

Name \_\_\_\_\_ CM \_\_\_\_\_

# **ECE-205**

## **Exam 3**

### **Fall 2015**

**Calculators and computers are not allowed. You must show your work to receive credit.**

**Problem 1 \_\_\_\_\_/24**

**Problem 2 \_\_\_\_\_/17**

**Problem 3 \_\_\_\_\_/16**

**Problem 4 \_\_\_\_\_/19**

**Problems 5 \_\_\_\_\_/15**

**Problems 6-8 \_\_\_\_\_/9**

**Total \_\_\_\_\_**

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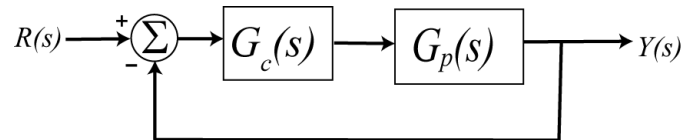
**1) (24 points)** For the following transfer functions, determine the unit step response of the system. *Do not forget any necessary unit step functions.*

a)  $H(s) = \frac{e^{-2s}}{(s+1)^2}$

b)  $H(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)}$

c)  $H(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 2s + 5}$

**2) (17 points)** Consider the following simple feedback control block diagram. The plant, the thing we want to control, has the transfer function  $G_p(s) = \frac{3}{s+8}$



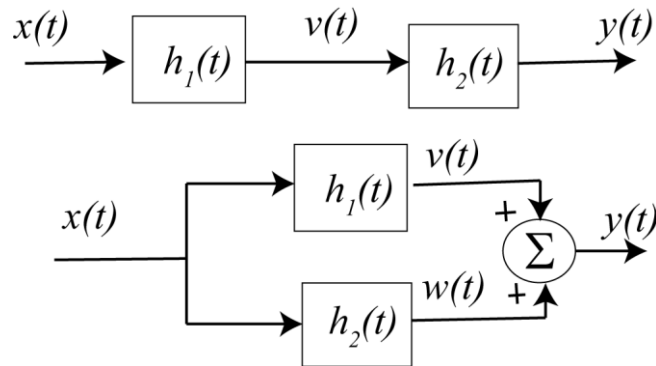
- a) Determine the settling time of the plant alone (assuming there is no feedback)
  
- b) Determine the steady state error for plant alone assuming the input is a unit step (simplify your answer)
  
- c) For a proportional controller,  $G_c(s) = k_p$ , determine the closed loop transfer function  $G_0(s)$
  
- d) Determine the settling time of the closed loop system, in terms of  $k_p$
  
- e) Determine the steady state error of the closed loop system for a unit step, in terms of  $k_p$  (simplify your answer)
  
- f) For an integral controller,  $G_c(s) = \frac{k_i}{s}$ , determine the closed loop transfer function  $G_0(s)$  and the steady state error for a unit step in terms of  $k_i$

**3) (16 points)** For the following block diagram

For the following interconnected systems,

i) determine the overall impulse response (the impulse response between input  $x(t)$  and output  $y(t)$ ) and

ii) determine if the system is causal.



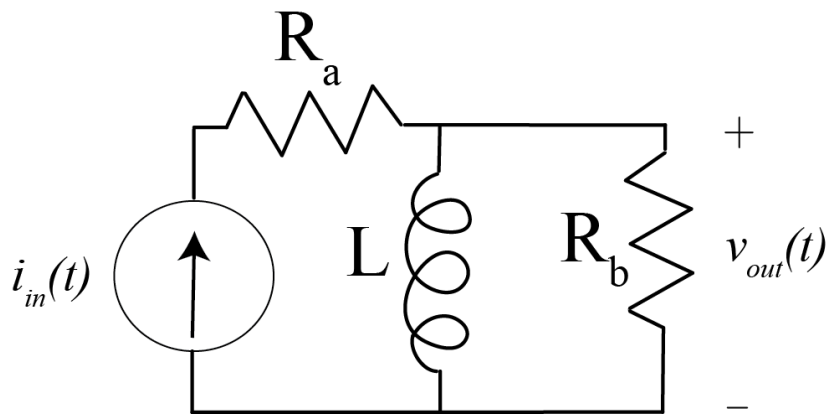
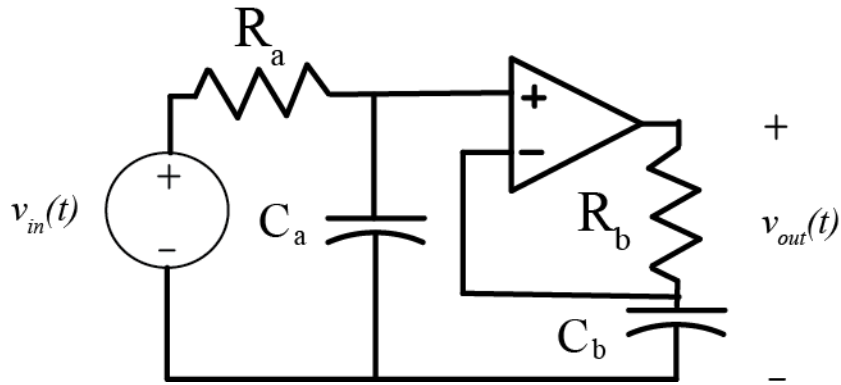
**a)**  $h_1(t) = \delta(t+1)$ ,  $h_2(t) = \delta(t+1)$

**b)**  $h_1(t) = u(t+1)$ ,  $h_2(t) = u(t-2) + \delta(t-2)$

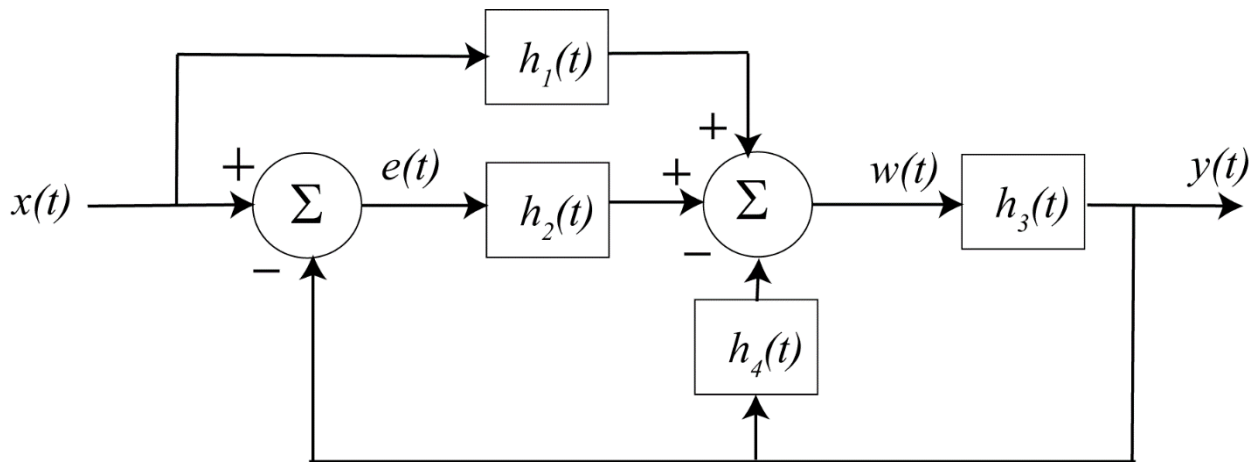
**Series (top) Connections:**

**Parallel (bottom) Connections:**

4) (19 points) Determine the transfer function for the following circuits:



5) (15 points) For the following block diagram



Draw the corresponding signal flow graph, labeling each branch and direction. *Feel free to insert as many branches with a gain of 1 as you think you may need.*

Determine the system transfer function using Mason's gain rule. *You must clearly indicate all of the paths, the loops, the determinant and the cofactors. **You need to simplify your final answer!***

Problems 6 and 7 refer to the impulse responses of six different systems given below:

$$h_1(t) = [\sin(t) + e^{-t}]u(t)$$

$$h_2(t) = e^{-2t}u(t)$$

$$h_3(t) = t^2 u(t)$$

$$h_4(t) = \delta(t-1)$$

$$h_5(t) = [t \sin(t) + e^{-t}]u(t)$$

$$h_6(t) = [te^{-t} \cos(5t) + e^{-2t} \sin(3t)]u(t)$$

6) The number of (asymptotically) **magnally stable systems** is a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3

7) The number of (asymptotically) **unstable systems** is a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3

8) Which of the following transfer functions represents a (asymptotically) **stable** system?

$$G_a(s) = \frac{s-1}{s+1}$$

$$G_b(s) = \frac{1}{(s+2)(s+1)}$$

$$G_c(s) = \frac{s}{s^2-1}$$

$$G_d(s) = \frac{s+1}{(s+1+j)(s+1-j)}$$

$$G_e(s) = \frac{(s-1-j)(s-1+j)}{s+1}$$

$$G_f(s) = \frac{(s-1-j)(s-1+j)}{(s+1-j)(s+1+j)}$$

a) all but  $G_c$  b) only  $G_a$ ,  $G_b$ , and  $G_d$  c) only  $G_a$ ,  $G_d$ , and  $G_f$

d) only  $G_d$  and  $G_f$  e) only  $G_a$  and  $G_d$

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