

Name \_\_\_\_\_ CM \_\_\_\_\_

**ECE 300**  
**Signals and Systems**

**Exam 3**  
**13 May, 2008**

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

This exam is closed-book in nature. You may use the provided table of Fourier Transform relationships. You may use a calculator for simple calculations, but not for things like integrals. You must show all of your work. Credit will not be given for work not shown.

Problem 1 \_\_\_\_\_ / 15  
Problem 2 \_\_\_\_\_ / 40  
Problem 3 \_\_\_\_\_ / 25  
Problem 4 \_\_\_\_\_ / 20

Exam 3 Total Score: \_\_\_\_\_ / 100

**1. Transfer Functions (15 points)**

Assume  $x(t)$  and  $y(t)$  are related through the equation

$$\dot{y}(t-a) + 2y(t+b) = \dot{x}(t)$$

Determine the transfer function  $H(\omega)$  between  $X(\omega)$  and  $Y(\omega)$ .

**2. (40 points) Fourier Analysis of LTI Systems**

Assume  $x(t) = 2 \operatorname{sinc}\left[\frac{3}{\pi}(t-3)\right] \cos(2(t-3))$  is the input to an LTI system with transfer function  $H(\omega) = \begin{cases} 3e^{-j\omega^2} & |\omega| < 2 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$

- a) Determine the Fourier transform  $X(\omega)$  of  $x(t)$
- b) Accurately sketch the magnitude and phase of  $X(\omega)$
- c) Determine the energy in  $x(t)$
- d) Accurately sketch the magnitude and phase of the system output in the frequency domain
- e) Determine the system output  $y(t)$

**3. (25 points) Fourier Transform Properties**

By either direct evaluation of the Fourier transform (or inverse transform) integrals, or by using the Tables and properties, find the corresponding Fourier transform pair for each of the following. *Be sure to simplify your answers as much as possible.*

a)  $X(\omega) = \frac{j\omega}{2 - j\omega}, x(t) = ?$

b)  $x(t) = \frac{2}{4 + \left[\frac{t}{3} + 2\right]^2}, X(\omega) = ?$

**4. (20 points) Fourier Series**

Assume  $x(t)$  is a periodic signal with Fourier series representation

$$x(t) = 2 + \sum_{k=-\infty}^{k=\infty} \frac{2}{1+jk} e^{jk4t}$$

Assume  $x(t)$  is the input to an LTI system with transfer function

$$H(j\omega) = \begin{cases} 3 & |\omega| < 3 \\ 4e^{-j\frac{\omega}{10}} & 3 < |\omega| < 11 \\ 0 & |\omega| > 11 \end{cases}$$

Determine the steady state output of the system,  $y(t)$ . Your answer must be written in terms of sines and cosines, not complex exponentials. Your answer must also be in either degrees or radians, but not a mixture.

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## Some Potentially Useful Relationships

$$E_{\infty} = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-T}^T |x(t)|^2 dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |x(t)|^2 dt$$

$$P_{\infty} = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2T} \int_{-T}^T |x(t)|^2 dt$$

$$e^{jx} = \cos(x) + j \sin(x) \quad j = \sqrt{-1}$$

$$\cos(x) = \frac{1}{2} [e^{jx} + e^{-jx}] \quad \sin(x) = \frac{1}{2j} [e^{jx} - e^{-jx}]$$

$$\cos^2(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2x) \quad \sin^2(x) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cos(2x)$$

$$\text{rect}\left(\frac{t-t_0}{T}\right) = u\left(t-t_0 + \frac{T}{2}\right) - u\left(t-t_0 - \frac{T}{2}\right)$$