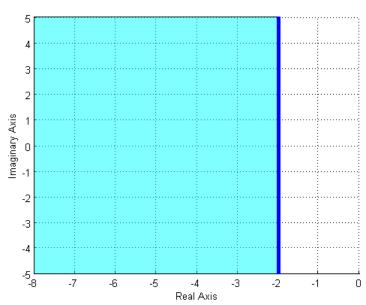
- a) all but  $\,G_{c}\,\,$  b) only  $\,G_{a}\,,\,\,G_{b}\,,$  and  $\,G_{d}\,\,$  c) only  $\,G_{a}\,,\,\,G_{d}\,,$  and  $\,G_{f}\,\,$
- d) only  $G_d$  and  $G_f$

- e) only  $G_a$  and  $G_d$
- 14) The (dark) shaded area in the s-plane figure below shows the possible pole location for an ideal second order system that meets which of the following constraints?
- a)  $T_s \le 1$  b)  $T_s \ge 1$  c)  $T_s \ge 4$  d)  $T_s \le 4$  e) none of these

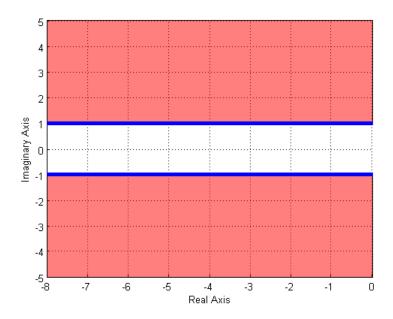


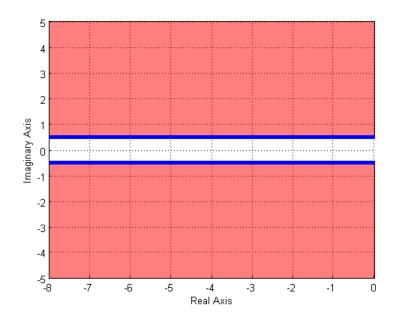
- **15**) Assuming we are allowed to place our poles only in the (dark) shaded areas, which of the following two shaded regions will in general result in a **smaller settling time** for our system?
  - a) the region in the top figure b) the region in the bottom figure





- **16)** Assuming we are allowed to place our poles only in the (dark) shaded areas, which of the following two shaded regions will in general result in a **smaller time to peak** for our system?
  - a) the region in the top figure b) the region in the bottom figure





- 17) One of the shaded regions below shows the possible pole locations for a percent overshoot less than 10%, and the other shows the possible pole locations for a percent overshoot less than 20%. Which of the two graphs shows the possible pole locations for a percent overshoot less than 20%?
  - a) the region in the top figure b) the region in the bottom figure

