ECE 300 Signals and Systems Homework 7

Due Date: Tuesday April 24 at the beginning of class

Exam 2, Thursday April 26

Problems:

1. A periodic signal x(t) is the input to an LTI system with output y(t). The signal x(t) has period 2 seconds, and is given over one period as

$$\alpha(t) = e^{-t} \quad 0 < t < 2$$

x(t) has the Fourier series representation

$$x(t) = \sum_{k} \frac{0.4323}{1 + jk\pi} e^{jk\pi t}$$

The system is an ideal lowpass filter that eliminates all signals with frequency content higher than 1.25 Hz.

a) Find the average power in x(t).

b) Determine an expression for the output, y(t). Your expression for y(t) must be real.

c) Determine the average power in y(t).

d) Plot the spectrum (magnitude and phase) for x(t). Include the DC through second harmonic. Accurately label your plot.

2. Assume $x(t) = t^2$ $-\pi \le t \le \pi$ with Fourier Series representation

$$x(t) = \sum_{k} a_{k} e^{jkt}$$

where

$$a_{k} = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi^{2}}{3} & k = 0\\ \frac{2(-1)^{k}}{k^{2}} & k \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

a) Assume x(t) is the input to a system that eliminates all signals with frequencies outside the range 0.5 to 0.7 Hz. What is the output of the system y(t) and what fraction of the average power in x(t) is in y(t)? (Note: your answers must be real, no e^{ja} terms.)

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b) Assume x(t) is the input to a system that eliminates all signals with frequencies in the range 0.5 to 0.7 Hz. What is the output of the system y(t) and what fraction of the average power in x(t) is in y(t)?

3. K & H, Problem 5.1. Use the example we did in class to get the Fourier series coefficients for part c.

4. K & H, Problem 5.3.

5. K & H, Problem 5.12. Note that y(t) = x(t) - x(t-1). You need to write c_k^y in terms of c_k^x .

6. K & H, Problme 5.13.

7. The output of a LTI system, y(t), has the following spectrum shown on the left, while the system transfer function, $H(k\omega_o)$, has the spectrum shown on the right. Assume all angles are multiples of 45 degrees.



a) Determine (sketch) the spectrum (magnitude and phase) of the input to the system, x(t).

b) If x(t) has the fundamental period T = 2 seconds, determine an analytical expression for x(t) in terms of sine, cosines, and constants.