## Summary 5 - Methods: Returning Values and the void keyword

## What is this?

Some methods return a value, e.g. the *length* method of the String class:

```
String s = "Hello";
int x = s.length();
```

The above sets x to 5.

Other methods just "do" things and don't return a value, e.g. the *println* method of the PrintStream class:

```
System.out.println("Hello");
```

The above causes "Hello" to be printed, but nothing is returned from the call to the *println* method.

The keyword void indicates a method that does not return a value, e.g.

```
public void stop()
```

Pitfall: constructors never return a value, but must NOT have the void keyword in their definition. Here is a hard-to-spot error:

```
public void Eye() {
    ...
}
```

This looks like a constructor for the Eye class, but it is really a badly-named method!

## • Examples (from the Rectangle class documentation)

| double    | Returns the height of the bounding Rectangle in double precision.                |
|-----------|--|
| Point     | Returns the location of this Rectangle.  |
| Dimension | Gets the size of this Rectangle, represented by the returned Dimension.          |
| double    | Returns the width of the bounding Rectangle in double precision.                 |
| double    | Returns the X coordinate of the bounding Rectangle in double precision.          |
| double    | getY()   Returns the Y coordinate of the bounding Rectangle in double precision. |
| void      | grow(int h, int v) Resizes the Rectangle both horizontally and vertically.       |
|           |  |

Of the above methods, only the *grow* method does not return a value; the other methods return values, of various types.

- For further study:
  - Big Java, section 2.4 Method Parameters and Return Values
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