

**EXAM 1 – WRITTEN PORTION**

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

SECTION NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

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Written Portion	/ 50
Computer Portion	/ 50
Total	/ 100

USE MATLAB SYNTAX FOR ALL PROGRAMS AND COMMANDS YOU WRITE.

**Problem 1:** (4 points) Which of the following lines of code will not produce an error if used in MATLAB to assign the value of 10 to the given variable? Circle all options which will not produce an error.

- |                                   |                              |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| a) <code>dataPoint1 = 10;</code>  | d) <code>M*g = 10;</code>    |
| b) <code>10April2014 = 10;</code> | e) <code>sin_x = 10;</code>  |
| c) <code>T42v7 = 10;</code>       | f) <code>x-data = 10;</code> |

**Problem 2:** (4 points) The following code is run from the MATLAB editor:

```
clc
clear variables

filename = fopen('datafile.txt', 'wt');

Fred = 5;
Bob = 2*Fred;

fprintf('The value of y is %7.2f \n', y);
fclose(filename);
```

The user expected the file `datafile.txt` to contain the following line of text:

The value of y is 10.00

However, when the file is opened, the user finds it blank! Mark on the code the change(s) needed to fix the code so the expected output is written to the file `datafile.txt`.

**Problem 3:** (4 points) The code below successfully creates three vectors: `x_vec`, `f_vec`, and `g_vec`. The code is also supposed to plot `f_vec` and `g_vec` against `x_vec` (that is, `x_vec` is on the horizontal axis, and `f_vec` and `g_vec` are on the vertical axis), but MATLAB returns the error shown below and does not generate a plot. Fix the code so it produces the expected plot. (Do not worry about axis labels, a title, a legend, and line styles.)

```
clc
clear variables
close all
n = 1;
for x = -10:0.02:10
    x_vec(n) = x;
    f_vec(n) = x^2 + x;
    g_vec(n) = exp(-x) + sin(x/10);
    n = n + 1;
end

plot(x_vec, f_vec, g_vec)
```

## Command Window

```
Error using plot
Data must be a single matrix Y or a list of pairs X,Y.

Error in code (line 14)
plot(x_vec, f_vec, g_vec)
```

**Problem 4:** (4 points) Consider the code scrap shown below:

```
clc
clear variables
a=5;
b=10;
if (a > 5)
    fprintf('I like cats.\n');
elseif (b==10)
    fprintf('I like dogs.\n');
else
    fprintf('I like cats and dogs.\n');
end
```

What prints when we run this code? Circle the correct output.

- (a) I like cats.
- (b) I like dogs.
- (c) I like cats and dogs.
- (d) I like dogs.  
I like cats and dogs.

**Problem 5:** (4 points) What is  $y$  after we run the following code?

```
clc
clear variables
y = 1;
for i = 6:-2:2
    if i >= 3
        y = y + i;
    else
        y = y - i;
    end
end
```

- The program crashes.
- 2
- 1
- 7
- 9
- 11
- Other (explain): \_\_\_\_\_

**Problem 6:** (4 points) Suppose you have defined in MATLAB the row vector

$$v = [4 \ 2 \ -5 \ 8 \ -10]$$

If you issue the command  $z = \text{abs}(\min(v))$  in the Command Window, what is  $z$ ?

- |        |                             |
|--------|-----------------------------|
| a. -10 | g. 4                        |
| b. -8  | h. 5                        |
| c. -5  | i. 8                        |
| d. -4  | j. 10                       |
| e. -2  | k. MATLAB returns an error. |
| f. 2   |                             |

**Problem 7:** (4 points) The following code is supposed to create a time vector, but it gives the error shown. Fix the code to eliminate the error.

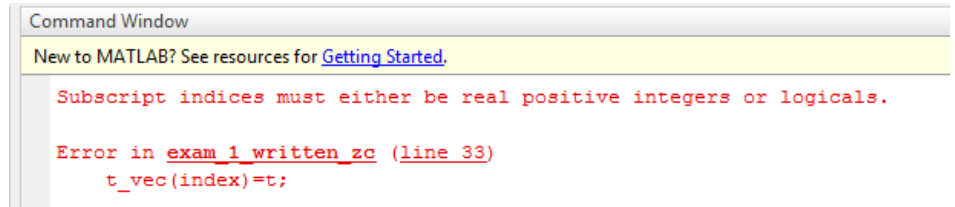
```
clc
clear variables

index=0;

deltat=0.001;

for t=0:deltat:1
    t_vec(index)=t;
    index=index+1;

end
```



Command Window

New to MATLAB? See resources for [Getting Started](#).

Subscript indices must either be real positive integers or logicals.

Error in exam\_1\_written\_zc (line 33)  
t\_vec(index)=t;

**Problem 8:** (4 points) The following code runs and does not give any errors, but it produces an empty plot. Fix the code so that it correctly produces a line on the plot. (Do not worry about the axis labels or titles.)

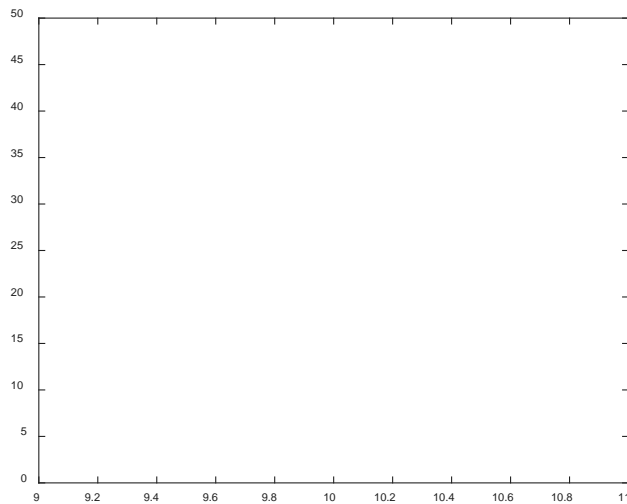
```
clc
clear variables
close all

i=0;

for t=0:10
    i=i+1;
    t2(i)=t;
    x(i)=1/2*t^2;

end

plot(t,x)
```



**Problem 9:** (4 points) What is the value of x after this code scrap is executed?

```
clc
clear variables

x = 0;
for dx = 1:5
    x = x + dx;
end
```

**Problem 10:** (4 points) Circle program which will properly calculate the following summation.

$$y = \sum_{k=2}^{12} 4^k$$

a. 

```
for k = 1:12
    y = y + k^4;
end
```

d. 

```
y = 0;
for k = 2:12
    y = y + 4^k;
end
```

b. 

```
y = 0;
for k = 2:12
    y = 4^k;
end
```

e. 

```
y = 0;
for k = 1:12
    y = y + 4^k;
end
```

c. 

```
y = 2;
for k = 2:12
    y = y + 4^k;
end
```

f. Other (explain):

**Problem 11:** (4 points) The following code is used to turn the matrix Fred into a different matrix named Bob.

```
clc
clear variables

Fred = [1 2 3; 4 5 6]
for i=1:3
    for j=1:2
        Bob(i,j) = Fred (j,i);
    end
end
```

In the space below, write down the resulting Bob matrix after the code executes. If you think that the script will produce an error message, write an "X".

**Problem 12:** (6 points) Write a scrap of code to ask the user to input two different numbers, one for player A and one for player B. The code should write to the command window whoever has the highest number. If the numbers are the same, the code should write that a tie occurred. Here is some code to get started

```
clc
clear variables

A = input('Enter a number for player A:');
```