

Quiz #10

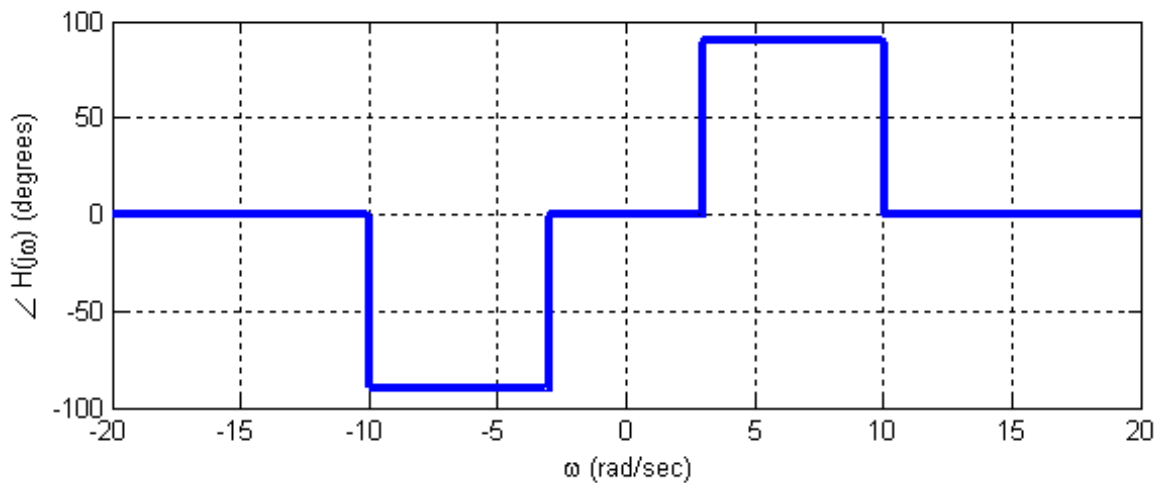
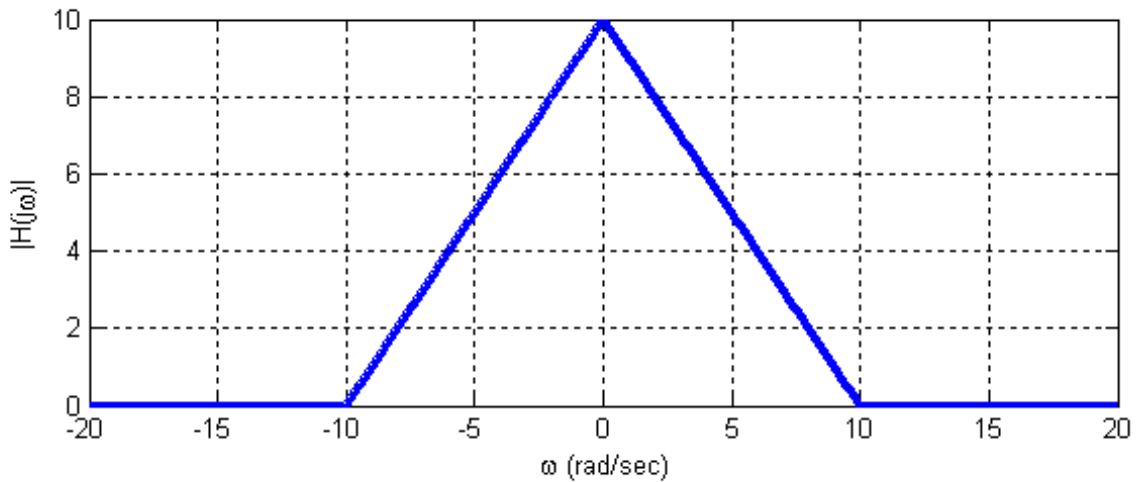
1) Assume $x(t) = 3 + 2 \cos(2t - 3)$ is the input to an LTI system with transfer function

$$H(j\omega) = \begin{cases} 2e^{-j\omega} & |\omega| < 3 \\ 3e^{-j2\omega} & |\omega| \geq 3 \end{cases}$$

The **steady state output** will be

- a) $y(t) = 6 + 4 \cos(2t - 5)$ b) $y(t) = 4 \cos(2t - 5)$ c) $y(t) = [3 + 2 \cos(2t - 3)][2e^{-j\omega}]$
 d) $y(t) = 6 + 4 \cos(2t - 3)e^{-j^2}$ e) $y(t) = 3 + 4 \cos(2t - 5)$ f) none of these

2) Assume $x(t) = 2 + \sin(5t) + 3 \cos(8t + 30^\circ)$ is the input to an LTI system with transfer function shown below

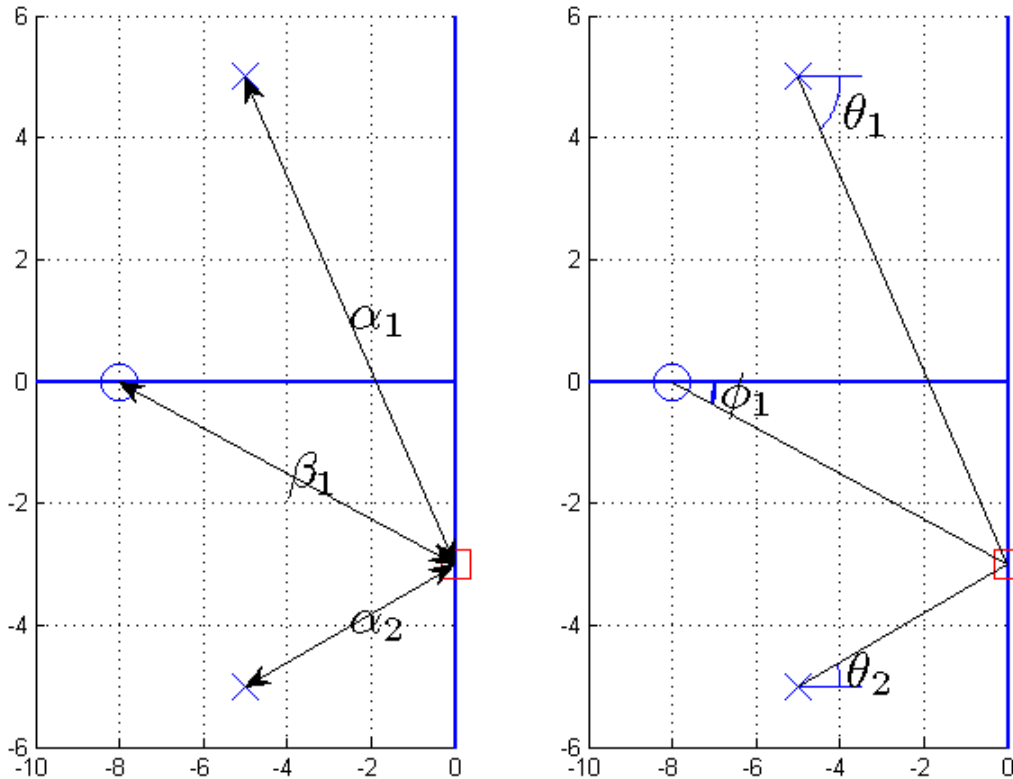


The **steady state output** of this system will be

- a) $y(t) = 20 + 5 \sin(5t + 90^\circ) + 6 \cos(8t + 90^\circ)$ b) $y(t) = 2 + 5 \sin(5t + 90^\circ) + 6 \cos(8t + 90^\circ)$
 c) $y(t) = 20 + 5 \sin(5t + 90^\circ) + 6 \cos(8t + 120^\circ)$ d) $y(t) = 10 + 5 \sin(5t + 90^\circ) + 6 \cos(8t + 120^\circ)$
 e) none of these

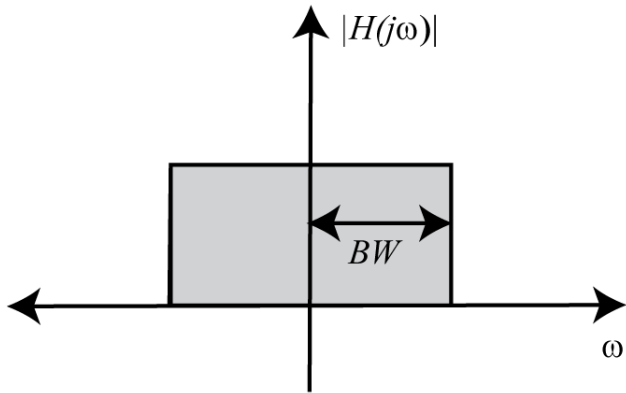
- 3) The **bandwidth** of the LTI system with transfer function $H(s) = \frac{10}{2s+3}$ is
 a) 3 rad/sec b) 3 Hz c) 2 rad/sec d) 0.5 Hz e) 1.5 rad/sec f) 1.5 Hz

Problems 4–7 refer to the following pole-zero diagram that is being used to compute the frequency response of a transfer function.

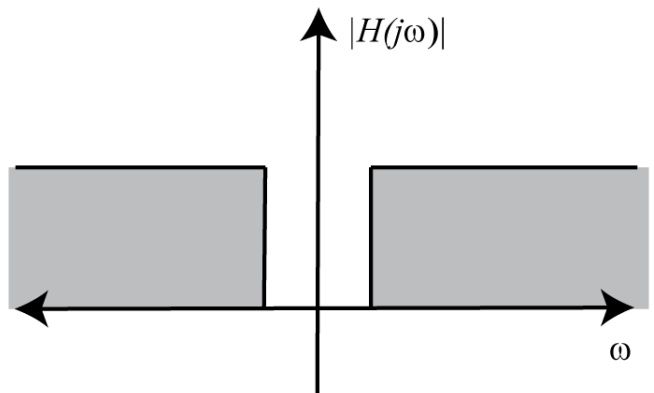


- 4) For this transfer function, the frequency response is computed as
 a) $H(j\omega_0) = \frac{\alpha_1\alpha_2}{\beta_1} \angle(\theta_1 + \theta_2 - \phi_1)$ b) $H(j\omega_0) = \frac{\beta_1}{\alpha_1\alpha_2} \angle(\theta_1 + \theta_2 - \phi_1)$
 c) $H(j\omega_0) = \frac{\beta_1}{\alpha_1\alpha_2} \angle(\phi_1 - \theta_1 - \theta_2)$ d) $H(j\omega_0) = \frac{\alpha_1\alpha_2}{\beta_1} \angle(\phi_1 - \theta_1 - \theta_2)$
- 5) β_1 is equal to a) $\sqrt{8^2 + 5^2}$ b) $\sqrt{8^2 - 5^2}$ c) 3 d) none of these
- 6) α_2 is equal to a) $\sqrt{5^2 + 3^2}$ b) $\sqrt{5^2 - 3^2}$ c) $\sqrt{5^2 + 2^2}$ d) none of these
- 7) θ_1 is equal to a) $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{-8}{-5}\right)$ b) $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{-8}{5}\right)$ c) $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{-3}{-8}\right)$ d) none of these

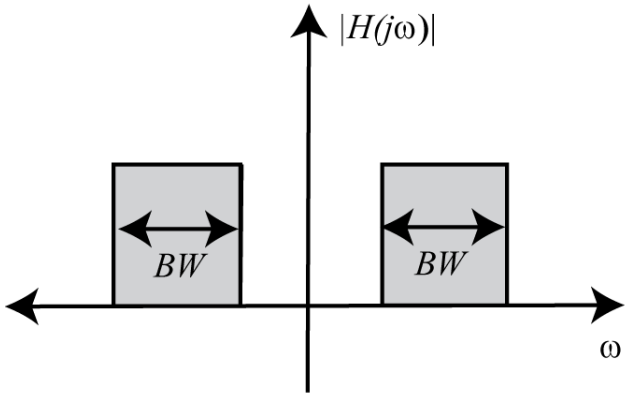
Problems 8-11 refer the representations of ideal filters shown below:



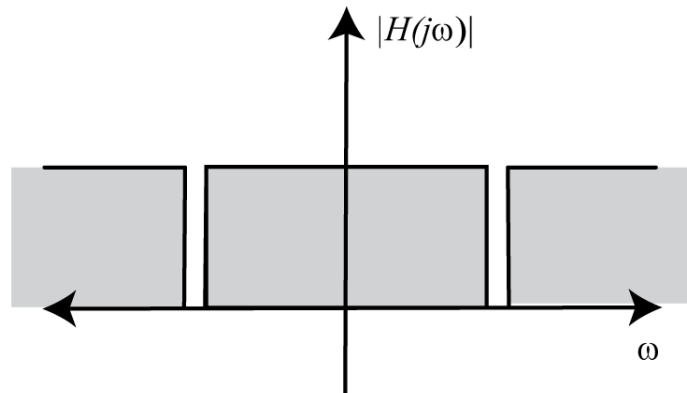
Filter A



Filter B



Filter C



Filter D

8) Which of these represents a **notch/bandstop** filter? A B C D

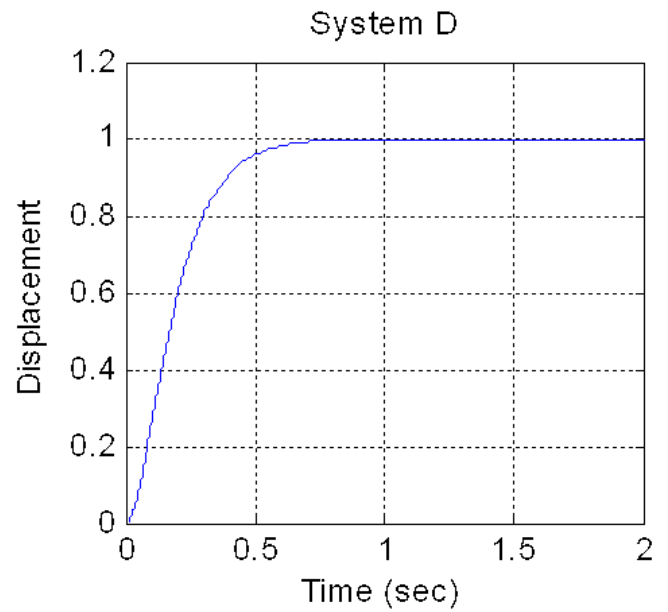
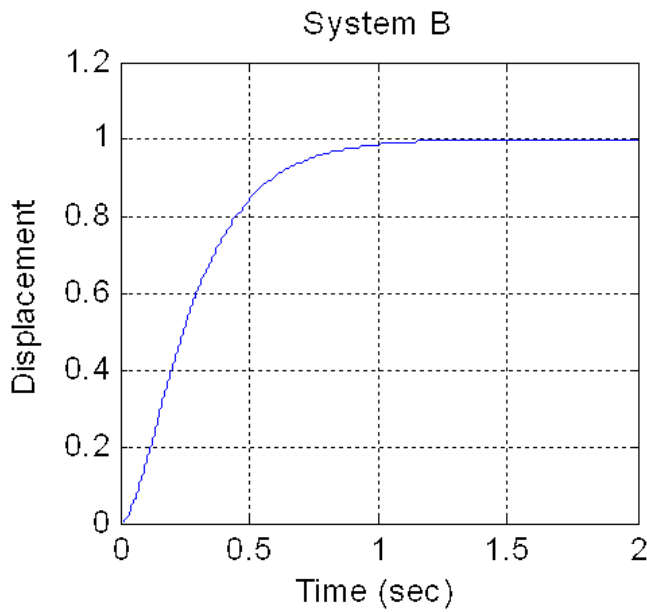
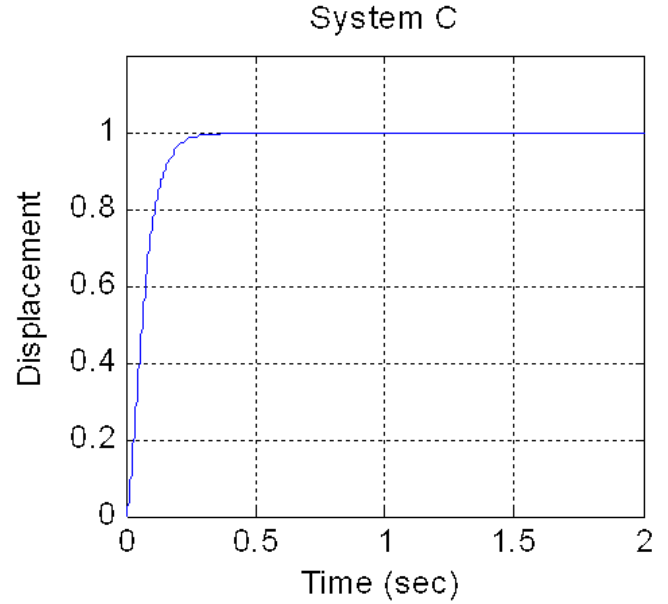
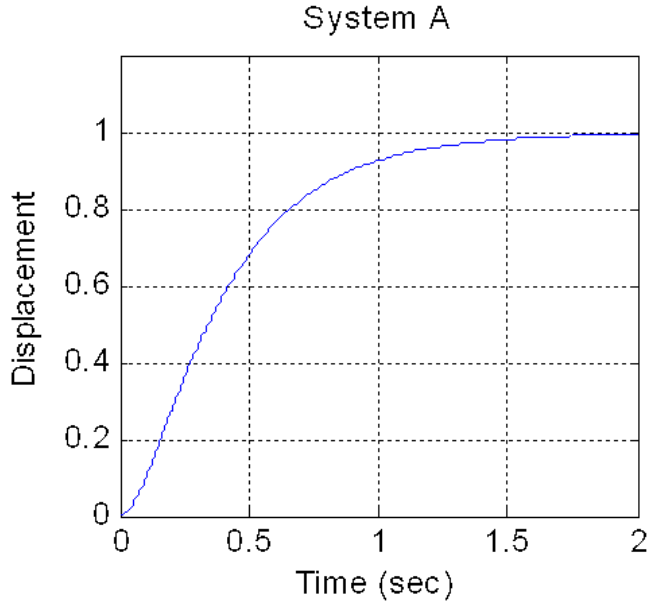
9) Which of these represents a **highpass** filter? A B C D

10) Which of these represents a **lowpass** filter? A B C D

11) Which of these represents a **bandpass** filter? A B C D

14) The unit step responses of four systems with real poles is shown below. Which system will have the **largest bandwidth**?

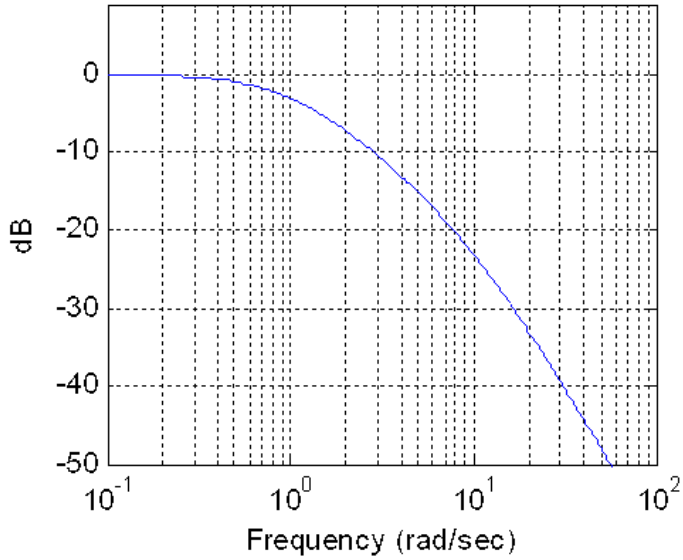
- a) System A b) System B c) System C d) System D



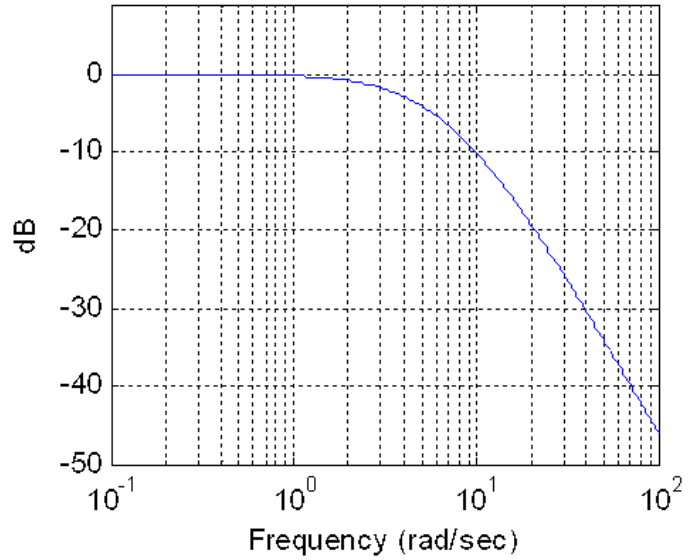
15) The magnitude of the frequency response of four systems with real poles is shown below. Which system will have the smallest **settling time**?

- a) System A b) System B c) System C d) System D

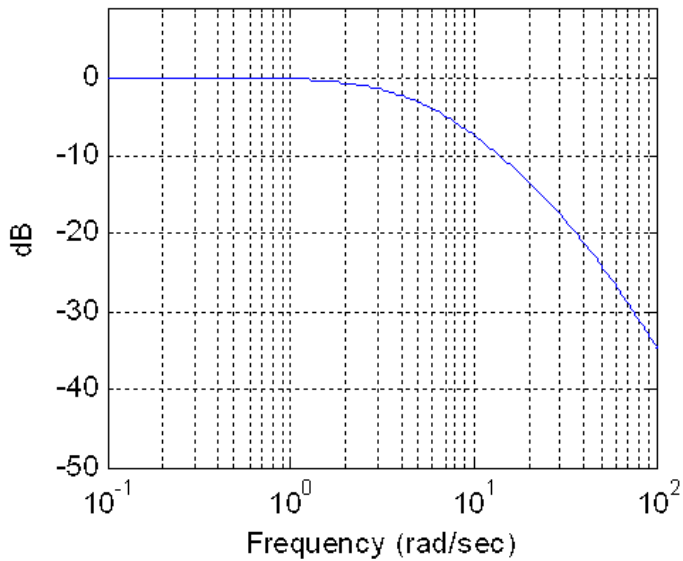
System A



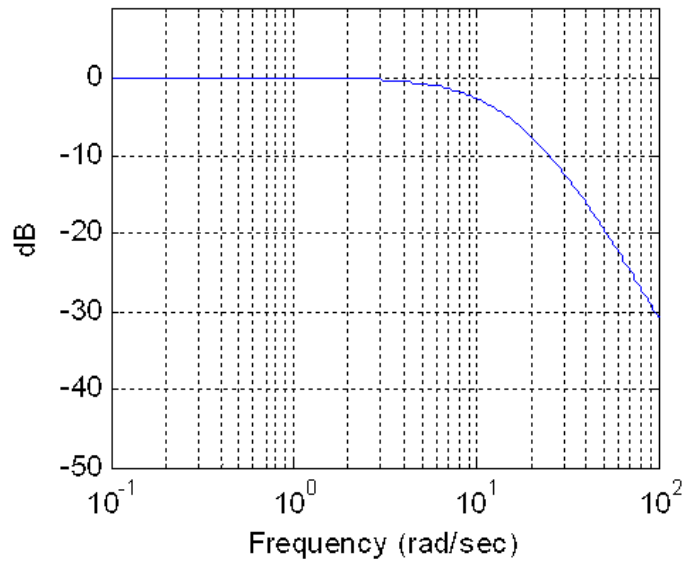
System B



System C

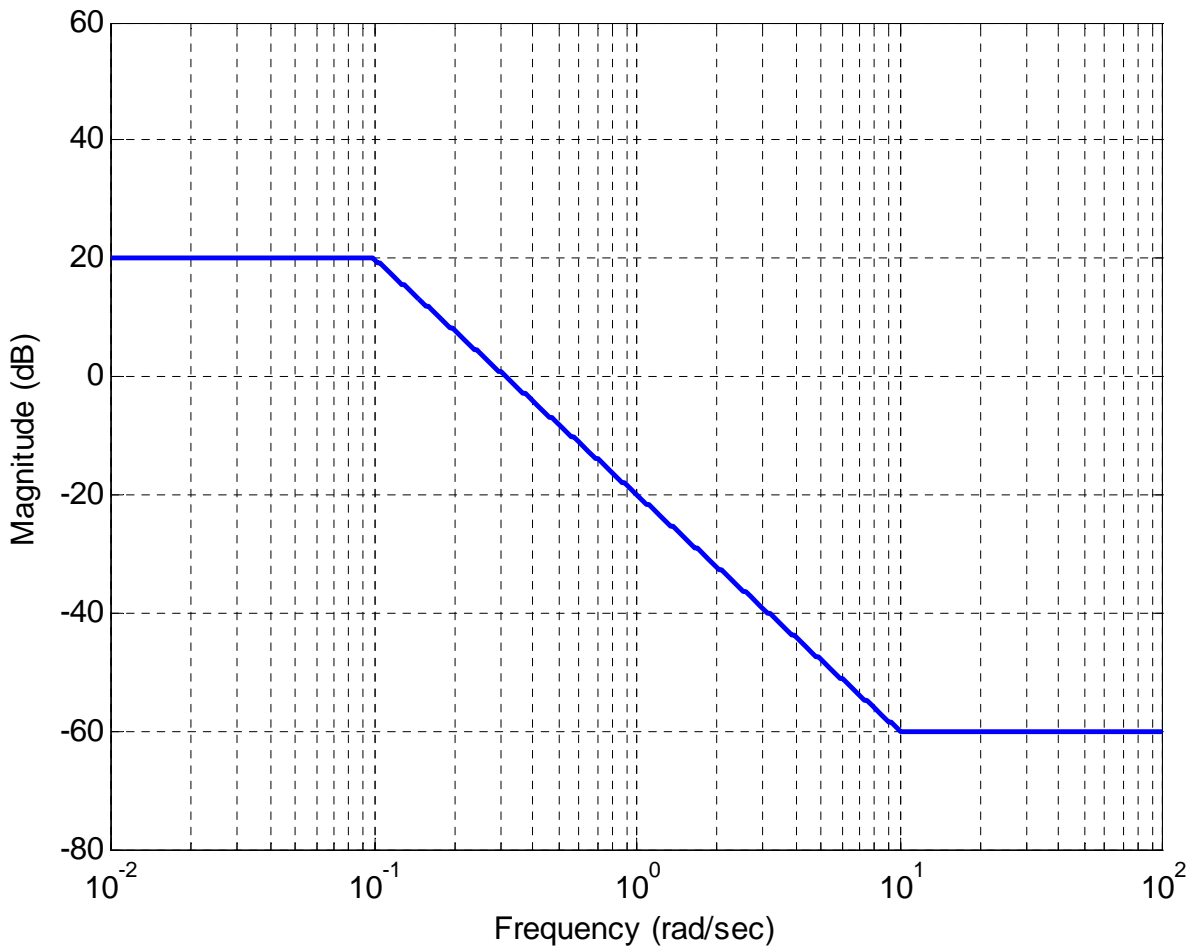


System D



16) For the straight line approximation to the magnitude portion of a Bode plot shown below, the best estimate of the corresponding transfer function is

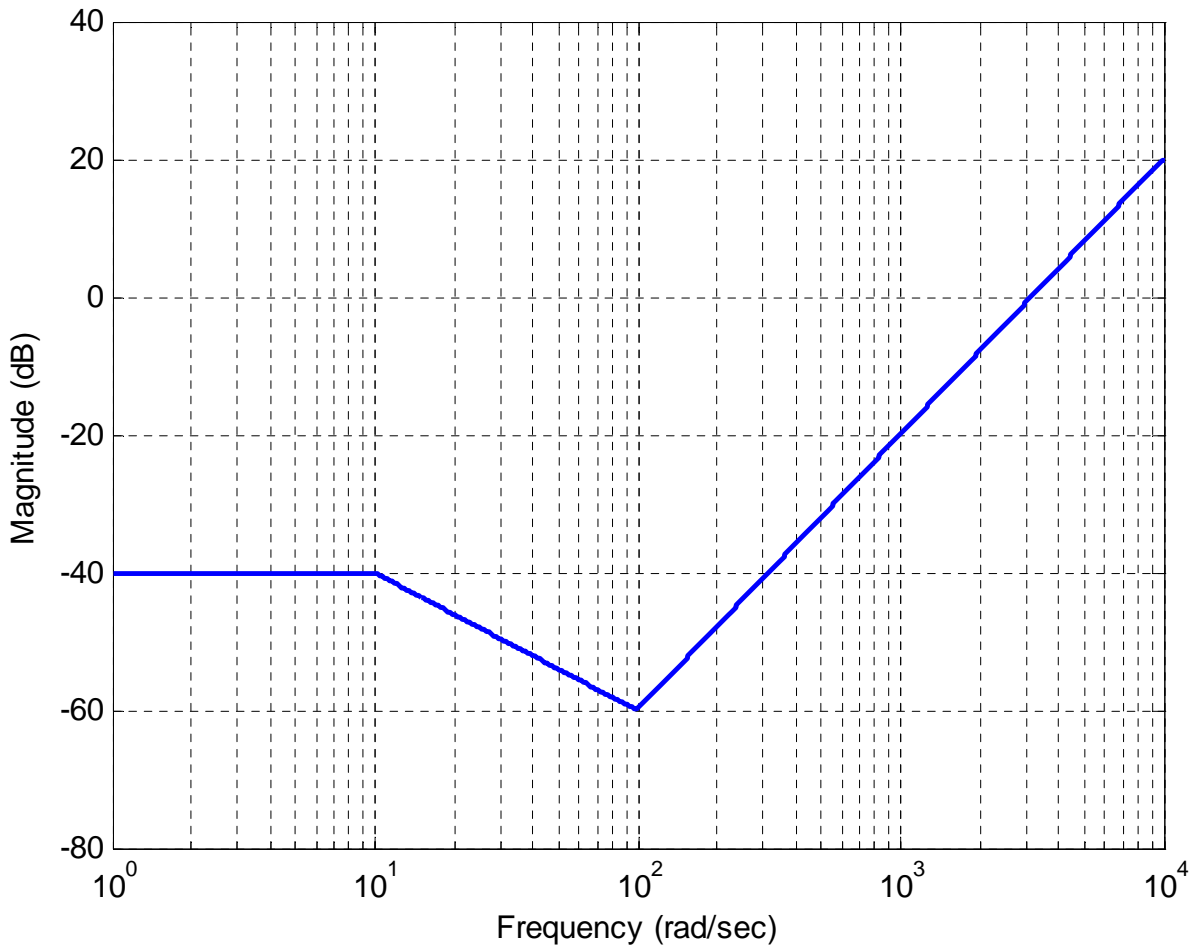
- a) $H(s) = \frac{20\left(\frac{1}{10}s+1\right)}{10s+1}$ b) $H(s) = \frac{10\left(\frac{1}{10}s+1\right)}{10s+1}$
 c) $H(s) = \frac{10\left(\frac{1}{10}s+1\right)}{(10s+1)^2}$ d) $H(s) = \frac{10\left(\frac{1}{10}s+1\right)^2}{(10s+1)^2}$



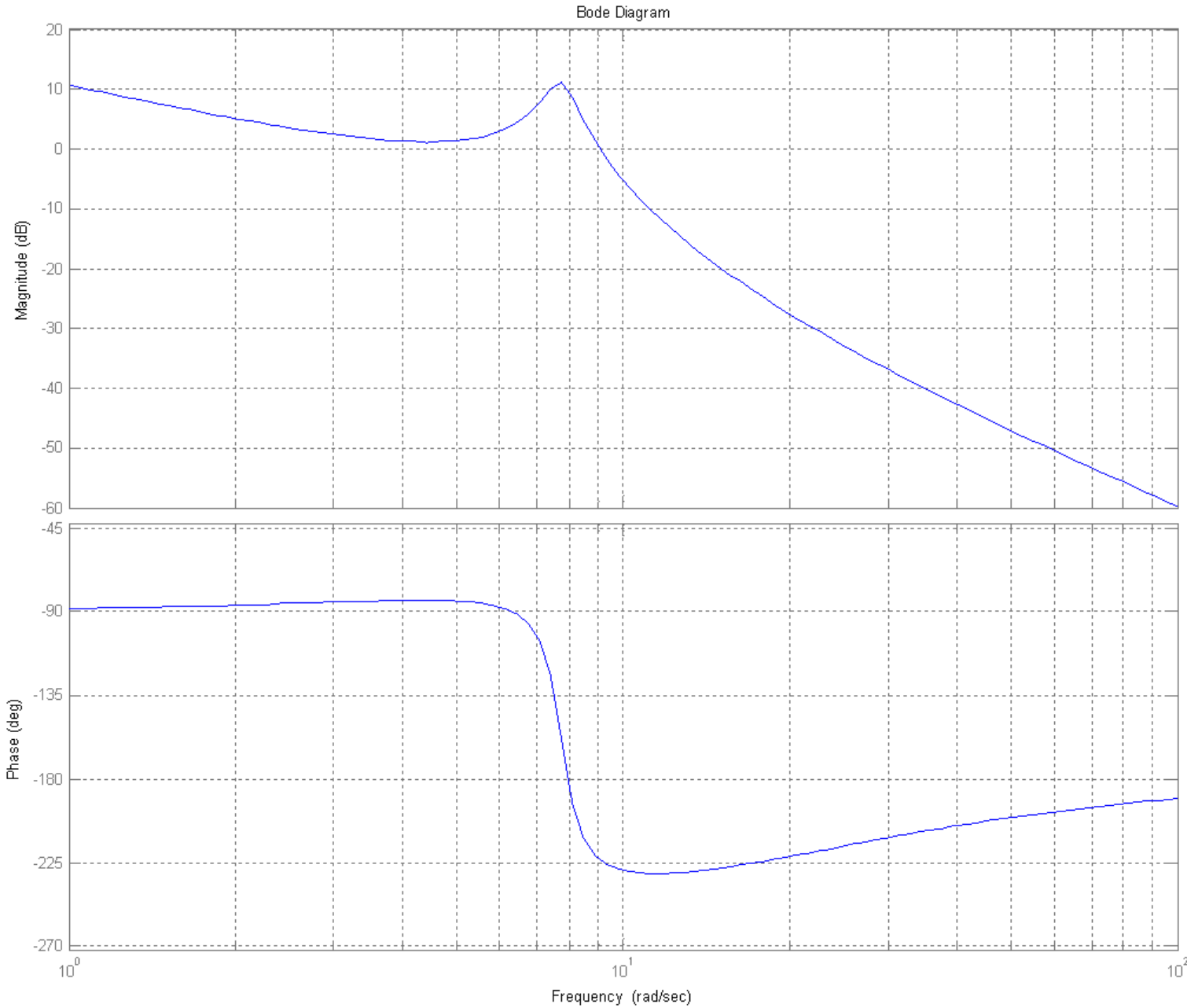
17) For the straight line approximation to the magnitude portion of a Bode plot shown below, the best estimate of the corresponding transfer function is

a) $H(s) = \frac{0.01 \left(\frac{1}{100} s + 1 \right)^2}{\left(\frac{1}{10} s + 1 \right)}$ b) $H(s) = \frac{-40 \left(\frac{1}{100} s + 1 \right)^2}{\left(\frac{1}{10} s + 1 \right)}$

c) $H(s) = \frac{0.01 \left(\frac{1}{100} s + 1 \right)^3}{\left(\frac{1}{10} s + 1 \right)}$ d) $H(s) = \frac{0.01 \left(\frac{1}{100} s + 1 \right)^3}{\left(\frac{1}{10} s + 1 \right)^2}$



Problems 18-21 refer to the following open loop Bode plot of $G(s)H(s)$.



18) The *gain crossover frequency* used to determine the *phase margin* for this system is best estimated as

- a) 9 rad/sec b) 8 rad/sec c) 7.5 rad/sec d) 1 rad/sec e) 10 rad/sec

19) The *phase crossover frequency* for this system is best estimated as

- a) 9 rad/sec b) 8 rad/sec c) 7.5 rad/sec d) 1 rad/sec e) 10 rad/sec

20) The *phase margin* for this system is best estimated as a) $+45^\circ$ b) -45° c) $+135^\circ$ d) -135°

21) The *gain margin* for this system is best estimated as a) +10 dB b) - 10 dB c) ∞ dB d) 7 dB