

Name \_\_\_\_\_ CM \_\_\_\_\_

### Quiz 2

1) The integral  $\int_{-t+2}^{\infty} \delta(\lambda - 5) d\lambda$  is equal to

- a)  $u(t - 5)$    b)  $u(-t + 2)$    c) 0   d)  $u(t + 3)$    e)  $u(t - 3)$    f) none of these

2) The integral  $\int_{-\infty}^{t+3} \delta(\lambda + 2) d\lambda$  is equal to

- a)  $u(t + 2)$    b)  $u(t + 3)$    c) 0   d)  $u(t + 5)$    e)  $u(t - 5)$    f) none of these

3) The integral  $\int_{-\infty}^t e^{-\lambda} \delta(\lambda - 2) d\lambda$  is equal to

- a)  $e^{-2}u(t - 2)$    b)  $e^{-2}u(t)$    c)  $e^{-t}u(t)$    d)  $e^{-t}u(t - 2)$    e)  $e^2u(t - 2)$    f) none of these

4) The integral  $\int_2^{t-1} \delta(\lambda - 1) d\lambda$  is equal to

- a) 0   b)  $-u(1 - t)$    c)  $-u(2 - t)$    d)  $-u(3 - t)$    e)  $u(t - 3)$    f) none of these

5) The function  $x(t) = \cos(t) + 3e^{j3t}$  is

a) not periodic

b) periodic with period  $2\pi$

c) periodic with period  $3\pi$

d) periodic with period 2

6) The function  $x(t) = \cos(3\pi t + 45^\circ) + j\sin(\pi t)$  is

- a) not periodic  
b) periodic with period  $2\pi$   
c) periodic with period 2  
d) periodic with period 1

7) The function  $x(t) = 2\cos(t) + \cos(\sqrt{2}t + 30^\circ)$  is

- a) not periodic  
b) periodic with period 1  
c) periodic with period 2  
d) periodic with period  $2\pi$

8) If  $z = \frac{j}{1+j}$ , the **magnitude** of  $z$ ,  $|z|$  is

- a) 1    b)  $\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}$     c)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$     d) none of these

9) If  $z = \frac{1-j}{1+j}$ , the **phase** of  $z$ ,  $\angle z$ , is

- a)  $45^\circ$     b)  $-45^\circ$     c)  $90^\circ$     d)  $-90^\circ$     e) none of these

10) If we made the variable substitution  $\sigma = \frac{\lambda}{2}$  in the integral  $\int_0^4 e^{\lambda} x\left(\frac{\lambda}{2}\right) d\lambda$ , the new integral is

- a)  $2 \int_0^2 e^{2\sigma} x(\sigma) d\sigma$     b)  $\frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 e^{\frac{\sigma}{2}} x(\sigma) d\sigma$     c)  $2 \int_0^4 e^{2\sigma} x(\sigma) d\sigma$     d)  $\frac{1}{2} \int_0^4 e^{\frac{\sigma}{2}} x(\sigma) d\sigma$     f) none of these