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## ECE-205 Exam 2 Fall 2013

Calculators and computers are not allowed. You must show your work to receive credit.

Problem 1	/15
Problem 2	/17
Problem 3	/18
Problem 4	/24
Problem 5	/26
Total	

1) (15 points) Simplify the following as much as posible. Be sure to include any necessary unit step functions

$$y(t) = [t + e^t] \delta(t - 1)$$

$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{t+1} \delta(\lambda + 1) d\lambda$$

$$y(t) = \int_{-t-2}^{3} \delta(\lambda - 2) d\lambda$$

$$y(t) = \int_{0}^{t} e^{-(t-\lambda)} e^{-2\lambda} d\lambda$$

$$y(t) = \int_{0}^{t} e^{-3(t-\lambda)} e^{-3\lambda} d\lambda$$

2) (17 Points) Determine the *impulse response* for the following systems. Don't forget any necessary unit step functions

a) 
$$y(t) = x(t) + \int_{-\infty}^{t-1} x(\lambda - 2) d\lambda$$

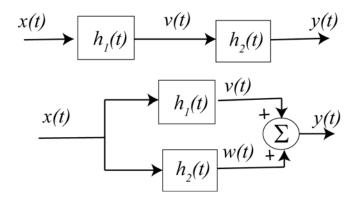
b) 
$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{t} e^{-(t-\lambda)} x(\lambda+2) d\lambda$$

c) 
$$\dot{y}(t) + 2y(t) = 3x(t-1)$$

## 3) (18 points) For the following block diagram

For the following interconnected systems,

- i) determine the overall impulse response (the impulse response between input x(t) and output y(t)) and
- ii) determine if the system is causal.



**a**) 
$$h_1(t) = \delta(t), h_2(t) = \delta(t+2)$$

**b**) 
$$h_1(t) = e^{-t}u(t), h_2(t) = u(t-2) + \delta(t-2)$$

**Series Connections:** 

## **Parallel Connections:**

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4) (24 points) Consider a linear time invariant system with impulse response given by

$$h(t) = e^{-t}[u(t-1) - u(t-3)]$$

The input to the system is given by two rectangular pulses, given by

$$x(t) = [u(t) - u(t-1)] + [u(t-2) - u(t-3)]$$

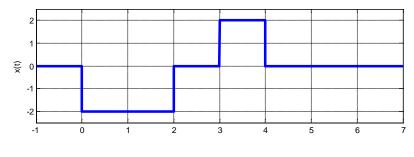
Using *graphical evaluation*, determine the output y(t) Specifically, you must

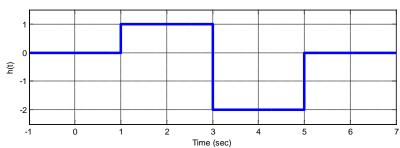
- Flip and slide h(t), **NOT** x(t)
- Show graphs displaying both  $h(t-\lambda)$  and  $x(\lambda)$  for each region of interest
- Determine the range of t for which each part of your solution is valid
- Set up any necessary integrals to compute y(t). Your integrals must be complete, in that they cannot contain the symbols  $x(\lambda)$  or  $h(t-\lambda)$  but must contain the actual functions.
- Your integrals cannot contain any unit step functions
- <u>DO NOT EVALUATE THE INTEGRALS!!</u>

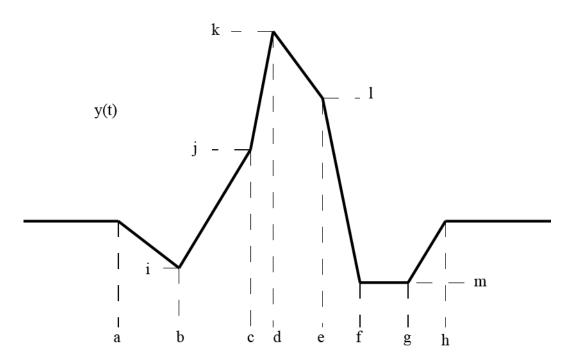
**5**) (**26 Points**) An LTI system has input, impulse response, and output as shown below. Determine numerical values for the parameters *a-m*. Note that parameters *a-h* correspond to *times*, and *i-m* correspond to *amplitudes*.

## Hints:

- Note that the output is not drawn to scale, it just represents the general shape of the output.
- A good way to check your answer is to flip and slide one of them, then flip and slide the other one.
- It is probably much easier to get the times correct than the amplitudes.







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