CSSE 230 Day 19

More hash tables EditorTrees

Check out from SVN: HashSetExercise (individ repos)

Announcements

- See schedule page
- Google announces new hash function for Strings, reported to be 30-50% faster than others:

http://google-opensource.blogspot.com/2011/04/introducing-cityhash.html

Questions?

Review: hash codes distribute keys across an array

But if there's already an element at (hashCode() % m), we have a collision!



Collision Resolution: Linear Probing

- Collision? Use the next available space:
 - Try H+1, H+2, H+3, ...
 - Wraparound at the end of the array
- Problem: Clustering
- Animation:
 - http://www.cs.auckland.ac.nz/software/AlgAnim/h ash_tables.html

Linear Probing Efficiency

- Expected number of probes =
 - $\frac{1}{1-\lambda}$ ignoring clustering:
 - $\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\frac{1}{(1-\lambda)^2}\right)$ taking clustering into account
 - Recall λ is the load Factor
- Can we do better?

Quadratic Probing

- Linear probing:
 - Collision at H? Try H, H+1, H+2, H+3,...
- Quadratic probing:
 - Collision at H? Try H, H+1². H+2², H+3², ...
 - Eliminates primary clustering, but can cause "secondary clustering"

Quadratic Probing Tricks (1/2)

- Choose a prime number p for the array size
- Then if $\lambda \leq 0.5$:
 - Guaranteed insertion
 - If there is a "hole", we'll find it
 - No cell is probed twice
- See proof of Theorem 20.4:
 - Suppose that we repeat a probe before trying more than half the slots in the table
 - See that this leads to a contradiction
 - · Contradicts fact that the table size is prime

Quadratic Probing Tricks (2/2)

- Use an algebraic trick to calculate next index
 - Replaces mod and general multiplication
 - Difference between successive probes yields:
 - Probe i location, $H_{i} = (H_{i-1} + 2i 1) \% M$
 - Just use bit shift to "multiply" i by 2
 - Don't need mod, since i is at most M/2, so
 - probeLoc= probeLoc+ (i << 1) 1;
 if (probeLoc >= M)
 probeLoc -= M;

Quadratic probing analysis

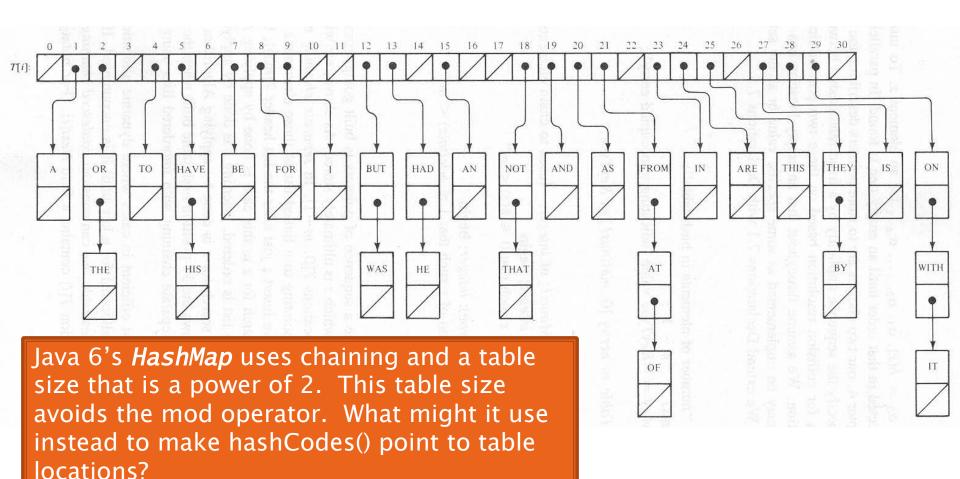
- No one has been able to analyze it!
- Experimental data shows that it works well
 - Provided that the array size is prime, and is the table is less than half full

Another Approach: Separate Chaining

- Use an array of linked lists
- How would that help resolve collisions?

Hashing with Chaining

(http://www.javaspecialists.eu/archive/Issue054.html)



Hash Table Exercise

~40 minutes
On a handout and in your repository
Do it with your "EditorTrees" team
There's a handout for everyone, but only one submission per
team

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