CSSE463: Image Recognition

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Agenda: Introductions to...

- The players
- The topic
- The course structure
- The course material

Introductions

- Roll call:
 - Your name
 - Pronunciations and nicknames
 - Help me learn your names quickly
 - Your major
 - Your hometown
 - If you had an extra day every week, how would you spend it? Why?

About me Matt Boutell

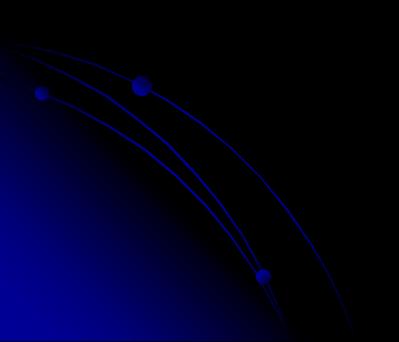
U. Rochester PhD 2005 Kodak Research intern 4 years

8th year here. CSSE120 (& Robotics), 220, 221, 230, 325; 479; Android, ME430, ROBO4x0, 2 Img Rec theses





Personal Info



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What is image recognition?

- Image understanding (IU) is "Making decisions based on images and explicitly constructing the scene descriptions needed to do so" (Shapiro, Computer Vision, p. 15)
- Computer vision, machine vision, image understanding, image recognition all used interchangeably
 - But we won't focus on 3D reconstruction of scenes, that's CSSE461 with J.P. Mellor's specialty.
- IU is not image processing (IP; transforming images into images), that's ECE480/PH437.
 - But it uses it
- IU isn't pattern classification: that's ECE597
 - But it uses it

IU vs IP

- Knowledge from images
 - What's in this scene?



- Enhancing images
 - Sharpen the scene!

- It's a sunset
- It has a boat, people, water, sky, clouds



Why IU?

- A short list:
 - Photo organization and retrieval
 - Control robots
 - Video surveillance
 - Security (face and fingerprint recognition)
 - Intelligent IP
- Think now about other apps
 - And your ears open for apps in the news and keep me posted; I love to stay current!

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What will we do?

- Learn theory (lecture, written problems) and "play" with it (Friday labs)
- See applications (papers)
- Create applications (2 programming assignments with formal reports, course project)
- Learn MATLAB. (Install it asap if not installed)
 - Tutorial Tuesday, 10th hour, this room.

Course Resources

- ANGEL is just a gateway to website (plus dropboxes for labs and assignments)
- Bookmark now

http://www.rose-hulman.edu/class/csse/csse463/201320/

- Schedule:
 - See HW due tomorrow and Wednesday
- Syllabus:
 - Text
 - Grading, attendance, academic integrity

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Sunset detector

- A system that will automatically distinguish between sunsets and non-sunset scenes
- I use this as a running example of image recognition
- It's also the second major programming assignment, due at midterm
 - Read the paper tonight (focus: section 2.1, skim rest, come with questions tomorrow; I'll ask you about it on the quiz)
 - We'll discuss features in weeks 1-3
 - We'll discuss classifiers in weeks 4-5
- A "warm-up" for your term project
- A chance to apply what you've learned to a known problem

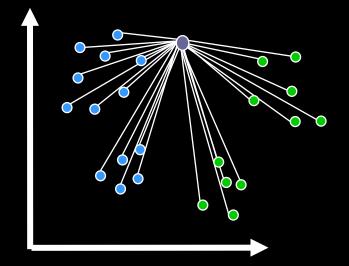
Pixels to Predicates

1. Extract features from images

2. Use machine learning to cluster and classify

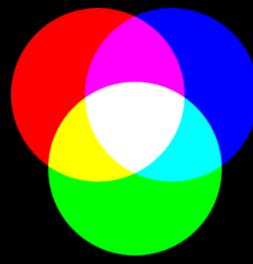


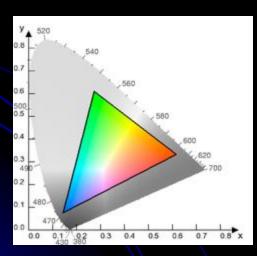
Color
Texture
Shape
Edges
Motion



Principal components
Neural networks
Support vector machines
Gaussian models

Basics of Color Images





Source: Wikipedia

- A color image is made of red, green, and blue bands or channels.
 - Additive color
 - Colors formed by adding primaries to black
 - RGB mimics retinal cones in eye.
 - RGB used in sensors and displays
 - Comments from graphics?

What is an image?

- Grayscale image
 - 2D array of pixels
 - (row,col), not (x,y)! Starts at top!
 - Matlab demo (preview of Friday lab):
 - Notice row-column indexing, 1-based, starting at top left
- Color image
 - 3D array of pixels. Takes 3 values to describe color (e.g., RGB, HSV)
- Video:
 - 4th dimension is time. "Stack of images"
- Interesting thought:
 - View grayscale image as 3D where 3rd D is pixel value