

Name Solutions CM \_\_\_\_\_

# ECE-205

## Exam 3

### Fall 2015

**Calculators and computers are not allowed. You must show your work to receive credit.**

**Problem 1** \_\_\_\_\_/24

**Problem 2** \_\_\_\_\_/17

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**Problems 6-8** \_\_\_\_\_/9

**Total** \_\_\_\_\_

1) (24 points) For the following transfer functions, determine the unit step response of the system. Do not forget any necessary unit step functions.

a)  $H(s) = \frac{e^{-2s}}{(s+1)^2}$

b)  $H(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)}$

c)  $H(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 2s + 5}$

$$A = 1 \quad C = -1$$

$$\times \text{at } s \rightarrow \infty \quad 0 = A + B \quad B = -1$$

a)  $Y(s) = H(s) \frac{1}{s} = \frac{e^{-2s}}{s(s+1)^2} = e^{-2s} G(s) \quad G(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+1)^2} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+1} + \frac{C}{(s+1)^2}$

$$y(t) = [1 - e^{-t} - t e^{-t}] u(t) \quad \boxed{y(t) = [1 - e^{-(t-2)} - (t-2)e^{-(t-2)}] u(t-2)}$$

b)  $Y(s) = H(s) \frac{1}{s} = \frac{1}{s(s+1)(s+2)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+1} + \frac{C}{s+2} \quad A = \frac{1}{2} \quad B = -1 \quad C = \frac{1}{2}$

$$\boxed{y(t) = \left[ \frac{1}{2} - e^{-t} + \frac{1}{2} e^{-2t} \right] u(t)}$$

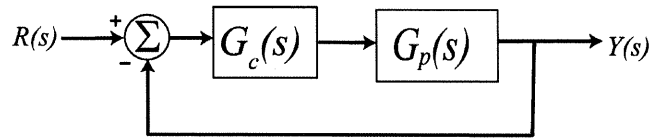
c)  $Y(s) = H(s) \frac{1}{s} = \frac{1}{s[s^2 + 2s + 5]} = \frac{1}{s[(s+1)^2 + 2^2]} = \frac{A}{s} + B \left[ \frac{2}{(s+1)^2 + 2^2} \right] + C \left[ \frac{(s+1)}{(s+1)^2 + 2^2} \right]$

$$A = \frac{1}{5} \quad \times \text{at } s \rightarrow \infty \quad 0 = A + C \quad C = -A = -\frac{1}{5}$$

$$s = -1 \quad -\frac{1}{4} = -\frac{1}{5} + \frac{B}{2} \quad \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{4-5}{20} = -\frac{1}{20} = \frac{B}{2} \quad B = -\frac{1}{10}$$

$$\boxed{y(t) = \left[ \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{10} e^{-t} \sin(2t) - \frac{1}{5} e^{-t} \cos(2t) \right] u(t)}$$

2) (17 points) Consider the following simple feedback control block diagram. The plant, the thing we want to control, has the transfer function  $G_p(s) = \frac{3}{s+8}$



a) Determine the settling time of the plant alone (assuming there is no feedback)

$$T_s = \frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2} = T_s$$

b) Determine the steady state error for plant alone assuming the input is a unit step (simplify your answer)

$$e_{ss} = 1 - G_p(0) = 1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8} = e_{ss}$$

c) For a proportional controller,  $G_c(s) = k_p$ , determine the closed loop transfer function  $G_0(s)$

$$G_0(s) = \frac{k_p \frac{3}{s+8}}{1 + k_p \frac{3}{s+8}} = \frac{3k_p}{s+8+3k_p} = G_0(s)$$

d) Determine the settling time of the closed loop system, in terms of  $k_p$

$$T_s = \frac{4}{8+3k_p}$$

e) Determine the steady state error of the closed loop system for a unit step, in terms of  $k_p$  (simplify your answer)

$$e_{ss} = 1 - G_0(0) = 1 - \frac{3k_p}{8+3k_p} = \frac{8}{8+3k_p} = e_{ss}$$

f) For an integral controller,  $G_c(s) = \frac{k_i}{s}$ , determine the closed loop transfer function  $G_0(s)$  and the steady state error for a unit step in terms of  $k_i$

$$G_0(s) = \frac{\frac{k_i}{s} \frac{3}{s+8}}{1 + \frac{k_i}{s} \frac{3}{s+8}} = \frac{3k_i}{s(s+8)+3k_i} = G_0(s)$$

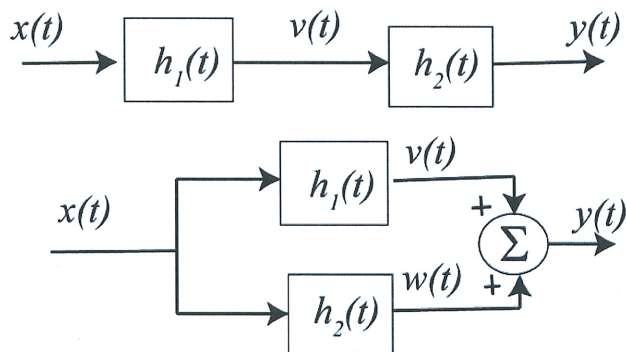
$$e_{ss} = 1 - G_0(0) = 1 - 1 = 0 = e_{ss}$$

3) (16 points) For the following block diagram

For the following interconnected systems,

i) determine the overall impulse response (the impulse response between input  $x(t)$  and output  $y(t)$ ) and

ii) determine if the system is causal.



a)  $h_1(t) = \delta(t+1), h_2(t) = \delta(t+1)$

b)  $h_1(t) = u(t+1), h_2(t) = u(t-2) + \delta(t-2)$

Series (top) Connections:

a)  $h(t) = h_1(t) * h_2(t) = \delta(t+2) = h_1(t)$  not causal

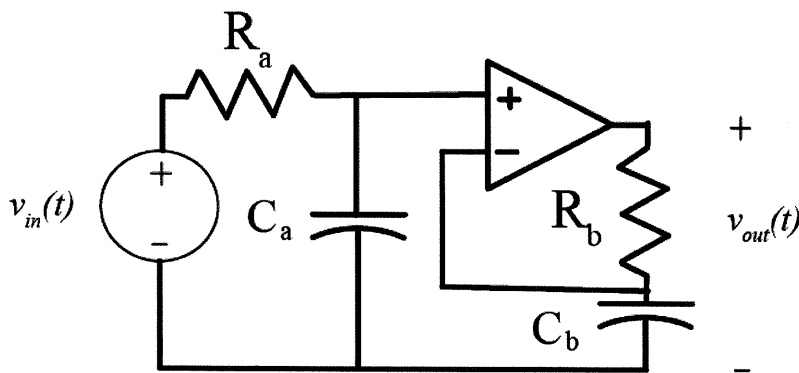
b)  $h(t) = h_1(t) * h_2(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(\lambda+1) u(t-\lambda-2) d\lambda + u(t-1)$   
 $= \int_{-1}^{t-2} d\lambda + u(t-1) = (t-1)u(t-1) + u(t-1) = t u(t-1) = h_1(t)$  causal

Parallel (bottom) Connections:

a)  $h(t) = h_1(t) + h_2(t) = \delta(t+1) + \delta(t+1) = 2\delta(t+1) = h_1(t)$  not causal

b)  $h(t) = h_1(t) + h_2(t) = u(t+1) + u(t-2) + \delta(t-2) = h_1(t)$  not causal

4) (19 points) Determine the transfer function for the following circuits:



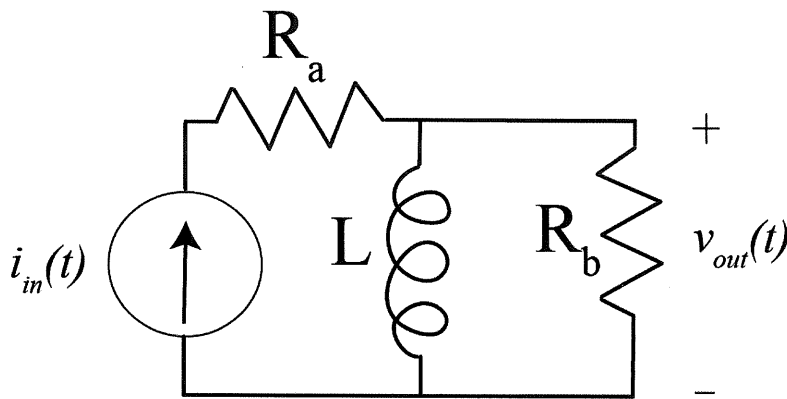
$$V^+ = \frac{\frac{1}{C_a s}}{R_a + \frac{1}{C_a s}} V_{in}(s)$$

$$= \frac{V_{in}(s)}{R_a C_a s + 1}$$

$$V^- = \frac{1}{C_b s} V_{out}(s)$$

$$= \frac{V_{out}(s)}{R_b C_b s + 1}$$

$$V^+ = V^- \quad H(s) = \frac{V_{out}(s)}{V_{in}(s)} = \frac{R_b C_b s + 1}{R_a C_a s + 1}$$



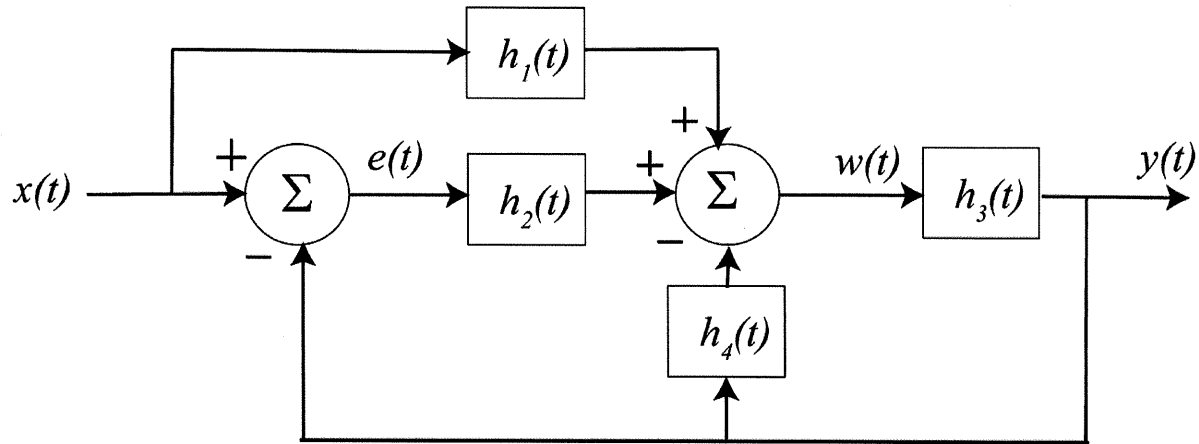
$$\frac{V_{out}(s)}{R_b} + \frac{V_{out}(s)}{L s} = I_{in}(s)$$

$$V_{out}(s) \left[ \frac{L + \frac{L}{R_b}}{L s} \right] = I_{in}(s)$$

$$V_{out}(s) \left[ \frac{L s + R_b}{R_b L s} \right] = I_{in}(s)$$

$$H(s) = \frac{V_{out}(s)}{I_{in}(s)} = \frac{R_b L s}{L s + R_b}$$

5) (15 points) For the following block diagram



Draw the corresponding signal flow graph, labeling each branch and direction. *Feel free to insert as many branches with a gain of 1 as you think you may need.*

Determine the system transfer function using Mason's gain rule. *You must clearly indicate all of the paths, the loops, the determinant and the cofactors. You need to simplify your final answer!*

$$P_1 = H_2(s) H_3(s) \quad P_2 = H_1(s) H_3(s)$$

$$L_1 = -H_2(s) H_3(s) \quad L_2 = -H_3(s) H_4(s)$$

$$\Delta = 1 - (L_1 + L_2) = 1 + H_2(s) H_3(s) + H_3(s) H_4(s)$$

$$\Delta_1 = 1 \quad \Delta_2 = 1$$

$$G_0(s) = \frac{P_1 \Delta_1 + P_2 \Delta_2}{\Delta} = \frac{H_2(s) H_3(s) + H_1(s) H_3(s)}{1 + H_2(s) H_3(s) + H_3(s) H_4(s)} = G_0(s)$$

Problems 6 and 7 refer to the impulse responses of six different systems given below:

$$h_1(t) = [\sin(t) + e^{-t}]u(t) \quad m$$

$$h_2(t) = e^{-2t}u(t) \quad S$$

$$h_3(t) = t^2 u(t) \quad U$$

$$h_4(t) = \delta(t-1) \quad S$$

$$h_5(t) = [t \sin(t) + e^{-t}]u(t) \quad U$$

$$h_6(t) = [te^{-t} \cos(5t) + e^{-2t} \sin(3t)]u(t) \quad S$$

6) The number of (asymptotically) **magnally stable systems** is a) 0 **b) 1** c) 2 d) 3

7) The number of (asymptotically) **unstable systems** is a) 0 b) 1 **c) 2** d) 3

8) Which of the following transfer functions represents a (asymptotically) **stable** system?

$$G_a(s) = \frac{s-1}{s+1}$$

$$G_b(s) = \frac{1}{(s+2)(s+1)}$$

~~$$G_c(s) = \frac{s}{s^2-1}$$~~

$$G_d(s) = \frac{s+1}{(s+1+j)(s+1-j)}$$

$$G_e(s) = \frac{(s-1-j)(s-1+j)}{s+1}$$

$$G_f(s) = \frac{(s-1-j)(s-1+j)}{(s+1-j)(s+1+j)}$$

**a) all but  $G_c$**  b) only  $G_a$ ,  $G_b$ , and  $G_d$  c) only  $G_a$ ,  $G_d$ , and  $G_f$

d) only  $G_d$  and  $G_f$

e) only  $G_a$  and  $G_d$